SAFETY DATA SHEET



T7 Endonuclease I

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: 🏹 Endonuclease I
Part no.	: CP-END-U008
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Analytical reagent. 8 μl
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the sub	ostance or mixture
<mark>⊮</mark> 320	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

GHS	label	elements	

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: ₱320 - Causes eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	■ P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture			
Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Siycerol	Glycerol	≥30 - ≤60	56-81-5
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	Triton X-100	≥0.1 - ≤1	9002-93-1

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Inhalation ŝ. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and **Skin contact** 2 shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>2</u>
Eye contact	: 🖉 auses eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	icensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest.
	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in
	the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material,
	kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and
	can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ø Îycerol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 9/2023). TWAEV: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable mist TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total mist

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	ood general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure ntaminants.	to airborne			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measur					
Hygiene measures	ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical prod ting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per propriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminat ash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash static fety showers are close to the workstation location.	iod. ted clothing.			
Eye/face protection	fety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used wh sessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splash ses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be less the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemica ggles.	hes, mists, worn,			
Date of issue/Date of revision	05/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/09/2018 Version	:2 4/10			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	1	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	8
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	
		Ingredient nan
		Slycerol
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not applicable.

Ingredient name°C°FMethod°CØlycerol---177Not available.

Closed cup

Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor	pressure

:		Vapor	r <mark>Pressu</mark> i	re at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C			
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	water	17.5	2.3	-	92.258	12.3	-	
	Glycerol	0.000075	0.00001	-	0.0025	0.00033	-	

Relative vapor density Relative density : Not available.

: Not available.

Open cup

Method

°F

350.6



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Solubility(ies)		Media		Result	Result		
		water		Soluble			
Miscible with water	:	Yes.					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.					
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
		Øiycerol	370	698	-		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.					
Viscosity	1	Not available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sycerol Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	12600 mg/kg 1800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ølycerol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 uL	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	: May cause skin sensitization.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxicit	ty (single exposure)
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicit	v (repeated exposure)
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	- <u> </u>
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Lyccontact	irritation
	watering
	redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Dolovod and immediate affect	to and also obvious offects from about and long term evenesure
Short term exposure	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	· Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
F7 Endonuclease I, Part Number CP-END-U008	85725.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol	12600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	1800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Glycerol	Acute LC50 54000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	Acute LC50 5.85 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia rigaudi - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4500 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.004 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Gambusia holbrooki	96 hours 28 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Glycerol	301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	93 % - 30 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
olyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Siycerol Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	-1.76 4.86	-	Low High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and
	runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

TDG / IMDG / IATA : Not regulated.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI : None of the components are listed.
- **CEPA Toxic substances**
- None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Canada

- : 1
- **United States**
- : Not determined.
- : 🕅 components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/22/2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/09/2018
Version	: 2
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
YE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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