

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Seahorse XF Glycolytic Rate Assay Kit, Part Number 103344-100

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Seahorse XF Glycolytic Rate Assay Kit, Part Number 103344-100	
CAS number	: 2-deoxyglucose	154-17-6
	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable.
Part no. (chemical kit)	: 103344-100	
Part no.	: 2-deoxyglucose	Not available.
	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses	: For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures (RUO).	
	2-deoxyglucose	6 x 246.24 mg
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	6 x 5.725 mg

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	: 2-deoxyglucose	Mono-constituent substance
	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

**Antimycin A/
Rotenone**

H400	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD	Category 1
H410	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	Category 1

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Antimycin A/ Rotenone Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1 - 10%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms : Antimycin A/ Rotenone



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No signal word. Warning
Hazard statements	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No known significant effects or critical hazards. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Disposal	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Special packaging requirements		
Tactile warning of danger	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-deoxyglucose	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Antimycin A/ Rotenone This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : 2-deoxyglucose
Antimycin A/ Rotenone None known.
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances : 2-deoxyglucose Mono-constituent substance
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
2-deoxyglucose 2-deoxy-D-glucose	EC: 205-823-0 CAS: 154-17-6	100	Not classified.	[A]
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Sodium chloride	EC: 231-598-3 CAS: 7647-14-5	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Antimycin A	CAS: 1397-94-0	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 2, H300 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

(2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	EC: 201-501-9 CAS: 83-79-4 Index: 650-005-00-2	≤0.3	(M=10000) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10000) Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy
- [A] Constituent
- [B] Impurity
- [C] Stabilising additive

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: 2-deoxyglucose	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: 2-deoxyglucose	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: 2-deoxyglucose	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific data. No specific data.
Inhalation	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific data. No specific data.
Skin contact	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific data. No specific data.
Ingestion	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific data. No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific treatment. No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	None known. None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders : 2-deoxyglucose If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Antimycin A/ Rotenone If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : 2-deoxyglucose Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Antimycin A/ Rotenone Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : 2-deoxyglucose Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Antimycin A/ Rotenone Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : 2-deoxyglucose Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Antimycin A/ Rotenone Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : 2-deoxyglucose Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Antimycin A/ Rotenone Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage :

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

2-deoxyglucose	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Storage temperature: room temperature. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Antimycin A/ Rotenone E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: 2-deoxyglucose	Industrial applications, Professional applications.
	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Industrial applications, Professional applications.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: 2-deoxyglucose	Not available.
	: Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Antimycin A/ Rotenone (2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020). OELV-8hr: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Sodium chloride	DNEL	Short term Oral	126.65 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	126.65 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	126.65 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	126.65 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	295.52 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	295.52 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	443.28 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	443.28 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2068.62 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2068.62 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Solid. Solid.
Colour	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. White.
Odour	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Odourless.
Odour threshold	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	146 to 147°C Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Flash point	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
pH	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Viscosity	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Evaporation rate	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Relative density	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Vapour density	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: 2-deoxyglucose Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Not available. Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: 2-deoxyglucose	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: 2-deoxyglucose	The product is stable.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: 2-deoxyglucose	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: 2-deoxyglucose	No specific data.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: 2-deoxyglucose	May react or be incompatible with oxidising materials.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	May react or be incompatible with oxidising materials.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: 2-deoxyglucose	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
	Antimycin A/ Rotenone	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Antimycin A/ Rotenone				
Sodium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
Antimycin A	LD50 Oral	Rat	28 mg/kg	-
(2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	25 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Antimycin A/ Rotenone					
Antimycin A/ Rotenone	9000.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sodium chloride	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antimycin A	28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Sodium chloride	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
(2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one					

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Antimycin A/ Rotenone (2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: 2-deoxyglucose Not available.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : 2-deoxyglucose No specific data.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No specific data.

Ingestion : 2-deoxyglucose No specific data.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No specific data.

Skin contact : 2-deoxyglucose No specific data.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No specific data.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact : 2-deoxyglucose No specific data.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : 2-deoxyglucose No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Sodium chloride	Acute EC50 2430000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 519.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 402.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute IC50 6.87 g/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic LC10 781 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 6 g/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.314 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Adult	8 weeks
	Antimycin A (2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	Acute EC50 0.024 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Penaeus duorarum
Acute LC50 0.000019 mg/l Fresh water		Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute EC50 190 µg/l Fresh water		Crustaceans - Simocephalus serrulatus - Larvae	48 hours
Acute EC50 3.7 µg/l Fresh water		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 1.9 ppb Fresh water		Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.3 ppb Fresh water		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Chronic NOEC 1.01 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	32 days	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Antimycin A/ Rotenone (2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one	4.1	25.7	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-deoxyglucose 2-deoxyglucose	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3316	UN3316	UN3316
14.2 UN proper shipping name	CHEMICAL KIT	CHEMICAL KIT	Chemical kit

Seahorse XF Glycolytic Rate Assay Kit, Part Number 103344-100

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 90

Limited quantity See SP 251

Special provisions 251, 340, 671

Tunnel code (E)

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules F-A, _S-P_

Special provisions 251, 340

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 10 kg. Packaging instructions: 960.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 10 kg. Packaging instructions: 960. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 kg. Packaging instructions: Y960.

Special provisions A44, A163

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Label : 2-deoxyglucose Not applicable.
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

Antimycin A/ Rotenone
E1

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Seahorse XF Glycolytic Rate Assay Kit, Part Number 103344-100

SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

[Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation \(EC\) No. 1272/2008 \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Classification	Justification
Antimycin A/ Rotenone Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method Calculation method

[Full text of abbreviated H statements](#)

Antimycin A/ Rotenone H300 H301 H315 H319 H335 H400 H410	Fatal if swallowed. Toxic if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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[Full text of classifications \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Antimycin A/ Rotenone Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Version : 1

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