SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: De-paraffinization reagent (d-limonene), Part Number 400809-7
Index number: 601-029-00-7
EC number: 227-813-5
CAS number: 5989-27-5
Part no.: 400809-7
Chemical formula: \( \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16} \)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses: De-paraffinization Reagent
150 ml De-paraffinization reagent (d-limonene) 400809-15

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mono-constituent substance
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Category 3
H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION Category 2
H317 SKIN SENSITISATION Category 1
H400 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD Category 1
H410 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD Category 1

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable liquid
- Corrosion
- Aquatic hazard

Signal word: Warning
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements
Prevention: P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response: P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage: Not applicable.

Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements
Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PBT</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>T</th>
<th>vPvB</th>
<th>vP</th>
<th>vB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other hazards which do not result in classification: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances: Mono-constituent substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>EC: 227-813-5 CAS: 5989-27-5 Index: 601-029-00-7</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type
[A] Constituent
[B] Impurity
[C] Stabilising additive
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

**Inhalation**: No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazard from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Special precautions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information: Combustible liquid

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

**Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

**Danger criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Notification and MAPP threshold</th>
<th>Safety report threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5c</td>
<td>5000 tonne</td>
<td>50000 tonne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>100 tonne</td>
<td>200 tonne</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**

Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions**

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**

No exposure limit value known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for...
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>4.76 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>8.33 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>33.3 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>0.111 mg/cm²</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>0.222 mg/cm²</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PNECs
No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls
Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection
Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 13/05/2021  Date of previous issue: 16/12/2018  Version: 3
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- Physical state: Liquid. [Oily liquid.]
- Colour: White to yellowish.
- Odour: Lemon-like.
- Odour threshold: 0.44 ppm
- pH: Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point: -78.35°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: 154.44°C
- Flash point: Closed cup: 46.111°C
  Open cup: 50°C
- Evaporation rate: <1 (Water = 1 = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Lower: 0.7%
  Upper: 6.1%
- Vapour pressure: 0.27 kPa [room temperature]
  1.1 kPa [50°C]
- Vapour density: 0.012 [Air = 1]
- Relative density: 0.84
- Density: 0.84 g/cm³ [20°C]
- Solubility(ies): Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 4.38
- Auto-ignition temperature: 237°C
- Decomposition temperature: Not available.
- Viscosity: Dynamic (room temperature): 0.85 mPa·s
- Explosive properties: Not available.
- Oxidising properties: Not available.

9.2 Other information

Solubility in water: 0.0123 g/l

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
  - oxidising materials
  - Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4400 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>4400</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 10 %</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.

Ingestion: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

iritation

redness
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>Acute EC50 0.214 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 421 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.08 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test</td>
<td>80 % - 28 days</td>
<td>2 mg/l</td>
<td>Activated sludge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>4.38</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): Not available.
Mobility: Not available.
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>PBT</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>T</th>
<th>vPvB</th>
<th>vP</th>
<th>vB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)-p-Mentha-1,8-diene</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
- Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste
- The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging
- Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN number</td>
<td>UN2052</td>
<td>UN2052</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>DIPENTENE solution</td>
<td>DIPENTENE solution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information
- ADR/RID: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
  - Hazard identification number: 30
  - Limited quantity: 5 L
  - Tunnel code: (D/E)
- IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
  - Emergency schedules: F-E, S-E
De-paraffinization reagent (d-limonene), Part Number 400809-7

SECTION 14: Transport information

| IATA | : TRANSPORT WITHIN USER’S PREMISES: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | | |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : Not available. |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture | |
| EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) | |
| Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation | |
| Annex XIV | None of the components are listed. |
| Substances of very high concern | None of the components are listed. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | Not applicable. |
| Label | |

| Other EU regulations | |

| Seveso Directive | |
| This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. |

| Danger criteria | |
| Category | |
| P5c | |
| E1 | |

| International regulations | |
| Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals | Not listed. |
| Montreal Protocol | Not listed. |
| UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals | Not listed. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 13/05/2021 |
| Date of previous issue | : 16/12/2018 |
| Version | : 3 |
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Inventory list
Australia: This material is listed or exempted.
Canada: This material is listed or exempted.
China: This material is listed or exempted.
Europe: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan: Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.
          Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.
New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.
Thailand: Not determined.
Turkey: This material is listed or exempted.
United States: This material is active or exempted.
Viet Nam: This material is listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</td>
<td>Regulatory data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td>
<td>Regulatory data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
<td>Regulatory data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)</td>
<td>Regulatory data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)</td>
<td>Regulatory data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Acute 1: SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1: SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

Date of issue/ Date of revision: 13/05/2021
Date of previous issue: 16/12/2018
SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

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