SAFETY DATA SHEET
ICP/MS Tuning Solution 1ug/L, Part Number 5185-5959

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name : ICP/MS Tuning Solution 1ug/L, Part Number 5185-5959
Part no. : 5185-5959

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
2 x 500 ml

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H290</td>
<td>CORROSIVE TO METALS</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H314</td>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements
Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response:
- P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients:
- nitric acid

Supplemental label elements:
- Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
- Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements:
- Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII:
- This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- Causes digestive tract burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures:
- Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type:
[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/05/2021
Date of previous issue: 16/09/2020
Version: 2
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact:
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation:
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact:
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion:
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders:
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:
Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact:
Causes severe burns.

Ingestion:
Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation:
No specific data.

Skin contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

Ingestion:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage**
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**
Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions**
Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitric acid</td>
<td>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 2.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Recommended monitoring procedures**
If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs**

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/05/2021  Date of previous issue: 16/09/2020  Version: 2  5/12
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nitric acid</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.65 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>1.3 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>2.6 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PNECs
No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Odour</th>
<th>Odour threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>&lt;2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>0°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>100°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising properties</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis metals. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nitric acid</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2500 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>130 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects
Potential delayed effects
Potential chronic health effects
General
Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity
Reproductive toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nitric acid</td>
<td>Acute LC50 180000 μg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 72 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nitric acid</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nitric acid</td>
<td>-0.21</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>): Not available.

Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Packaging
Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN number</td>
<td>UN3264</td>
<td>UN3264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (nitric acid, solution)</td>
<td>CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (nitric acid, solution)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information
ADR/RID: Hazard identification number 80
Limited quantity 5 L
Special provisions 274
Tunnel code (E)

IMDG: Emergency schedules F-A, S-B
Special provisions 223, 274

Special provisions A3, A803

14.6 Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed. 

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>EC number</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>Restriction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt</td>
<td>231-158-0</td>
<td>7440-48-4</td>
<td>28, 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Label**: Not applicable.

**Other EU regulations**

**Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)**
Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**
Not listed.

**Seveso Directive**
This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**
Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**
Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**
Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**
Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**
Not listed.

**Inventory list**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>All components are active or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viet Nam</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**
This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.
SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1, H314</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

- H272: May intensify fire; oxidiser.
- H290: May be corrosive to metals.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Met. Corr. 1</th>
<th>Ox. Liq. 2</th>
<th>Skin Corr. 1</th>
<th>Skin Corr. 1A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OXIDISING LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Date of previous issue : 16/09/2020
Version : 2

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