SAFETY DATA SHEET



GeneJammer Transfection Reagent, Part Number 204130

Section 1. Identification

| Product identifier | : GeneJammer Transfection Reagent, Part Number 204130 |
|--|---|
| Part no. | : 204130 |
| Relevant identified uses of | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Identified uses | Analytical reagent. 1 ml GeneJammer Transfection Reagent 204130-21 |
| Supplier/Manufacturer | : Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300 |

Section 2. Hazard identification

| Classification of the substa | ance or mixture |
|------------------------------|---|
| ₩225 H319 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | : ₩225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | ₱280 - Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | F305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture : Mixt | ure | | |
|--------------------------|----------|---------|------------|
| Ingredient name | Synonyms | % (w/w) | CAS number |
| Ethanol | Ethanol | ≥80 | 64-17-5 |

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

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|--|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|------|
|--|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|------|

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

| Description of necessary firs | t aid measures |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | o <u>ms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|--|---|
| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|--|
| ₽thanol | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| | limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
|------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Individual protection measu | <u>ires</u> | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Physical state | : 🗾 [Clear. / solution] | |
| Color | : Not available. | |
| Odor | : Not available. | |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. | |
| рН | : Not available. | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. | |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : 78°C (172.4°F) | |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F) | |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. | |
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: 06/30/2023 Date of previous issue

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Flammability | 4 | Not applicable. | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|-----|---------|-----------|
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | 1 | Not available. | | | |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | <mark>≸.</mark> 9 kPa (44.6 mm Hg) | | | |
| Relative vapor density | 1 | Not available. | | | |
| Relative density | 1 | 0.7906 | | | |
| Density | 1 | 0.7906 g/cm ³ | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | Media | | Result | |
| | | water | | Soluble | |
| Miscible with water | : | Yes. | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 4 | Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
| | | ₽ thanol | 455 | 851 | DIN 51794 |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | | |
| Viscosity | : | Not available. | | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | | |
| Median particle size | 1 | Not applicable. | | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| Ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Sco | ore | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| ₽thanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | | mg 0.066666667 | - |
| | | | | | minutes 100 | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | | mg 100 uL | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | |
| Skin | : Repeated exposure ma | ay cause ski | n dryness | or cracl | king. | |
| Sensitization | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Mutagenicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | | |
| Classification | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | | IA | RC | NTP | | ACGIH |
| Ethanol | | 1 | | - | | A3 |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | | | |
| Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> ity (repeated exposure) | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. | <u>ity (single exposure)</u> | ated: Oral, D | ermal, Inh | nalation, | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipa | ated: Oral, D | ermal, Inh | nalation, | Eyes. | |
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| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipa | tation. | | | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipa ts : Causes serious eye irri | tation. fects or criti | cal hazard | ls. | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. nformation on the likely outes of exposure Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipa ts : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant ef | tation. fects or criti fects or criti | cal hazard | ls. Is. | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. nformation on the likely outes of exposure Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipation : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant ef | tation. fects or criti fects or criti fects or criti | cal hazard cal hazard cal hazard | ls. Is. Is. | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Symptoms related to the physical Symptoms relate | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipation : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant ef | tation. fects or criti fects or criti fects or criti ological cha | cal hazard cal hazard cal hazard aracterist | ls. ls. ls. <u>ics</u> | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. nformation on the likely outes of exposure Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipation : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant efficient efficient : No known significant efficient : No known significant : No | tation. fects or criti fects or criti fects or criti ological cha | cal hazard cal hazard cal hazard aracterist | ls. ls. ls. <u>ics</u> | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. nformation on the likely outes of exposure Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipates : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant efficient eff | tation. fects or criti fects or criti fects or criti ological cha | cal hazard cal hazard cal hazard aracterist | ls. ls. ls. <u>ics</u> | Eyes. | |
| Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available. Specific target organ toxic Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Symptoms related to the physical Symptoms relate | ity (single exposure) ity (repeated exposure) ity (repeated exposure) : Routes of entry anticipation : Causes serious eye irri : No known significant efficient efficient : No known significant efficient : No known significant : No | tation. fects or criti fects or criti fects or criti ological cha | cal hazard cal hazard cal hazard aracterist | ls. ls. ls. <u>ics</u> | Eyes. | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | (mg/kg) | (3) / | (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|---------|-------|--------------------|--|
| Ethanol | 7000 | N/A | N/A | 124.7 | N/A |

Other information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: liver abnormalities Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| Ethanol | Acute EC50 3306 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1074 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5680 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 11000000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - Alburnus alburnus | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water | Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 96 hours 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Ethanol | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential | | |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|--|--|
| Ethanol | -0.35 | 0.5 | Low | | |

| Mot | oility | in | soil |
|-----|--------|----|------|
| | | | |

coefficient (Koc)

Soil/water partition : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| Not | regulated. |
|----------|------------|
| 1101 | regulateu. |

Additional information

TDG / IMDG / IATA

Remarks: De minimis quantities

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

- : The following components are listed: ethanol
- CEPA Toxic substances : Non
- : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

| Canada | : All components are listed or exempted. |
|---------------|--|
| United States | : 🕅 components are active or exempted. |

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 06/30/2023 |
| Date of previous issue | : 01/03/2020 |
| Version | : 7 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 | On basis of test data |
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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