Agilent dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp)

Kit Guide

For Research Use Only.
Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1–500 bp) 500 Samples (Part # DNF-905-K0500)
dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1–500 bp) 1,000 Samples (Part # DNF-905-K1000)
Notices

Manual Part Number
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1 Agilent dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp)

The DNF-905 reagent kit from Agilent is for the analysis of dsDNA fragments between 1 bp and 500 bp. Sizing and relative quantification between samples can be obtained using this kit. Example applications include general PCR fragment sizing and QC, and genotyping.

When using the 55 cm effective, 80 cm total length “long” capillary array and its associated method, the DNF-905 Reagent Kit is capable of at least 3-5 bp separation resolution at 300 bp. When using the 33 cm effective, 55 cm total length “short” capillary array and its method, 5 bp resolution at 300 bp can be achieved. Using the “ultra-short” 22 cm effective, 47 cm total length capillary array and method (12-capillary systems only), 8 - 10 bp resolution at 300 bp can be obtained.

Table 1  Physical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample Volume Required</td>
<td>2 µL (adjustable depending upon sample concentration)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Number of Samples per Run   | 12-Capillary: 11 (+ 1 well DNA Ladder) or 12 (Imported DNA Ladder)<sup>2</sup>  
48-Capillary: 47 (+ 1 well DNA Ladder) or 48 (Imported DNA Ladder)<sup>2</sup>  
96-Capillary: 95 (+ 1 well DNA Ladder) or 96 (Imported DNA Ladder)<sup>2</sup> |
| Total Electrophoresis Run Time | 28 min (22-47 Array)<sup>3</sup>  
60 min (33-55 Array)  
80 min (55-80 Array) |

Table 2  Analytical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNA Sizing Range</td>
<td>35 bp – 500 bp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNA Sizing Precision&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>2% CV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNA Sizing Accuracy&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>± 5% or better</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Separation Resolution       | 8 - 10 bp @ 300 bp (22-47 Array)<sup>3</sup>  
5 bp @ 300 bp (33-55 Array)  
3-5 bp @ 300 bp (55-80 Array) |
| DNA Fragment Concentration Range<sup>1</sup> | 0.5 ng/µL – 50 ng/µL input DNA (adjustable by dilution of sample) |

<sup>1</sup> Results using DNA Ladder or DNA Fragment standards initially prepared in 1x TE buffer.
<sup>2</sup> Refer to section Marker/Ladder/Sample Preparation for information on using an imported DNA Ladder.
<sup>3</sup> The 22 cm effective, 47 cm total length capillary is only available for 12-capillary Fragment Analyzer instruments.
Table 3  Storage Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Store at –20°C:</th>
<th>Store at 4°C (DO NOT FREEZE):</th>
<th>Store at Room Temperature (DO NOT FREEZE):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 bp and 500 bp Markers, 10% Formamide</td>
<td>dsDNA 905 Separation Gel</td>
<td>5x Capillary Conditioning Solution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 - 400 bp Range DNA Ladder</td>
<td>5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer</td>
<td>Mineral Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intercalating Dye</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer 1x TE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ensure all reagents are completely warmed to room temperature prior to use.

dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp), 500 Samples (Part # DNF-905-K0500)

Table 4  Kit Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNF-905-0240</td>
<td>dsDNA 905 Separation Gel</td>
<td>240 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-600-U030</td>
<td>Intercalating Dye</td>
<td>30 µL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-355-0125</td>
<td>5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer</td>
<td>125 mL (dilute with sub-micron filtered water prior to use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-475-0050</td>
<td>5x Capillary Conditioning Solution</td>
<td>50 mL (dilute with sub-micron filtered water prior to use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS-SLR905-0001</td>
<td>35 - 400 bp Range DNA Ladder</td>
<td>1.0 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS-MRK900F-0003</td>
<td>1 bp and 500 bp Markers, 10% Formamide*</td>
<td>3.2 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS-SMO15</td>
<td>Mineral Oil Dropper Bottle</td>
<td>15 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-495-0060</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer 1x TE</td>
<td>60 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* These components contain 10% Formamide. Refer to the product material safety datasheets for safety and handling information.
**dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp), 1,000 Samples (Part # DNF-905-K1000)**

**Table 5  Kit Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNF-905-0500</td>
<td>dsDNA 905 Separation Gel</td>
<td>500 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-600-U030</td>
<td>Intercalating Dye</td>
<td>30 µL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-355-0300</td>
<td>5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer</td>
<td>300 mL (dilute with sub-micron filtered water prior to use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-475-0100</td>
<td>5x Capillary Conditioning Solution,</td>
<td>100 mL (dilute with sub-micron filtered water prior to use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS-SLR905-0001</td>
<td>35-400 bp DNA Ladder</td>
<td>1.0 mL x 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 35 bp – 400 bp; 2.0 ng/µL total DNA concentration in 1x TE buffer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FA-MRK900F-0003</td>
<td>Markers, 1 bp &amp; 500 bp, 10% Formamide*</td>
<td>3.2 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Lower Marker (set to 1 bp) and Upper Marker (500 bp; at 0.5 ng/µL) in 1x TE buffer with 10% Formamide</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS-SMO15</td>
<td>Mineral Oil Dropper Bottle</td>
<td>15 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNF-495-0125</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer 1x TE</td>
<td>125 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* These components contain 10% Formamide. Refer to the product material safety datasheets for safety and handling information.

**WARNING**

Working with Formamide

The following kit component contains 10% Formamide and handling of the component might hold health risks:

Markers, 1 bp & 500 bp (Part # FA-MRK900F-0003)

- Refer to product material safety datasheets for further chemical and biological safety information.
- Follow the appropriate safety procedures such as wearing goggles, safety gloves and protective clothing.

**WARNING**

Working with Chemicals

The handling of reagents and chemicals might hold health risks.

- Refer to product material safety datasheets for further chemical and biological safety information.
- Follow the appropriate safety procedures such as wearing goggles, safety gloves and protective clothing.
2 Additional Material and Equipment Required

Material and Equipment Required for Analysis with the Fragment Analyzer System

Hardware:
- Fragment Analyzer with LED fluorescence detection:
  - 5200 Fragment Analyzer (Part # M5310AA)
    - FA 12-Capillary Array Ultrashort, 22cm (Part # A2300-1250-2247), OR
    - FA 12-Capillary Array Short, 33cm (Part # A2300-1250-3355), OR
    - FA 12-Capillary Array Long, 55cm (Part # A2300-1250-5580)
  - 5300 Fragment Analyzer (Part # M5311AA)
    - FA 48-Capillary Array Short, 33cm (Part # A2300-4850-3355) OR
    - FA/ZAG 96-Capillary Array Short, 33cm (Part # A2300-9650-3355) OR
    - FA/ZAG 96-Capillary Array Long, 55cm (Part # A2300-9650-5580)
  - 5400 Fragment Analyzer (Part # M5312AA)
    - FA/ZAG 96-Capillary Array Short, 33cm (Part # A2300-9650-3355) OR
    - FA/ZAG 96-Capillary Array Long, 55cm (Part # A2300-9650-5580)

Software:
- Fragment Analyzer instrument control software (version 1.1.0.11 or higher)
- ProSize data analysis software (version 2.0.0.61 or higher)

Reagents:
- Capillary Storage Solution, 100 mL (Part #GP-440-0100)
Additional Equipment/Reagents Required (Not Supplied)

- 96-well PCR sample plates. Please refer to Appendix 3 – Fragment Analyzer Compatible Plates and Tubes in the Fragment Analyzer User Manual for a complete approved sample plate list.
- Multichannel pipettor(s) and/or liquid handling device capable of dispensing 1 – 100 µL volumes (sample plates) and 1,000 µL volumes (Inlet Buffer plate)
- Pipette tips
- 96-well plate centrifuge (for spinning down bubbles from sample plates)
- Sub-micron filtered DI water system (for diluting the 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer and 5x Capillary Conditioning Solutions, and for preparing optional Water Dip plate)
- Fisherbrand 96 DeepWell 1mL Plate, Natural Polypropylene, part # 12-566-120 (Inlet Buffer and waste plate)
- Reagent Reservoir, 50 mL (VWR 82026-355 or similar) (for use in pipetting Inlet Buffer plates/sample trays)
- Conical centrifuge tubes for prepared dsDNA Gel/Dye mixture and/or 1x Capillary Conditioning Solution
- 250 mL (for 96-Capillary instruments or larger volumes): Corning #430776, available from Fisher #05-538-53 or VWR #21008-771
- 50 mL (for 12-Capillary instruments or 50 mL volumes): BD Falcon #352070, available from Fisher #14-432-22 or VWR #21008-940
- Clean graduated cylinder (for measurement of dsDNA Gel volume and dilution of 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer and 5x Capillary Conditioning Solution)
3 Agilent dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp) Protocol

Gel Preparation

1 Store the dsDNA Separation Gel at 4°C upon arrival.
2 The Intercalating Dye should be stored at -20°C.
3 Bring the dsDNA Separation Gel and Intercalating Dye to room temperature prior to mixing.
4 Mix appropriate volumes of Intercalating Dye and dsDNA Separation Gel necessary for less than two weeks of operation. Use a 50 mL conical centrifuge tube to allow a small minimum working volume. For larger volumes, use a 250 mL conical centrifuge tube and remove the collar of the tube holder in the instrument reagent compartment.

NOTE

Some loss of detection sensitivity will be observed over a two-week period after the gel/dye mixture has been prepared. For best results, it is recommended to prepare gel/dye mixture daily. It is not recommended to use gel/dye mixture that is more than two weeks old.

5 The volume of separation gel required per run varies between 12-capillary, 48-capillary and 96-capillary Fragment Analyzer systems. The volumes required are summarized below.
### Table 6  Volume Specifications for 12-Capillary Fragment Analyzer Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Samples to be Analyzed(^1)</th>
<th>Volume of Intercalating Dye</th>
<th>Volume of Separation Gel</th>
<th>Volume of 1X Conditioning Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1.0 µL</td>
<td>10 mL</td>
<td>10 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.5 µL</td>
<td>15 mL</td>
<td>15 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>2.0 µL</td>
<td>20 mL</td>
<td>20 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>2.5 µL</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>4.5 µL</td>
<td>45 mL</td>
<td>45 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) A 5 mL minimum volume should be initially added to the tube. One sample well per separation is dedicated to the ladder.

### Table 7  Volume Specifications for 48-Capillary Fragment Analyzer Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Samples to be Analyzed(^1)</th>
<th>Volume of Intercalating Dye</th>
<th>Volume of Separation Gel</th>
<th>Volume of 1X Conditioning Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>2.5 µL</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>4.0 µL</td>
<td>40 mL</td>
<td>40 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>144</td>
<td>5.5 µL</td>
<td>55 mL</td>
<td>55 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192</td>
<td>7.0 µL</td>
<td>70 mL</td>
<td>70 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240</td>
<td>8.5 µL</td>
<td>85 mL</td>
<td>85 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>288</td>
<td>10.0 µL</td>
<td>100 mL</td>
<td>100 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) One sample well per separation is dedicated to the ladder.

### Table 8  Volume Specifications for 96-Capillary Fragment Analyzer Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Samples to be Analyzed(^1)</th>
<th>Volume of Intercalating Dye</th>
<th>Volume of Separation Gel</th>
<th>Volume of 1X Conditioning Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>4.0 µL</td>
<td>40 mL</td>
<td>40 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192</td>
<td>8.0 µL</td>
<td>80 mL</td>
<td>80 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>288</td>
<td>12.0 µL</td>
<td>120 mL</td>
<td>120 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384</td>
<td>16.0 µL</td>
<td>160 mL</td>
<td>160 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>480</td>
<td>20.0 µL</td>
<td>200 mL</td>
<td>200 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) One sample well per separation is dedicated to the ladder.
6 Place the prepared separation gel/intercalating dye mixture onto the instrument and insert into the desired gel fluid line (Gel 1 or Gel 2 pump position). Ensure the fluid line is positioned at the bottom of the conical tube to avoid introducing air bubbles, which can cause pressurization errors.

7 When adding separation gel to the instrument, update the solution levels in the Fragment Analyzer instrument control software. From the main screen, select **Utilities > Solution Levels**. A menu will be displayed to enter in the updated fluid levels (Figure 1).

![Solution Levels menu](image1.png)

**Figure 1.** Solution Levels menu

8 When switching applications (e.g., between kits), prime the appropriate gel fluid line after loading fresh gel solution. From the main screen of the Fragment Analyzer instrument control software, select **Utilities > Prime**, Select the desired fluid line(s) (Conditioning, Gel 1, or Gel 2) and press **OK** to purge the fluid line with fresh gel (Figure 2).

![Prime menu](image2.png)

**Figure 2.** Prime menu
Inlet Buffer Preparation

1. Store the 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer at 4°C upon arrival. Do not freeze.
2. Bring the 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer to room temperature prior to mixing and use.
3. In a clean container, add 20 mL of the 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer per 80 mL of deionized sub-micron filtered water. Agitate to mix. The entire bottle can be mixed to 1x concentration and stored at 4°C if desired.

Capillary Conditioning Solution Preparation

1. Store the 5x Capillary Conditioning Solution at room temperature upon arrival. Do not freeze.
2. In a clean container (e.g. 50 mL or 250 mL conical centrifuge tube), add 10 mL of the Capillary Conditioning Solution per 40 mL of deionized sub-micron filtered water. Agitate to mix. The entire bottle can be mixed to 1x concentration and stored at room temperature if desired.
3. Once mixed, place the 1x Capillary Conditioning Solution onto the instrument and insert the conditioning fluid line (Conditioning Solution pump position). Ensure the fluid line is positioned at the bottom of the conical tube to avoid introducing air bubbles, which can cause pressurization errors.
4. The 1x Capillary Conditioning Solution should be added to the system as use demands. Tables 6-8 illustrate the volume specifications for the conditioning solution.
5. When adding fresh 1x Capillary Conditioning Solution to the instrument, update the solution levels in the Fragment Analyzer instrument control software. From the main screen, select Utilities > Solution Levels. A menu will be displayed to enter in the updated fluid levels (Figure 1).
Instrument Preparation

1. Check the fluid level of the waste bottle and waste tray daily and empty as needed.

2. Prepare a fresh 96 DeepWell 1mL Plate filled with 1.0 mL/well of 1x dsDNA Inlet Buffer daily.
   - 12-Capillary System: Row A only
   - 48-Capillary System: Row A to Row D
   - 96-Capillary System: All Rows
     Do not overfill the wells of the inlet buffer plate.

12-Capillary Systems:
   a. In Row H of the same prepared buffer plate, place 1.0 mL/well of Capillary Storage Solution (Part # GP-440-0100).
      Row H of the buffer plate is used for the Store location, and the array moves to this position at the end of the experimental sequence.

48-Capillary Systems:
   a. In the Sample 3 drawer, place a sample plate filled with 100 µL/well of Capillary Storage Solution (Part # GP-440-0100) in Row A to Row D.
      Row A to Row D of the Sample 3 plate is used for the Store location, and the array moves to this position at the end of the experimental sequence.

96-Capillary Systems:
   a. In the sample 3 drawer, place a sample plate filled with 100 µL/well of Capillary Storage Solution (Part # GP-440-0100).
      Sample 3 is used for the Store location, and the array moves to this position at the end of the experimental sequence.

**NOTE**
Ensure Row H of the buffer tray (12-capillary systems) or the Sample 3 drawer (48-Capillary and 96-capillary systems) is always filled with Capillary Storage Solution, and the capillary array is placed against Storage Solution when not in use, to prevent the capillary tips from drying out and potentially plugging.

3. Place the prepared inlet buffer plate into Drawer “B” (top drawer) of the Fragment Analyzer. Ensure that the plate is loaded with well A1 toward the back left on the tray.

4. Place an empty 96 DeepWell 1mL Plate into Drawer "W" (second from top) of the Fragment Analyzer. This plate serves as the capillary waste tray and should be emptied daily. Alternatively, the supplied open reservoir waste plate may be used.
Marker/Ladder/Sample Preparation

General Information

1 The recommended 96-well sample plate for use with the Fragment Analyzer system is a semi-skirted PCR plate from Eppendorf (Part #951020303). Please refer to Appendix 3 – Fragment Analyzer Compatible Plates and Tubes in the Fragment Analyzer User Manual for a complete approved sample plate list. The system has been designed to operate using these dimensions/styles of PCR plates.

NOTE

The use of PCR plates with different dimensions to the above recommended plate could lead to decreased injection quality and consistency. Damage to the capillary array cartridge tips is also possible.

1 bp/500 bp Marker Preparation

1 Store the 1 bp and 500 bp marker solution at -20°C upon arrival.

2 Bring the 1 bp and 500 bp marker solution to room temperature prior to use; agitate solution to ensure it is properly mixed and centrifuge vial prior to dispensing.

3 The marker solution is supplied as a ready-to-use solution, containing a fast running lower marker (set to 1 bp), and a 500 bp upper marker at 0.5 ng/µL, in a 1x TE buffer solution containing 10% Formamide. It is intended for use as an external standard marker plate.

4 Prepare the marker solution plate by dispensing 30 µL/well into Row A only (12-Capillary), Rows A-D (48-Capillary) or every well (96-Capillary) of a separate sample plate. Cover the wells with 20 µL/well of the supplied mineral oil to allow reuse for at least 30+ injections.

5 The prepared marker solution plate should be placed into Drawer “M” (third from top) of the Fragment Analyzer system. Ensure the plate is loaded with well A1 toward the back left.
35-400 bp DNA Ladder Preparation

1. Store the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder solution at -20°C upon arrival.

2. Bring the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder solution to room temperature prior to use; agitate solution to ensure it is properly mixed and centrifuge vial prior to dispensing.

3. The 35-400 bp DNA Ladder solution is supplied as a ready-to-use solution, containing approximately 2.0 ng/µL total DNA concentration in a 1x TE buffer solution. It is used for calibrating the size of analyzed DNA fragments, and is typically added to a well of the sample plate and run in parallel with the samples:

   **12-Capillary System:**
   - Well 12 of each row to be analyzed

   **48-Capillary System:**
   - Well D12 if samples are in Row A to Row D, or
   - Well H12 if samples are in Row E to Row H

   **96-Capillary System:**
   - Well H12

4. Alternatively, once the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder has been run under the experimental method and additional samples are to be run under the same experimental conditions, the ladder can be imported in the ProSize software, enabling use of all 12, 48 or 96 wells of the sample plate. Refer to the ProSize software User Manual for information on exporting and importing calibration ladders.
Sample Plate Preparation

The protocol below assumes the sample is originally present in a typical PCR buffer matrix. Depending upon the concentration of product or sample matrix, it may be necessary to adjust the dilution and/or adjust the injection voltage and time to avoid overloading of the DNA sample.

1 Using a clean 96-well sample plate, pipette 22 µL of 1x TE dilution buffer (supplied with kit) to each well in a row that is to contain sample. If running the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder in parallel with the samples, pipette 24 µL of the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder solution directly (no dilution) into the specified well of the sample plate or row to be analyzed (see previous Section).

2 Pipette 2 µL of each DNA sample into the 22 µL of 1x TE dilution buffer in the respective wells of the Sample Plate; mix the contents of the well using the pipette by aspiration/expulsion in the pipette tip.

NOTE

Important Sample Mixing Information

When mixing sample with diluent solution, it is important to mix the contents of the well thoroughly to achieve the most accurate quantification. It is highly suggested to perform one of the following methods to ensure complete mixing:

- When adding 2 µL of sample to the 22 µL of diluent, swirl the pipette tip while pipetting up/down to further mix.
- After adding 2 µL of sample to the 22 µL of diluent, place a plate seal on the sample plate and vortex the sample plate at 3000 rpm for 2 min. Any suitable benchtop plate vortexer can be used. Ensure that there is no well-to-well transfer of samples when vortexing. The plate should be spun via a centrifuge after vortexing to ensure there are no trapped air bubbles in the wells.
- After adding 2 µL of sample to the 22 µL of diluent, use a separate pipette tip set to a larger 20 µL volume, and pipette each well up/down to further mix.
- Use an electronic pipettor capable of mixing a 10 µL volume in the tip after dispensing the 2 µL sample volume. Some models enable using the pipette tip for both adding and mixing.

3 After mixing the samples with 1x TE dilution buffer in each well, check the wells of the sample plate to ensure there are no air bubbles trapped in the bottom of the wells. If necessary, centrifuge the plate to remove any air bubbles. The presence of trapped air bubbles can lead to injection failures.

4 Run the sample plate immediately once prepared, or cover the sample plate with a cover film, store at 4°C, and use as soon as possible. Alternatively, to prevent evaporation, place a mineral oil overlay on each sample (20 µL/well).

5 To run the samples, place the plate in one of the three sample plate trays (Drawers 4-6 from the top) of the Fragment Analyzer instrument. Load or create the experimental method as described in the following sections.
The CCD detection system of the Fragment Analyzer system provides a high dynamic range for detection. An ideal injection range would yield peak heights from 100 – 20,000 RFUs. Overloading of sample can decrease separation resolution and saturate the detector, leading to mismatched lower/upper marker peak heights and poor results. It is important to optimize sample dilution and concentration and use experimental parameters to work within the specified RFU range.

**TIP**

If the above method (2 µL sample + 22 µL 1x TE diluent) yields peak heights consistently above 20,000 RFUs, decrease the marker/sample injection time or reduce the sample volume to 1 µL sample + 23 µL 1x TE.

If low signals are encountered, increase the marker/sample injection time, or alternatively add 4 µL of sample + 20 µL of DI water in each well. When making adjustments to the sample dilution, the total volume should be maintained to at least 24 µL, and whenever possible the Cl- salt content of the final sample should be adjusted to approximately 10 mM Cl- to best match the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder and 1 bp/500bp marker solution (both are in 1x TE buffer matrix) to maximize sizing accuracy.

**NOTE**

Whenever making adjustments to the sample dilution, ensure the **Dilution Factor** of the ProSize software is adjusted accordingly when processing the data.
Performing Experiments

Running an Experiment

1. To set up an experiment, from the main screen of the Fragment Analyzer instrument control software, select the **Operation** tab (Figure 3). Select the sample tray location to be analyzed (1, 2, or 3) by left clicking the **Sample Tray #** dropdown or by clicking the appropriate sample plate tab (alternate plate view) and choosing the appropriate location.

   **NOTE**

   For 48-Capillary or 96-Capillary Systems: Sample 3 is typically assigned to the Capillary Storage Solution.

2. Left click a well of the desired sample plate row with the mouse. The selected row will be highlighted in the plate map (e.g., Row A in Figure 3). Enter the sample name if desired into the respective **Sample ID** cell by left clicking the cell and typing in the name. Alternatively, sample information can be imported from .txt or .csv file by selecting the **Load from File...** option.

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**Figure 3.** Main screen showing selection of sample row and entering sample information
3 After sample information for the row or plate has been entered, under the Run Selected Group field press Add to queue. The Separation Setup form will be displayed enabling the user to select the experimental method and enter additional information (Figure 4).

![Separation Setup form](image)

**Figure 4. Separation Setup** form to select experimental Method and enter tray/folder information

4 In the Separation Setup pop-up form, left click the dropdown and select the appropriate preloaded experimental Method file. The available methods are sorted by kit number and are linked to the directory containing methods for the currently installed capillary array length (e.g., 22 cm, 33 cm or 55 cm). Select the following method:

- Select **DNF-905-22 – DNA 1-500bp.mthds** when the 22 cm effective, 47 cm total “ultra-short” capillary array is installed.
- Select **DNF-905-33 – DNA 1-500bp.mthds** when the 33 cm effective, 55 cm total “short” capillary array is installed.
- Select **DNF-900-55 – DNA 1-500bp.mthds** when the 55 cm effective, 80 cm total “long” capillary array is installed.

5 Select the appropriate Gel line being used for the experiment (Gel 1 or Gel 2) using the dropdown.

6 The Tray Name can be entered to identify the sample plate. The Folder Prefix if entered will amend the folder name (normally a time stamp of HH-MM-SS from the start of the CE run).
7 To copy the experimental results to another directory location in addition to the default save directory, check the **Copy results** box and select the desired **Copy path**: directory by clicking the “…” button and navigating to the desired save directory.

8 Any **Notes** can be entered regarding the experiment; they will be saved and displayed in the final PDF report generated by the ProSize software.

9 Once all information has been entered, press **OK** to add the method to the instrument queue (press **Cancel** to abort adding the method).

10 Repeat Steps 1-9 for any remaining sample rows to be analyzed.

11 On 96-capillary systems, or in 12-capillary or 48-capillary systems if the entire 96-well sample tray is to be run using the same experimental method, under the **Run Entire Tray** field press **Add to queue**. A form similar to Figure 4 will be displayed for entering information and adding the run to the instrument queue for the entire 96-well sample tray.

12 After a row or tray has been added to the queue, the method(s) will be listed on the main screen under the **Method Queue** field (Figure 5).

13 Prior to starting the experiment, verify all trays (buffer/storage, waste, marker, sample, etc.) have been loaded into their respective drawer locations.

14 Press the **Play** icon ( ) to start the sequence loaded into the queue. To **Pause** the queue after the currently running experiment is completed, press the ( ) button. To **Clear** the run queue of all loaded experiments, press the ( ) button.
Figure 5. Main screen after selection of samples to the run queue

15 Once an experiment has been loaded onto the queue, the user can view or edit the method (administrator level only can edit a method) by pressing the **Method Summary** field. To remove the method from the queue, press the “X” button; to view the stepwise details of the method press the double down arrow icon.

16 The user may add a Pause or Prime step into the queue by right clicking the mouse while over the queue and selecting **Insert Pause** or **Insert Prime**.

17 The order of the experimental queue can be rearranged by dragging down individual entries. Further information regarding the **Method Queue** operation is provided in the Fragment Analyzer User Manual.

18 Once started, the instrument will perform all the programmed experiments in the **Method Queue** uninterrupted unless a pause step is present. Note that additional experiments can be programmed and added to the **Method Queue** at any time while the instrument is running if desired. After completion of the last queued experiment, the instrument stage will automatically move to the **Store** location (12-Capillary Systems: Row H of the inlet buffer tray; 48-Capillary and 96-Capillary Systems: Sample 3 location).
Viewing and Editing Experimental Methods

1 A user level operator can View the steps of the experimental method by pressing the View link on the Separation Setup screen, or by pressing the Method Summary option once a method has been loaded onto the experimental queue. User level operators cannot edit any steps of a queued separation method.

2 Administrator level operators can Edit certain steps of the experimental method. To open the method editor screen, press the Edit link from the Separation Setup screen (Figure 4). The method editor screen is displayed, showing the steps of the method (Figure 6).

3 The preloaded, optimized steps for the DNF-905-22 (Figure 6), DNF-905-33 (Figure 7), DNF-905-55 (Figure 8) are shown below. The steps of the method DNF-905-22 are:

   a Full Conditioning flushing method (Automatically enabled).
     Gel Selection: Gel 1.
   b Perform prerun (enabled) (7 kV, 30 sec)
   c Rinse (disabled)
   d Marker injection (enabled) voltage injection (4.5 kV, 5 sec). This step injects the 1 bp/500 bp marker plate
   e Rinse (disabled)
   f Sample injection (enabled) voltage injection (4.5 kV, 5 sec). This step injects the prepared sample plate.
   g Separation (enabled) voltage (7 kV, 28 min). This step performs the CE separation.
Figure 6. DNF-905-22 dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1 bp – 500 bp) method
Figure 7 shows the preloaded method for the 33 cm effective, 55 cm total length "short" array. The prerun and separation voltage is set to 5 kV, the marker injection voltage and sample injection voltage is set to 5 kV, and the Separation time set to 60 min.
5. Figure 8 shows the preloaded method for the 55 cm effective, 80 cm total length “long” array. The prerun and separation voltage is set to 9 kV, the injection voltage to 7.5 kV, and the separation time to 80 min.

![Separation Method](image)

Figure 8. DNF-905-55 dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1 bp – 500 bp) method

6. An administrator level user has the option to adjust the Gel Selection, prerun settings; Rinse settings including Tray, Row and # Dips; Marker Injection settings including Row; Sample Injection settings; and the Separation settings. For example, if the marker solution is loaded into a row other than Row A on a 12-capillary instrument, this can be adjusted prior to or while the method is loaded on the experimental queue.

7. To apply any adjustments to the method being placed on the experimental queue, press the button. To exit the editor screen without applying any changes press the button.

**NOTE**

Any edits made to the experimental method from the Separation Setup or Method Summary screen will only apply to the currently loaded experiment in the queue. No changes are made to the original separation method file.
Processing Experimental Data

1. When processing data, the ProSize software will automatically recognize the separation method performed and apply the appropriate matching configuration file from the C:\PROSize 3.0\Configurations directory:
   - The DNF-905-22 separation method will be processed using the DNF-905-22 – DNA 1-500bp configuration file.
   - The DNF-905-33 separation method will be processed using the DNF-905-33 – DNA 1-500bp configuration file.
   - The DNF-905-55 separation method will be processed using the DNF-905-55 – DNA 1-500bp configuration file.

2. The data is normalized to the lower marker (set to 1 bp) and upper marker (set to 500 bp) and calibrated to the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder run in parallel to the samples. Figure 9 shows an example of the 1 bp and 500 bp markers injected with the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder (DNF-905-22 method). A total of 10 peaks should be observed.

3. When processing data, the ProSize software is set to the DNA mode in the Advanced Settings. The Quantification settings are set to Use Upper Marker for quantification with a Conc. (ng/μL) of 0.5 and a Dilution Factor of 12 (2 μL sample + 22 μL Diluent Marker). Note that if a pre-dilution was performed prior to the experiment, the Dilution Factor setting should be changed to reflect the estimated final sample concentration.

4. For full information on processing data, refer to the ProSize User Manual.
Fragment Analyzer System Shut Down/Storage

Instrument Shut Down/Storage

After each experiment, the instrument automatically places the capillary array in the Store position against Capillary Storage Solution:

- 12-Capillary Systems: Row H of the buffer tray
- 48-Capillary Systems: Sample 3
- 96-Capillary Systems: Sample 3

No further action is required.

If the instrument is to be idle for more than one day, it is recommended to turn off the power to the system.
4 Checking Your Separation Results

35-400 bp DNA Ladder

Figure 9 shows the typical expected results for the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder provided at an input total DNA concentration of 2.0 ng/µL in 1x TE buffer, co-injected with the 1 bp lower marker and 500 bp upper marker using the DNF-905-22 method on the “ultra-short” 22 cm effective, 47 cm total length 12-capillary array. A total of 10 peaks should be observed, with sizes annotated as in Figure 9. All ladder fragments should be resolved.

Figure 10 shows the typical expected results for the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder co-injected with the 1 bp lower marker and 500 bp upper marker using the DNF-905-33 method on the “short” 33 cm effective, 55 cm total length capillary array.
Figure 10. Representative 35-400 bp DNA Ladder result double injected with 1 bp lower marker and 500 bp upper marker, using the Fragment Analyzer system with the dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp). Method: DNF-905-33 (“short” array).

Figure 11 shows the typical expected results for the 35-400 bp DNA Ladder co-injected with the 1 bp lower marker and 500 bp upper marker using the DNF-905-55 method on the “long” 55 cm effective, 80 cm total length capillary array.

Figure 11. Representative 35-400 bp DNA Ladder result double injected with 1 bp lower marker and 500 bp upper marker, using the Fragment Analyzer system with the dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit. Method: DNF-905-55 (“long” array).
5 Troubleshooting

The following table lists several potential assay specific issues which may be encountered when using the dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp) and suggested remedies. Contact Agilent technical support if you have any additional troubleshooting or maintenance questions.

Table 9 troubleshooting actions for assay specific issues

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| The peak signal is >> 20,000 RFU; upper marker peak is low or not detected relative to lower marker. | 1 Input DNA sample concentration is too high.                           | 1 Further dilute input DNA sample concentration with 1x TE buffer and repeat experiment.  
                                                                                                         | 2 Reduce injection time and/or injection voltage and repeat experiment. Use the same injection voltage/time settings for the Marker Plate and Sample Plate to maximize quantification accuracy. |
| No peak observed for DNA sample when expected. Lower/Upper Marker peaks observed. | 1 Sample concentration too low and out of range.                       | 1 Prepare more concentrated sample and repeat experiment (e.g. 4 µL sample + 20 µL DI water). OR Repeat experiment using increased injection time and/or injection voltage for Marker Plate and Sample Plate. |
                                                                                                         | 2 Sample was not added to 1x TE diluent or not mixed well.               | 2 Verify sample was correctly added and mixed to sample well.                    |
| Sample peak(s) migrate before or co-migrate with 1 bp Lower Marker.  | 1 Excess primer-dimer species in sample.                               | 1 Further dilute input DNA sample concentration with 1x TE buffer to minimize primer-dimer interference and repeat experiment. |
| Sample peak(s) migrate after or co-migrate with 500 bp Upper Marker. | 1 DNA sample size out of range of assay.                               | 1 Analyze samples with dsDNA 910 Reagent Kit, 35 bp – 1,500 bp (DNF-910), dsDNA 915 Reagent Kit, 35 bp – 5,000 bp (DNF-915), dsDNA 920 Reagent Kit, 75 bp – 15,000 bp (DNF-920), or dsDNA 930 Reagent Kit, 75 bp – 20,000 bp (DNF-930). |
| No sample peak or Lower Marker peak observed for individual sample.  | 1 Air trapped at the bottom of sample plate well, or bubbles present in sample well. Insufficient sample volume. A minimum of 20 µL is required. Capillary is plugged. | 1 Check sample plate wells for trapped air bubbles. Centrifuge plate. Verify proper volume of solution was added to sample well.  
                                                                                                         | 2 Check waste plate for liquid in the capillary well. If no liquid is observed, follow the steps outlined in Appendix G – Capillary Array Cleaning of the Fragment Analyzer User Manual for unclogging a capillary array. |
In This Book

This Kit Guide describes the following:

- Agilent dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp)
- Additional Material and Equipment Required
- Agilent dsDNA 905 Reagent Kit (1-500 bp) Protocol
- Checking Your Separation Results
- Troubleshooting