Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : 5X Inlet Buffers

Material uses : Analytical reagent.
DNF-325-0075 5x Inlet Buffer, 75mL
DNF-325-0010 5x Inlet Buffer, 10mL
DNF-355-0125 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 125mL
DNF-355-0300 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 300mL
DNF-355-0500 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 500mL
DNF-450-0300 5x 600mer DNA Inlet Buffer, 300mL

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies, Inc.
5301 Stevens Creek Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA
800-227-9770

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

H315 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
H319 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

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Version : 4
Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.4%

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5</td>
<td>121-44-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>10043-35-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>&lt;0.1</td>
<td>2682-20-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 4. First-aid measures

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing

- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness

- **Ingestion**: No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

- **Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- **Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.
- **Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable extinguishing media**: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.

- **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
  - In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
  - Decomposition products may include the following materials:
    - carbon dioxide
    - carbon monoxide
    - nitrogen oxides
    - sulfur oxides

- **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for cleaning up**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**
## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 5X Inlet Buffers | **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** Absorbed through skin.  
8 hrs OEL: 4.1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
8 hrs OEL: 1 ppm 8 hours.  
15 min OEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.  
15 min OEL: 12 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).** Absorbed through skin.  
TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours.  
STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** Absorbed through skin.  
TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours.  
STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** Absorbed through skin.  
TWAEV: 5 ppm 8 hours.  
TWAEV: 20.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEV: 61.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** Absorbed through skin.  
STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).**  
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable  
STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction  
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**  
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction.  
STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction. |

### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance
Physical state: Liquid.
Color: Not available.
Odor: Not available.
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: 7.15 to 7.55
Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range: Not available.
Flash point: Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Closed cup</th>
<th>Open cup</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>-21.67</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edetic acid</td>
<td>&gt;100</td>
<td>&gt;212</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit: Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Vapor pressure: Not available.

Relative vapor density: Not available.

Relative density: Not available.

Solubility: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Miscible with water: Yes.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Not available.

Particle characteristics: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>14469.944 mg/ m³</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>416 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>460 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mist</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>0.11 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>242 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Section 11. Toxicological information

### LD50 Oral
- Rat - Male, Female: 285.5 mg/kg

### Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>365 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Sensitization
- **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Skin**
- **Conclusion/Summary**: May cause skin sensitization.

### Mutagenicity
- **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Carcinogenicity
- **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity
- **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Teratogenicity
- **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
- **Aspiration hazard**: Not available.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure
- Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects
- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation**: May cause respiratory irritation.
- **Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

**Ingestion**
- No specific data.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**
- **General**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- **Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5X Inlet Buffers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>31726</td>
<td>28691.4</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>445.5</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>416</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>7.234972</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>2660</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>285.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>Acute LC50 45.5 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 133000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 75 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Pagrus major</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 6000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 2100 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>87 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.044 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 4.93 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>98 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---
Section 12. Ecological information

**Persistence and degradability**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO₂ Evolution Test</td>
<td>80 % - Readily - 29 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test</td>
<td>0 % - Not readily - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>&lt;0.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>-1.09</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>0.119</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

**TDG / IMDG / IATA** : Not regulated.

**Special precautions for user** : Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.
Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: triethylamine
CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNCECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.
Canada : All components are listed or exempted.
China : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe : At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS. Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.
Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/29/2021
Date of previous issue : 04/09/2021
Version : 4
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
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<tr>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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<tr>
<td>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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<tr>
<td>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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References: Not available.

Notice to reader

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