SAFETY DATA SHEET

Calibration Sample, SimDist (D2887E), Part Number CP741035

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Calibration Sample, SimDist (D2887E), Part Number CP741035
Part no. : CP741035
Material uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
  1 x 1 ml ampoule
  1 p/k
Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies, Inc.
  5301 Stevens Creek Blvd
  Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA
  800-227-9770
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

H225 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H302 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
H332 - ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
H315 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
H319 - EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H361 - TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
H335 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
H336 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
H372 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
H412 - AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
(cardiovascular system, central nervous system (CNS))
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements
Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
- P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
- P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage
- P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>80 - 100</td>
<td>75-15-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonane</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>111-84-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>111-65-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>142-82-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact
- Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Section 4. First-aid measures

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- **Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.
- **Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

- **Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- **Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.
- **Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- Carbon dioxide
- Carbon monoxide
- Sulfur oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for cleaning up**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 1 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 3.1 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 12 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 4 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 12 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 12 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 36 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance</td>
<td>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 1400 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 300 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>Absorbed through skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 176 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Environmental exposure controls | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| : | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 176 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| : | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 62.5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |

| Individual protection measures | Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |

| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |

| Skin protection | Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |

| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |

| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance**

- **Physical state**: Liquid. [Clear.]
- **Color**: Colorless.
- **Odor**: Odorless. / Garlic.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: -100°C (-148°F)
- **Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range**: 46°C (114.8°F)
- **Flash point**: Closed cup: -30°C (-22°F)
- **Evaporation rate**: 22.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- **Flammability**: Not applicable.
- **Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit**: Lower: 1.3%  
  Upper: 50%
- **Vapor pressure**: 20 kPa (300 mm Hg)
- **Relative vapor density**: 2.6 [Air = 1]
- **Relative density**: 1.26
- **Solubility**: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- **Miscible with water**: No.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: 90.05°C (194.1°F)
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not available.

**Particle characteristics**

- **Median particle size**: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
- Oxidizing materials
- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals.
- Incompatible with: Chlorine, nitrogen oxides, amines, Azides.

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>10.4 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1200 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17000 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3200 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>118 g/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>25260 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>103 g/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>48000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>169.2 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>48000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>15840 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>96 hours 300 uL</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Sensitization**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calibration Sample, SimDist (D2887E), Part Number CP741035</td>
<td>1264.4</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide nonane</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>10.4</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>15840</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>Acute EC50 21000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2100 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2.99 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Young</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oreochromis mullisonic</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.17 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>OECD 301D Ready</td>
<td>&gt;80 % - Readily - 7 days</td>
<td>5 mg/l</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aquatic half-life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon disulfide</td>
<td>1.94</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonane</td>
<td>5.65</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>5.18</td>
<td>198.7</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>4.66</td>
<td>552</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>501.187</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and
Section 13. Disposal considerations

its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1992</td>
<td>UN1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Carbon disulfide, n-Hexane)</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Carbon disulfide, n-Hexane)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3 (6.1)</td>
<td>3 (6.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proof of classification statement: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).

Additional information

TDG Classification: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index: 1
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index: 1
Special provisions: 16

IMDG: Emergency schedules: F-E, S-D
Special provisions: 274

Special provisions: A3
Remarks: De minimis quantities

Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not available.
Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: carbon disulphide
CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNEP Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
         Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand : Not determined.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/25/2021
Date of previous issue : 06/09/2020
Version : 8

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
N/A = Not available
# Section 16. Other information

**UN** = United Nations

## Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Narcotic effects) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## References

Not available.

![Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.]

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