SAFETY DATA SHEET
Extended Mass Tune Solution Kit, Part Number 393211901

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier
Product name : Extended Mass Tune Solution Kit, Part Number 393211901
Part no. : 393211901
Validation date : 9/29/2021

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
Extended Mass Tune Solution Kit       393211901-1       3 x 9 ml

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies, Inc.
5301 Stevens Creek Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA
800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number
In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

H224    FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1
H301    ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
H311    ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
H331    ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
H315    SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
H319    EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H360    TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
H370    SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
H335    SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
H336    SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
H373    SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

2.2 GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Danger

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements :
H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370 - Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve)
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)

Precautionary statements

Prevention :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response :
P308 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P304 + P340, P311 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P361 + P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage :
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal :
P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified :
None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture :
Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>75-05-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation**: Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- **Skin contact**: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
- **Ingestion**: Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

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Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increased fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increased fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician**
- In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon dioxide
  - carbon monoxide
  - nitrogen oxides
  - cyanides
  - Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark: Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions:
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations:
Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions:
Not available.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 105 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 34 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance
Physical state: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color: Colorless.
Odor: Characteristic.
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point: -69.93 to -45°C (-93.9 to -49°F)
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range: 18.33 to 82.22°C (65 to 180°F)
Flash point: Closed cup: 11.11°C (52°F)
Open cup: 5.56°C (42°F)
Evaporation rate: 4.6 to 5.79 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit: Lower: 4.4 to 6%
Upper: 16 to 36%
Vapor pressure:
### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relative vapor density</th>
<th>: 1.11 to 1.42 [Air = 1]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>: 0.783 to 0.7914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>: 0.783 to 0.7914 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscible with water</td>
<td>: Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>: Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>: Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle characteristics</td>
<td>: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median particle size</td>
<td>: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, metals, acids and alkalis.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**
### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### LC50 Inhalation Vapor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>189.95 mg/l</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>145000 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>83.84 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>64000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>15800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5600 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17100 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2460 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### LD50 Dermal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>15800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2460 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### LD50 Oral

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2460 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2460 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposition</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>100 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>20 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>100 uL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin**: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**
- Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation**
- Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**
- Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**
- Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**General**
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Carcinogenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity**: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extended Mass Tune Solution Kit, Part Number 393211901</td>
<td>204</td>
<td>577.3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other information**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision, eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage.

Section 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 2736 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Danio rerio - Egg</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute IC50 3685000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 3600000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1000000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1600000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Acute IC50 3685000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1600000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO₂ in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)</td>
<td>70 % - Readily - 21 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Activated sludge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>-0.77</td>
<td>&lt;10</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>-0.34</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 12. Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient ($K_{OC}$) : Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Reference number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol (l); Methyl alcohol (l)</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td>U154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile (l,T)</td>
<td>75-05-8</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td>U003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol, Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol, Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>LIQUIDO INFLAMABLE, TOXICO, N.E.P. (Methanol, Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol, Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol, Acetonitrile)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of issue :</td>
<td>09/29/2021</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>3 (6.1)</th>
<th>3 (6.1)</th>
<th>3 (6.1)</th>
<th>3 (6.1)</th>
<th>3 (6.1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional information**

Remarks: Excepted Quantity

**DOT Classification**

- **Reportable quantity**: 12224.9 lbs / 5550.1 kg [1862.5 gal / 7050.5 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- **Limited quantity**: Yes.
- **Quantity limitation**: Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L.
- **Special provisions**: IB2, T7, TP2, TP13

**TDG Classification**

- Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).
- **Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index**: 1
- **Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index**: 1
- **Special provisions**: 16

**Mexico Classification**

- **Special provisions**: 274

**IMDG**

- **Emergency schedules**: F-E, S-D
- **Special provisions**: 274

**IATA**

- **Special provisions**: A3

**Special precautions for user**

- **Transport within user’s premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

- **Not available.**

Section 15. Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**U.S. Federal regulations**

- **TSCA 8(a) PAIR**: Acetonitrile
- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 307**: Acetonitrile
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: Acetic acid

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**

- **Listed**

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**

- **Not listed**

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**

- **Not listed**

**Date of issue**: 09/29/2021
Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304
Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.
SARA 311/312
Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Methanol      | ≥25 - ≤50 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
               |         | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
               |         | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
               |         | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
               |         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
               |         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
               |         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
               |         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
| Acetonitrile  | ≥25 - ≤50 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
               |         | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
               |         | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
               |         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SARA 313

Product name | CAS number | %      |
-------------|------------|--------|
Form R - Reporting requirements Methanol | 67-56-1 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | 75-05-8 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | Acetonitrile | 67-56-1 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | 75-05-8 | ≥25 - ≤50
Supplier notification Methanol | 67-56-1 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | 75-05-8 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | Acetonitrile | 67-56-1 | ≥25 - ≤50
     | 75-05-8 | ≥25 - ≤50

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations
Massachusetts : The following components are listed: METHANOL; METHYL ALCOHOL; ACETONITRILE
New York : The following components are listed: Methanol; Acetonitrile; Ethanenitrile; Methyl cyanide

Date of issue : 09/29/2021
Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey: The following components are listed: METHYL ALCOHOL; WOOD ALCOHOL; METHANOL; ACETONITRILE; METHYL CYANIDE; CYANOMETHANE

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: METHANOL; ACETONITRILE

California Prop. 65

⚠️ WARNING: This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>No significant risk level</th>
<th>Maximum acceptable dosage level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia: Not determined.
Canada: Not determined.
China: Not determined.
Europe: Not determined.
Japan: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: Not determined.
Philippines: Not determined.
Republic of Korea: Not determined.
Taiwan: Not determined.
Thailand: Not determined.
Turkey: Not determined.
United States: Not determined.
Viet Nam: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Date of issue: 09/29/2021
Section 16. Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

- Date of issue: 09/29/2021
- Date of previous issue: 12/23/2020
- Version: 6
- Key to abbreviations:
  - ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
  - BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
  - GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
  - IATA = International Air Transport Association
  - IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
  - IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
  - LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
  - N/A = Not available
  - UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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