SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : 5X Conditioning Solutions
Part no. : DNF-425-0050, DNF-425-0010, DNF-475-0050, DNF-475-0100

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Analytical reagent.
DNF-425-0050 5x Conditioning Solution, 50mL
DNF-425-0010 5x Conditioning Solution, 10mL
DNF-475-0050 5x Capillary Conditioning Soln, 50mL
DNF-475-0100 5x Capillary Conditioning Soln, 100mL

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies Australia Pty Ltd
679 Springvale Road
Mulgrave
Victoria 3170, Australia
1800 802 402

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +(61)-290372994

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : !

Signal word : WARNING
Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Additional warning phrases : None known.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/04/2021
Date of previous issue : 03/06/2019
Version : 3
Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>&lt;0.1</td>
<td>2682-20-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

- irritation
- redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date of revision: 08/04/2021

Date of previous issue: 03/06/2019

Version: 3
### Section 4. First aid measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes to physician</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific treatments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No specific treatment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protection of first-aiders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extinguishing media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suitable extinguishing media</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition products may include the following materials:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon monoxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nitrogen oxides</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special protective actions for fire-fighters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For non-emergency personnel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| For emergency responders |
| If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |

| Environmental precautions |
| Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and material for containment and cleaning up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methods for cleaning up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). Skin sensitiser.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate engineering controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state: Liquid.
Colour: Not available.
Odour: Not available.
Odour threshold: Not available.

pH: 8.3
Melting point: 0°C (32°F)
Boiling point: 100°C (212°F)
Flash point: Not available.
Evaporation rate: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
Vapour pressure: Not available.
Vapour density: Not available.
Relative density: Not available.
Solubility: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.
Viscosity: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: May react or be incompatible with oxidising materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>0.11 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>242 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>285.5 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitisation

Not available.

##### Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause skin sensitisation.

##### Mutagenicity

Not available.

##### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

##### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

##### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

##### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

- **Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- **Eye contact**: No specific data.
- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - Irritation
  - Redness
- **Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

- **Short term exposure**: Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects**: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

**General**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>285.5</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water  
Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water  
Chronic NOEC 0.044 mg/l Fresh water  
Chronic NOEC 4.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  
Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  
Daphnia  
Fish | 48 hours  
96 hours  
21 days  
98 days |

### Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test</td>
<td>0 % - Not readily - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>0.119</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)**: Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
**Section 13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Section 14. Transport information**

**ADG / IMDG / IATA**

Not regulated as Dangerous Goods according to the ADG Code.

**Special precautions for user**

Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not available.

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

**Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons**

Not regulated.

**Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances**

No listed substance

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**Inventory list**

**Australia**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada**

All components are listed or exempted.

**China**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe**

At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS. Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

**Japan**

Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Republic of Korea**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Date of issue/Date of revision**: 08/04/2021

**Date of previous issue**: 03/06/2019

**Version**: 3
Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viet Nam</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

| Date of issue/Date of revision | 08/04/2021                           |
| Date of previous issue         | 03/06/2019                           |
| Version                       | 3                                    |

Key to abbreviations

ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
N/A = Not available
SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References

Not available.

Notice to reader

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