SAFETY DATA SHEET



Nitrosamine Checkout Mix 10 µg/L in MeOH, Part Number 5190-0489

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: Nitrosamine Checkout Mix 10 μg/L in MeOH, Part Number 5190-0489	
Part no.	: 5190-0489	
Validation date	: 5/12/2022	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Material uses	: Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use 5190-0489-1 Nitrosamine Checkout Mix 10 μg/L in MeOH 3 x 1.5 ml	
1.3 Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet	

no betand of the supplier	or the surety data sheet
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency	: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300
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Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1 Oldssincation of the	Substance of mixture
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the sub	ostance or mixture
H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

2.2 GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

H370



Signal word Hazard statements	r Highly flammable liquid and vapor. · H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in Causes damage to organs. (central n	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Wear protective gloves and protective Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, s s. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventila Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharg Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when usin	parks, open flames and other ignition ting or lighting equipment. es.

Section 2. Hazards identification

	P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P308 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P304 + P340, P311 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P361 + P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
2.3 Other hazards	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Methanol	≥90	67-56-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.	
Skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.	
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>itoms</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Formaldehyde.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials for		ontainment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions	Industrial applications, Professional applications.Not available.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 260 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineer controls	ng : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental expos controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection	<u>measures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Data of issue :	E/42/2022

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: -98°C (-144.4°F)
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 64.8°C (148.6°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 11.11°C (52°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 6.7% Upper: 36%
Vapor pressure	: 13.3 kPa (100 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 1.1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.791
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Miscible with water	: Yes.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385°C (725°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue :	05/12/2022	6/13
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.2 Chemical stabili	ity : The product is stable.	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	5.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	189.95 mg/l	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	83.84 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	40 mg 24 hours 20 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

- : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- Skin Eyes

: May cause eye irritation.

Not available.

Sensitization

: Not available.
: Not available.
: Repeated or pro damage.

: Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effec	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
Skin contact	 Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Nitrosamine Checkout Mix 10 µg/L in MeOH, Part Number 5190-0489 Methanol	100 100	300 300	N/A N/A	3 3	N/A N/A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision, Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

Section 12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Methanol	Acute EC50 2736 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	96 hours 48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours 96 hours	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Methanol	-0.77	<10	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

12.5 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Methanol (I); Methyl alcohol (I)	67-56-1	Listed	U154

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information							
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification			IATA		
UN number	UN1230	UN1230	UN1230	UN1230	UN1230		
UN proper shipping name	Methanol solution	METHANOL solution	METANOL solution	METHANOL solution	Methanol solution		
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)		
Packing group	11	П	11	П	11		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information

Remarks: Excepted Quantity

DOT Classification	:	Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [758.12 gal / 2869.8 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions IB2, T7, TP2
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 1 <u>Special provisions</u> 43
Mexico Classification	1	Special provisions 279
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, S-D Special provisions 279
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 352. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341. Special provisions A113
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

-	
15.1 Safety, health and envir	ronmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: 1-Nitrosopyrrolidine
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : Dimethylnitrosoamine; Nitrosodiphenylamine; Nitrosodipropylamine; 1-Nitrosopyrrolidine; 1-nitrosopiperidine; N-Nitrosodibutylamine; Ethylamine, N-methyl-N-nitroso-; Diethylnitrosoamine; Morpholine, N-nitroso-
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
CADA 202/204	

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

				SARA 302	TPQ	SARA 30	4 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Dimethylnitrosoamine		<0.001	Yes.	1000	118.7	10	1.2
SARA 304 RQ	: 793650793.7 lbs / 360317460.3 kg [120336034 gal / 455521441.6 L]						
SARA 311/312 Classification	: FLAMMABLE L		teaory)			
Classification	ACUTE TOXIC ACUTE TOXIC ACUTE TOXIC SPECIFIC TAR	ITY (oral) - C ITY (dermal) ITY (inhalatio	ategory - Categ n) - Ca	⁷ 3 Jory 3 tegory 3	E EXPOSUR	E) - Categ	ory 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Methanol		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Methanol	67-56-1	≥90
Supplier notification	Methanol	67-56-1	≥90

Date of issue : 05/12/2022	
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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: METHANOL; METHYL ALCOHOL
New York	: The following components are listed: Methanol
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: METHYL ALCOHOL; WOOD ALCOHOL; METHANOL
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: METHANOL

California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including N-Nitrosodimethylamine, N-nitrosodiphenylamine, N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine, N-Nitrosopyrrolidine, N-Nitrosopiperidine, N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine, N-Nitrosomethylethylamine, N-Nitrosodiethylamine and N-Nitrosomorpholine, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol	-	Yes.
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	Yes.	-
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosopiperidine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	Yes.	-
N-Nitrosomorpholine	Yes.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - C ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalatic SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN	ategory 3 - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue	: 05/12/2022	
Date of previous issue	: 01/06/2022	
Version	: 8	
Key to abbreviations	 a ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations 	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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