# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**OPA** Reagent

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: ØPA Reagent
Part no.	: 5061-3335
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use 6 x 1 ml ampoule
Uses advised against	: None known.
1.3 Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Agilent Technologies Deut Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8 76337 Waldbronn Germany 0800 603 1000	schland GmbH
e-mail address of persor responsible for this SDS	n : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418 number (with hours of operation)

,

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
Product definition	: Mixture	
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		
H290	CORROSIVE TO METALS	Category 1
H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)	Category 4
H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	Category 1A
H317	SKIN SENSITISATION	Category 1
H360FD	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY	Category 1B
H411	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	Category 2
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.		

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 1 - 10% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1 - 10%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H290 - May be corrosive to metals.</li> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>potassium hydroxide; boric acid; 3-mercaptopropionic acid; methanol and phthalaldehyde</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging require	ments
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Causes severe digestive tract burns.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
potassium hydroxide	EC: 215-181-3 CAS: 1310-58-3 Index: 019-002-00-8	≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1A, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 2\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/05/2024 Date of	orevious issue	: 13/03/2023	Version : 2	2/18

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

boric acid	EC: 233-139-2 CAS: 10043-35-3 Index: 005-007-00-2	≤5	Repr. 1B, H360FD	-	[1] [2]
3-mercaptopropionic acid	EC: 203-537-0 CAS: 107-96-0	≤3	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 96 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.818 mg/l	[1]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1	<3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 (central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve)	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300  mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l STOT SE 1, H370: C $\geq$ 10% STOT SE 2, H371: $3\% \leq C < 10\%$	[1] [2]
phthalaldehyde	EC: 211-402-2 CAS: 643-79-8	≤2.4	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 238.12 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic acid	EC: 206-370-1 CAS: 333-20-0 Index: 615-030-00-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 854 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l	[1] [2]
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	EC: 500-002-6 CAS: 9002-92-0	≤0.8	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 1000 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid I	me	asures
Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns. Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

	reduced foetal weight
	increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
<b>SECTION 5: Firefi</b>	ghting measures	

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>

5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Formaldehyde.

6.1 Personal precautions, p	rotective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.3 Methods and material fe	or containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

measures.

Storage : Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
potassium hydroxide	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
boric acid	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [borate compounds inorganic] Notes:
	Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [cyanides] Absorbed through skin.
acid	Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredi	ient name	Exposure indices	
Methanol		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	Standard EN 689 by inhalation to ch strategy) Europea application and us biological agents) requirements for t agents) Reference	be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure demical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement an Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the se of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General he performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical se to national guidance documents for methods for the determination stances will also be required.	

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
otassium hydroxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
boric acid	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.98 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.98 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	196 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	392 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.412 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Methanol	DNEL	Short term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

SECTION 8: Exposure co	ntrois/	personal prote	ection		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	26 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	26 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	26 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	130 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	130 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	130 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	130 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Phthalaldehyde	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.82 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.82 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.86 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	16.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic acid	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.167 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.167 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.467 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.64 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Individual protection measures

Date of issue/Date of revision . 08/05/2024 Date of previous issue . 15/05/2025 Version . 2	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/05/2024	Date of previous issue	: 13/03/2023	Version : 2	8/18
---	--------------------------------	--------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	------

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Yellow. [Light]
Odour	:	Slight
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	

	Clos	sed cup	Open cup		
Ingredient name	°C	Method	°C	Method	
methanol	9.7	Abel-Pensky	-	-	
phthalaldehyde	>110	Setaflash	-	-	

Auto-ignition	1	Ingredient name			c	C	Method	ł	
temperature		methanol			45	5	DIN 51794	1	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			I	I			
рН	:	10.4							
Viscosity	:	Not available.							
Solubility(ies)	:	Media				Result			
		water				Soluble			
Miscible with water	:	Yes.				l			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure	:	Vapour Pressure at 20°				C Vapour pressure at 50°C			
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		methanol	126.96329	16.9	-	-	-	-	
		water	17.5	2.3	-	92.25	8 12.3	-	
			、 _		4				
Evaporation rate	1	<1 (butyl acetate = 1	)						
		<1 (butyl acetate = 1 1.045	)						
Relative density			)						
Relative density Density	:	1.045	)						
Relative density Density Vapour density	::	1.045 1.045 g/cm³	)						
Relative density Density Vapour density Explosive properties		1.045 1.045 g/cm³ Not available.	)						
Evaporation rate Relative density Density Vapour density Explosive properties Oxidising properties Particle characteristics		1.045 1.045 g/cm <sup>3</sup> Not available. Not available.	)						

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
potassium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	273 mg/kg	-
boric acid	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male,	>2.12 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male,	1818 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	96 mg/kg	-
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	189.95 mg/l	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	83.84 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
Phthalaldehyde	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	238.12 mg/kg	-
alkali salts and alkali earth	LD50 Oral	Rat	854 mg/kg	-
salts of thiocyanic acid				
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1000 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ØPA Reagent	1715.2	13200.0	N/A	150.0	56.6
potassium hydroxide	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
boric acid	5100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	96	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.818
Methanol	100	300	N/A	3	N/A
Phthalaldehyde	238.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic acid	854	1100	N/A	N/A	1.5
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
potassium hydroxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Specific target organ to	xicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve
Phthalaldehyde	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

routes of exposure

Not available.

Information on likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns. Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate e	effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects	available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	available.	
Potential delayed effects	available.	
Potential chronic health e		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	available.	
General	ce sensitized, a severe allergic rea y low levels.	action may occur when subsequently exposed to
Carcinogenicity	known significant effects or critica	al hazards.
Mutagenicity	known significant effects or critica	al hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	y damage fertility. May damage th	e unborn child.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### **11.2.2 Other information**

Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision, Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
otassium hydroxide	Acute LC50 80 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
boric acid	Acute LC50 45.5 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 133000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pagrus major	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	87 days
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	Acute EC50 26 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 4.1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Methanol	Acute EC50 2736 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Phthalaldehyde	Acute EC50 90 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 20 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic acid	Acute LC50 11000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 20.8 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	124 days
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 6460 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
· · ·	Acute LC50 1500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Salmo salar - Parr	96 hours

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test		adily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
oric acid 3-Mercaptopropionic acid Methanol	- - -		-		Not rea Readily Readily	

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
boric acid	-1.09	-	Low
3-Mercaptopropionic acid	-2.32	-	Low
Methanol	-0.77	<10	Low
Phthalaldehyde	0.99	-	Low
alkali salts and alkali earth salts of thiocyanic acid	-2.52	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 13/03/2023 Version : 2 14/18

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1814	UN1814	UN1814
14.2 UN proper shipping name	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	Potassium hydroxide solution
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	11	П	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### **Additional information**

Remarks: De minimis quantities

ADR/RID	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li><u>Hazard identification number</u> 80</li> <li><u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L</li> <li><u>Tunnel code</u> (E)</li> </ul>		
IMDG	: The marine pollutant m Emergency schedules	ark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>s</u> F-A, S-B	
ΙΑΤΑ	transportation regulatio <u>Quantity limitation</u> Pa	ssenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851. L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities - Passenger ng instructions: Y840.	
14.6 Special precautions for user		<b>'s premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the spillage.	
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Proper shipping name Remarks	<ul> <li>Potassium hydroxide solution</li> <li>Liquid bulk cargoes: Ship type: 3 Pollution category: Y</li> </ul>	

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property			Date of revision
<b>b</b> oric acid	Toxic to reproduction	Recommended	ED/69/2013	7/1/2015

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/05/2024	Date of previous issue	: 13/03/2023	Version : 2	15/18
---	------------------------	--------------	-------------	-------

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Product / Ingredient name	Identifiers	Designation [Usage]		
ØPA Reagent	-	3		
		30		
boric acid	EC: 233-139-2	30		
	CAS: 10043-35-3			
	Index: 005-007-00-2			
Methanol	EC: 200-659-6	69		
	CAS: 67-56-1			

#### Label

: Restricted to professional users.

#### Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Listed
Ozone depleting substan	<u>ces (1005/2009/EU)</u>

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category	
E2	

#### National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	'.	borate compounds inorganic	Repro. Repr.1B	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list Australia

: All components are listed or exempted.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Canada	<ul> <li>At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.</li> </ul>
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still

#### assessment

1

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
acronyms	
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Met. Corr. 1, H290	Expert judgment
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/	05/2024 Date of previous issue : 13/03/2023 Version : 2 17/18

ØРА	Reagent
-----	---------

per a Neagent		
SECTION 16: Other information		
H370	Causes damage to organs.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

		-
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1		SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Met. Corr. 1		CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Repr. 1B		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT SE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
		Category 1
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
		Category 3
		Calegory 5
Date of issue/ Date of	: 08/05/2024	
revision		
Date of previous issue	: 13/03/2023	
Version	: 2	

#### Notice to reader

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.