SAFETY DATA SHEET
Pepsin Diluent (10x)

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: Pepsin Diluent (10x)
Part no.: K5731, K5733, K5799
Validation date: 11/18/2021

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses: Laboratory use
Container type: Bottle
K5731 // Pepsin Diluent (10x) // HER2 IQFISH pharmDx // 24 mL
K5733 // Pepsin Diluent (10x) // TOP2A IQFISH pharmDx // 24 mL
K5799 // Pepsin Diluent (10x) // Histology FISH Accessory Kit // 24 mL

Reference number: SDS298

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H314 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
H412 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Section 2. Hazards identification

2.2 GHS label elements

**Signal word**
Danger

**Hazard statements**
- H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

**Response**
- P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage**
- P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal**
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**
Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

2.3 Other hazards

**Hazards not otherwise classified**
Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**
Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>9002-92-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>&lt;0.025</td>
<td>55965-84-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness

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Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders:**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are present, the rescuer should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**Notes to physician:**
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments:**
No specific treatment.

**Skin contact**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

**Ingestion**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician:**
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments:**
No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders:**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are present, the rescuer should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides
- halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Specific storage conditions: Please consult the label. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from alkalis. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated 5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>None. None.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, furnace scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

- Physical state: Liquid.
- Color: Not available.
- Odor: Not available.
- Odor threshold: Not available.
- pH: 2
- Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range: Not available.

Flash point:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Closed cup</th>
<th></th>
<th>Open cup</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>°F</td>
<td>Method</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>53.1</td>
<td>17.2</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetic acid</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>102.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Evaporation rate: Not available.

Flammability: Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit: Not available.

Vapor pressure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Vapor Pressure at 20°C</th>
<th></th>
<th>Vapor pressure at 50°C</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm Hg</td>
<td>kPa</td>
<td>Method</td>
<td>mm Hg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Method</td>
<td>177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>23.8</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Method</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Relative vapor density: Not available.

Relative density: Not available.

Solubility: Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Miscible with water: Yes.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>371°C (699.8°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>456°C (852.8°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle characteristics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.
Reactives or incompatible with the following materials:
- alkalis
- oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>12800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.33 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>87.12 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>53 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

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**Section 11. Toxicological information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 750 ug</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 750 ug</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization**
Not available.

**Mutagenicity**
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**
Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**
Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**
Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.
- **Inhalation**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- **Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**
Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pepsin Diluent (10x)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>10605.6</td>
<td>12800</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue: 11/18/2021
## Section 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Crangon crangon</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 6460 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1500 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Salmo salar - Parr</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.19 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>Chronic NOEC &gt;0.0464 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO₂ Evolution Test</td>
<td>62% - Readily - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone</td>
<td>0.326</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

- **Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)**: Not available.

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- **Disposal methods**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
Section 13. Disposal considerations

Cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN2924</td>
<td>UN2924</td>
<td>UN2924</td>
<td>UN2924</td>
<td>UN2924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

If shipped as part of a kit "UN3316 (Chemical kit), Class 9, PG II" can be used. Precondition: UN3316 must be allowed for the remaining vials in same kit too.

DOT Classification:

- **Limited quantity** Yes.
- **Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 5 L.
- **Special provisions** IB2, T11, TP2, TP27

TDG Classification:

- Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).
- **Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 1
- **Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index** 1
- **Special provisions** 16

Mexico Classification:

- **Special provisions** 274

IMDG:

- **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-C
- **Special provisions** 274
Section 14. Transport information


**Special provisions** A3, A803

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**U.S. Federal regulations**

- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** Acetic acid; Hydrochloric acid
- **Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):** Listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:** Not listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:** Not listed
- **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):** Not listed
- **DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):** Not listed
- **SARA 302/304 Classification:** FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- **SARA 302 TPQ:** Yes.
- **SARA 302 RQ:** 500 - 5000

**Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>EHS</th>
<th>SARA 302 TPQ (lbs)</th>
<th>SARA 302 RQ (gallons)</th>
<th>SARA 304 RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>SARA 304 RQ (gallons)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrochloric acid</td>
<td>≤0.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 RQ: 15432098.8 lbs / 7006172.8 kg

**Date of issue:** 11/18/2021
Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Propan-2-ol                                                          | ≥25 - ≤50 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
|                                                                    |       | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
|                                                                    |       | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
|                                                                    |       | HNOC - Defatting irritant  
|                                                                    |       | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3  
|                                                                    |       | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2  
|                                                                    |       | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2  
|                                                                    |       | SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C  
|                                                                    |       | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
|                                                                    |       | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
|                                                                    |       | HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract |
| 5-Chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone | <0.025 |                                                                   |

State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPA NOL

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPA NOL; ISOPROPANOL

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: 2-PROPA NOL

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

Inventory list

**Australia** : Not determined.

**Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.

**China** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe** : Not determined.

**Japan** :

- **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Japan inventory (ISHL)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined.

**Turkey** : Not determined.

**United States** : Not determined.

**Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

*Date of issue: 11/18/2021*
Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

Date of issue : 11/18/2021
Date of previous issue : 05/20/2020
Version : 7

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
                       BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
                       GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
                       IATA = International Air Transport Association
                       IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
                       IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
                       LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
                       MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
                       as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
                       N/A = Not available
                       UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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