

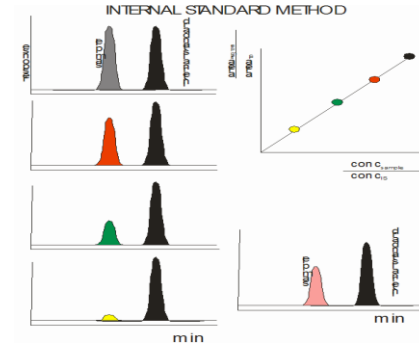
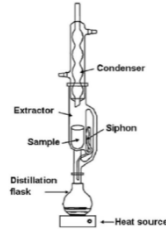


Rapid and reliable determination of PCDD/F and PCB with automatic clean up and GC-MS/MS (7010)

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Outline

➤ Extraction



➤ Sample clean up



➤ Internal standard



➤ GC and MS settings

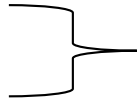
➤ Results



Target

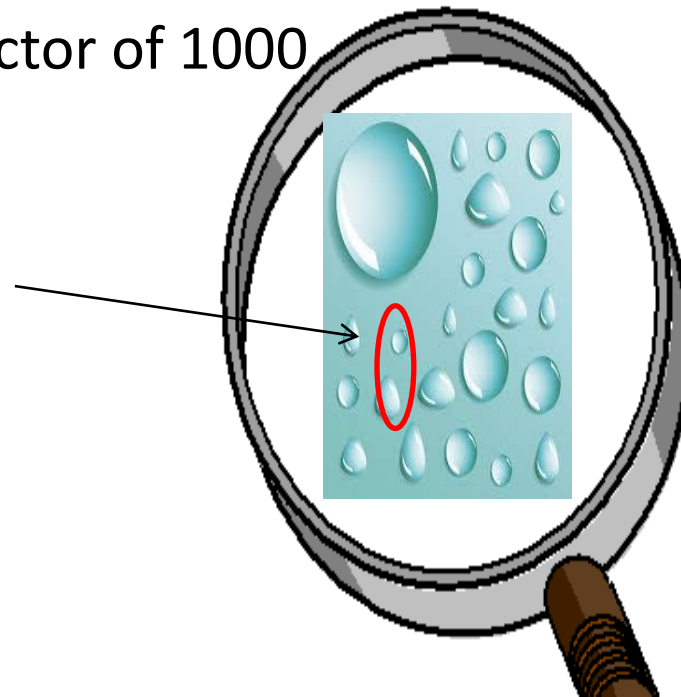
➤ Concentration during processing

20 g feeding stuff



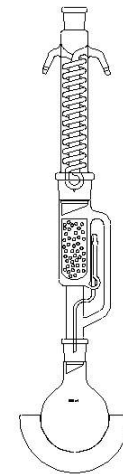
20 µl equal 0,02 ml

by a factor of 1000



Extraction

- Sample preparation/ homogenization/ particle size
- Solvent choice
- Extraction way
- Extraction with specific instruments:
 - Microwave oven
 - Supercritical fluid extraction
 - Pressurized fluid extraction
 - Automatic Soxhlet-type extraction
 - Ultrasound-assisted extraction
 - Robot automated extraction



Example of sample preparation

Egg: Homogenization

- Knock opens the eggs.



- Homogenization of the whole egg.



Additional Materials

- Take 70 g of sodium sulphate, baked at 600 °C.



- Take 25 g of glass granulate.



Homogenization

- Mix it and put it into a mortar (cleaned with acetone and dried).
- Make a hole and put up to 25 g egg homogenate into the hole.
- Pestle it until you get a fine powder.



Extraction

- Prepare a glass column.
- Put glass wool and a layer of sodium sulphate in the bottom.



- Put the egg-powder into the glass column.
- Extract the fat with 450 mL Cyclohexane/ Dichloromethane 1:1.
- Collecting in round bottom flask.



Extraction of Fat

- Evaporate the solvent with a rotary evaporator .

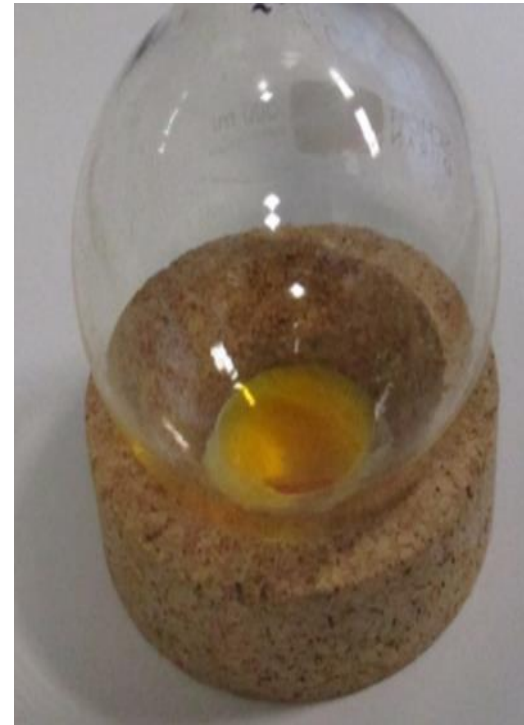


- Dry in a gentle stream of nitrogen until all solvent is removed.



Determination of Fat

- The result of the fat extraction is approximately 2.5 g egg fat.
- The fat content lays between 9 and 11 %.
- The amount of this fat determination is comparable with the national and international regulations and fully meets the required analytical standards.



Internal Standard

- Add the ^{13}C labeled internal standards.
- Re-dissolve the fat in 2 mL toluene and fill up with hexane to a maximum of 10 mL.
- Inject the whole mixture into the loop of the DEXTech™.
- Regulation (EU) no. 2017/664:
For foodstuffs of animal origin containing less than 10 % fat, the addition of the internal standards is mandatory prior to extraction. For foodstuffs of animal origin containing more than 10 % fat, the internal standards may be added either before or after fat extraction.

An appropriate validation of the extraction efficiency shall be carried out, depending on the stage at which internal standards are introduced and on whether results are reported on product or fat basis.



Internal Standard: Regulation (EU) no 2017/664

6.2

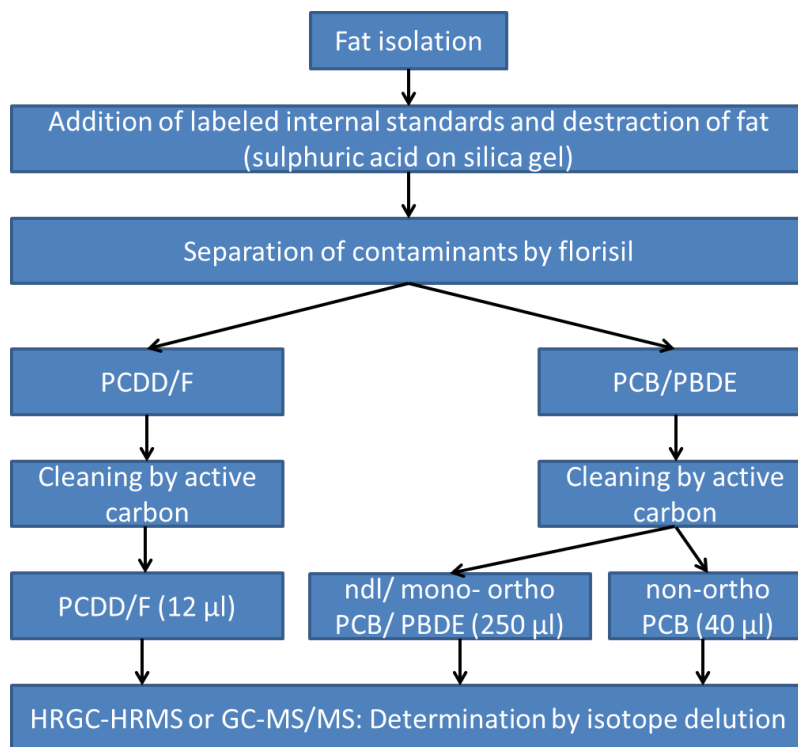
- For confirmatory methods, all seventeen ^{13}C -labelled 2,3,7,8-substituted internal PCDD/F standards and all twelve ^{13}C -labelled internal dioxin-like PCB standards shall be used.
- Prior to GC-MS analysis, one or two recovery (surrogate) standard(s) must be added.
- For confirmatory methods, the recoveries of the individual internal standards shall be in the range of 60 to 120 %.



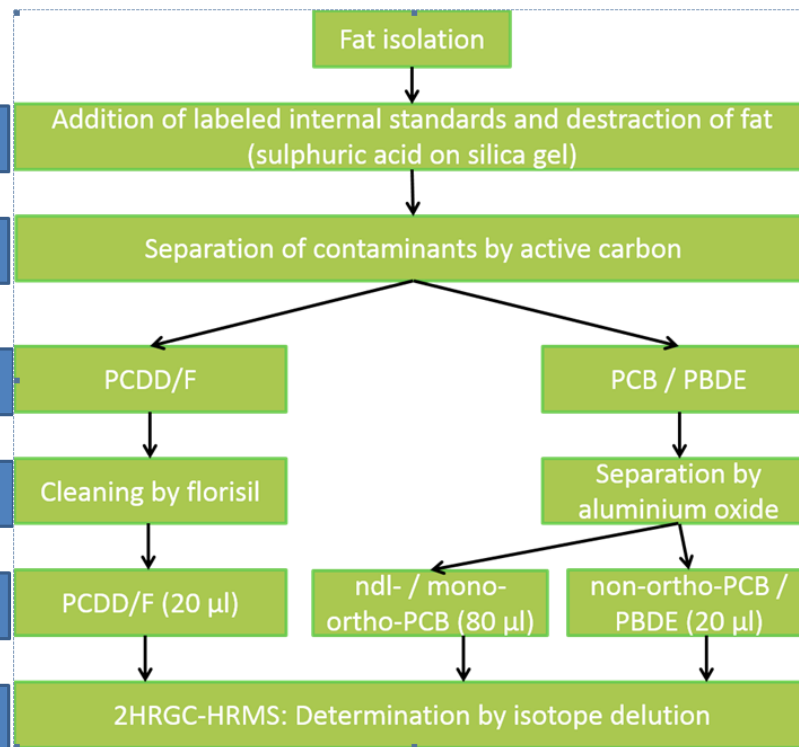
Manual sample preparation

Manual method of two dioxin laboratories

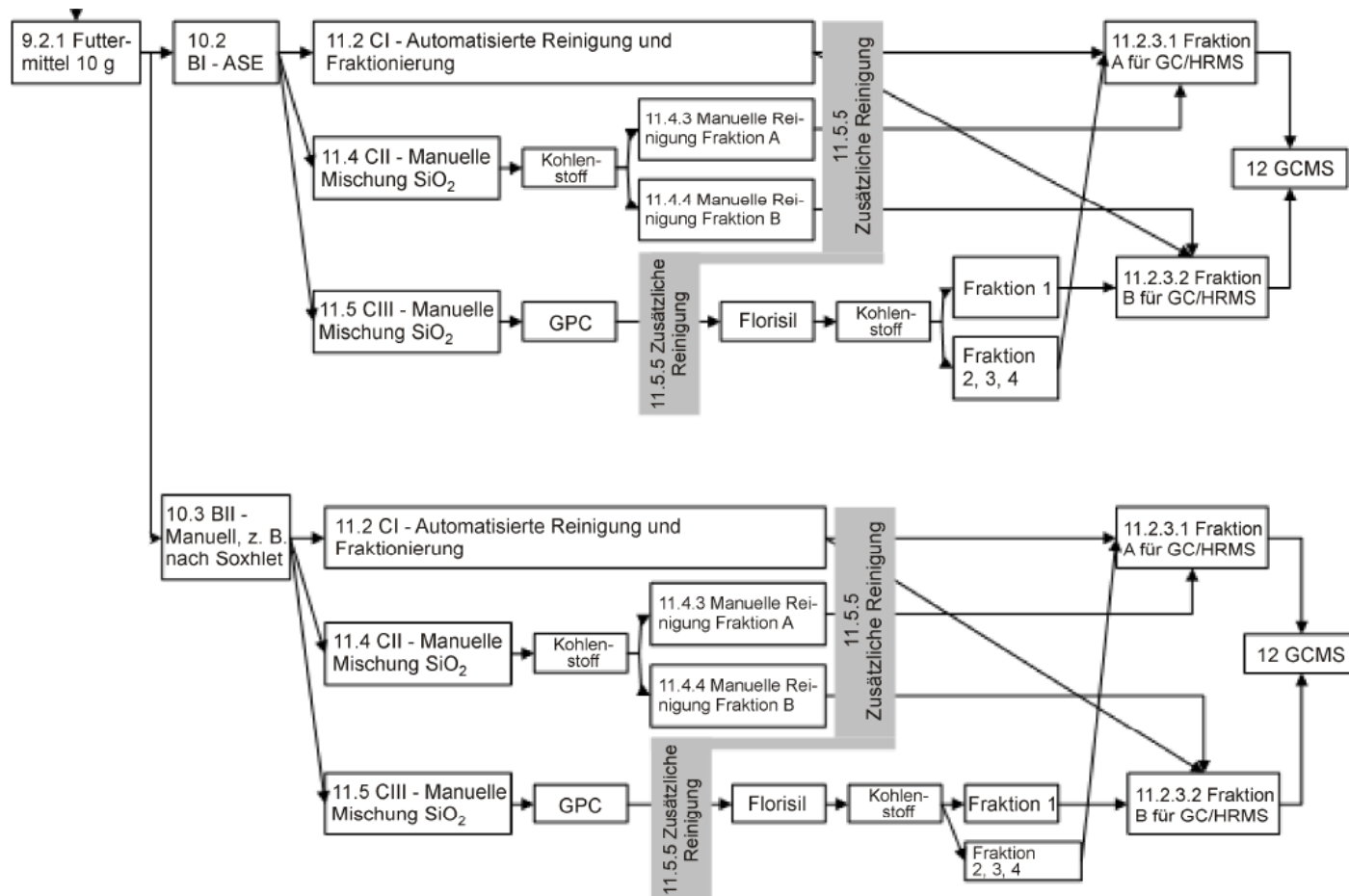
Chemical and Veterinary Analytical Institute
Münsterland-Emscher-Lippe



Bavarian Health and Food Safety Authority



Manual sample preparation



The European standard *EN 16215:2012* for determination of dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs by GC/HRMS and of indicator PCBs by GC/HRMS in animal feeding

Dioxin/PCB sample clean up

Manual clean up



Automatic systems

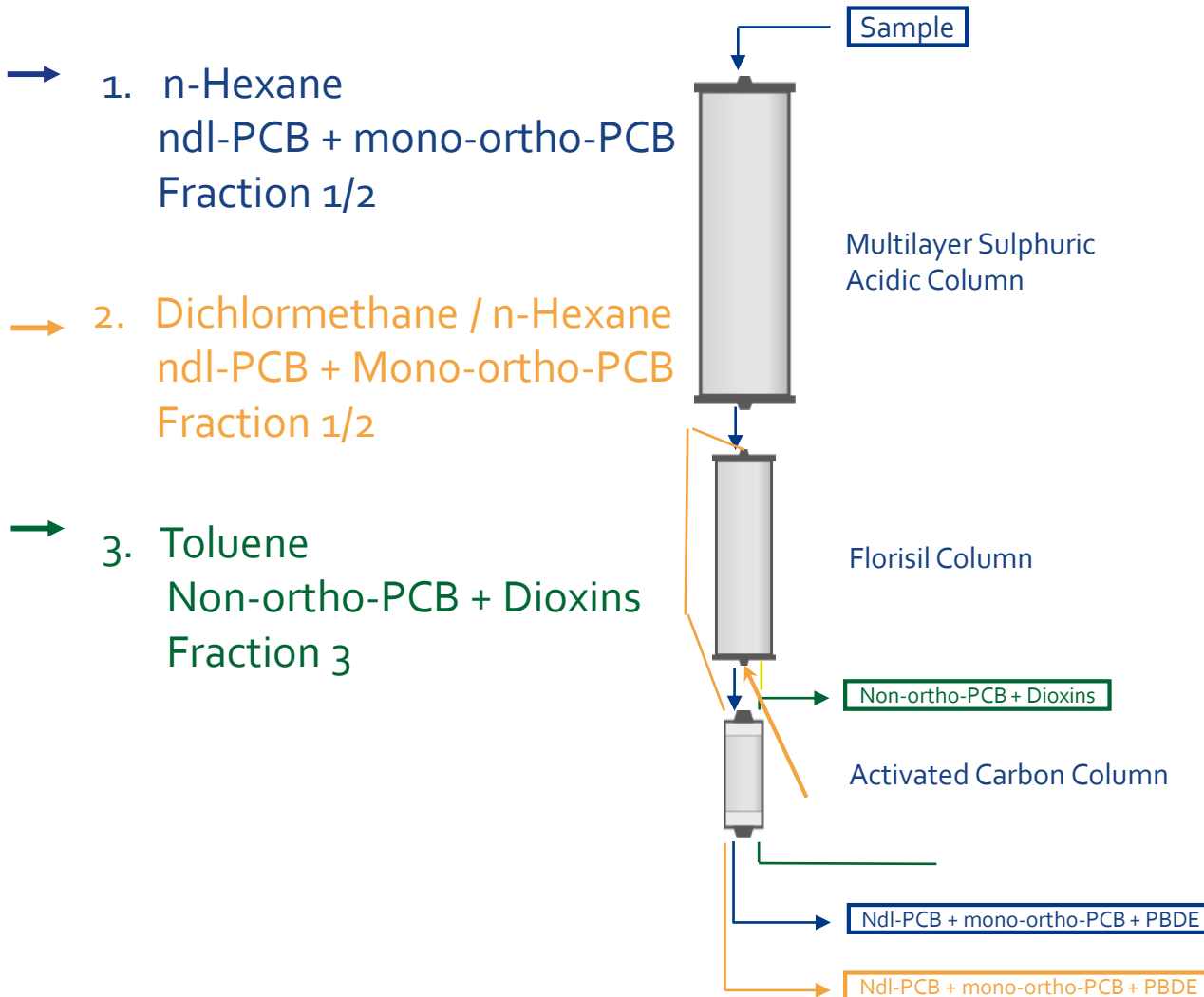


Injection without
pre clean up



Different clean ups - Florisil Column-

DEXTech™ Plus - 3 Column Setup



solvent	volumn
n-hexane	91
DCM/n-hexane	24
toluene	10
sum	125
time: 31 min	

Total solvent consumption
Universal column ~ 195 mL
SMART column ~ 125 mL

Run time
Universal column: ~ 41 min.
SMART column: ~ 31 min.

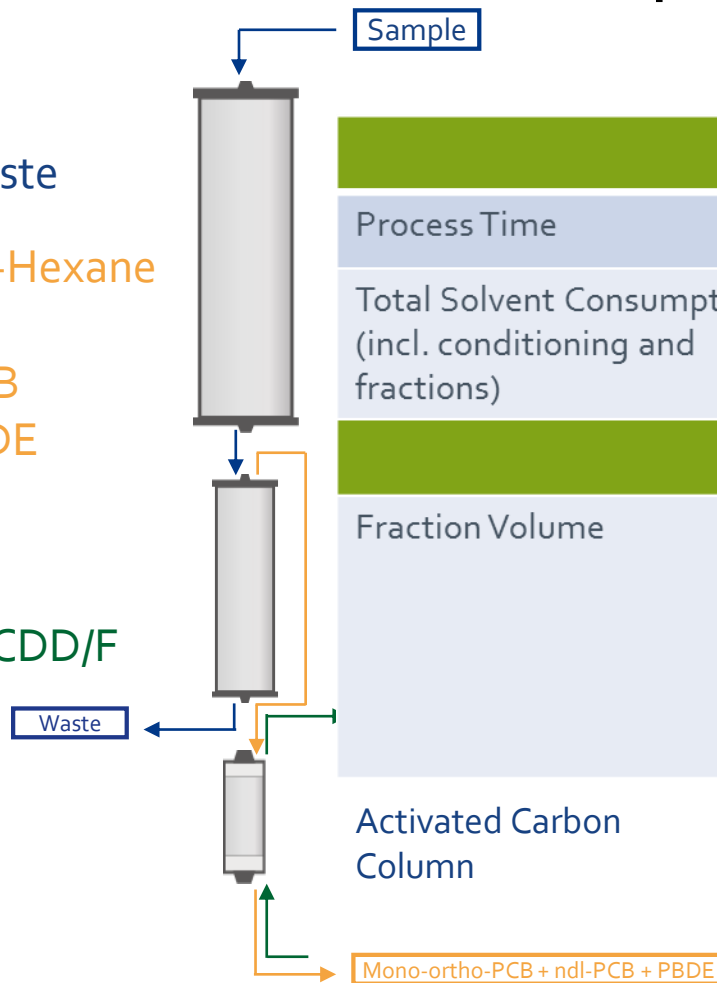


Different clean ups - Alumina Column-

DEXTech™ Plus - 3 Column Setup



- 1. n-Hexane
Sample loading / Waste
- 2. Dichlormethane / n-Hexane
Fraction 1
Mono-ortho-PCB
+ ndl-PCB + PBDE
- 3. Toluene
Fraction 2
Non-ortho-PCB + PCDD/F

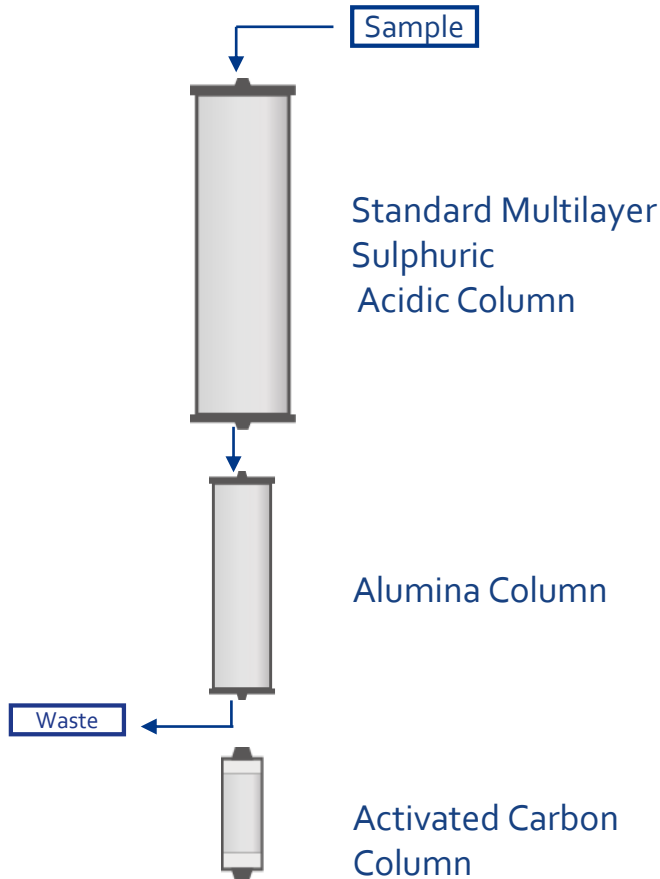


	Universal	SMART
Process Time	51 min	35 min
Total Solvent Consumption (incl. conditioning and fractions)	265 mL	153 mL
	Fraction 1	Fraction 2
Fraction Volume	24 mL	10 mL
	ndl PCB mono-ortho PCB PBDE	non-ortho PCB PCDD/F



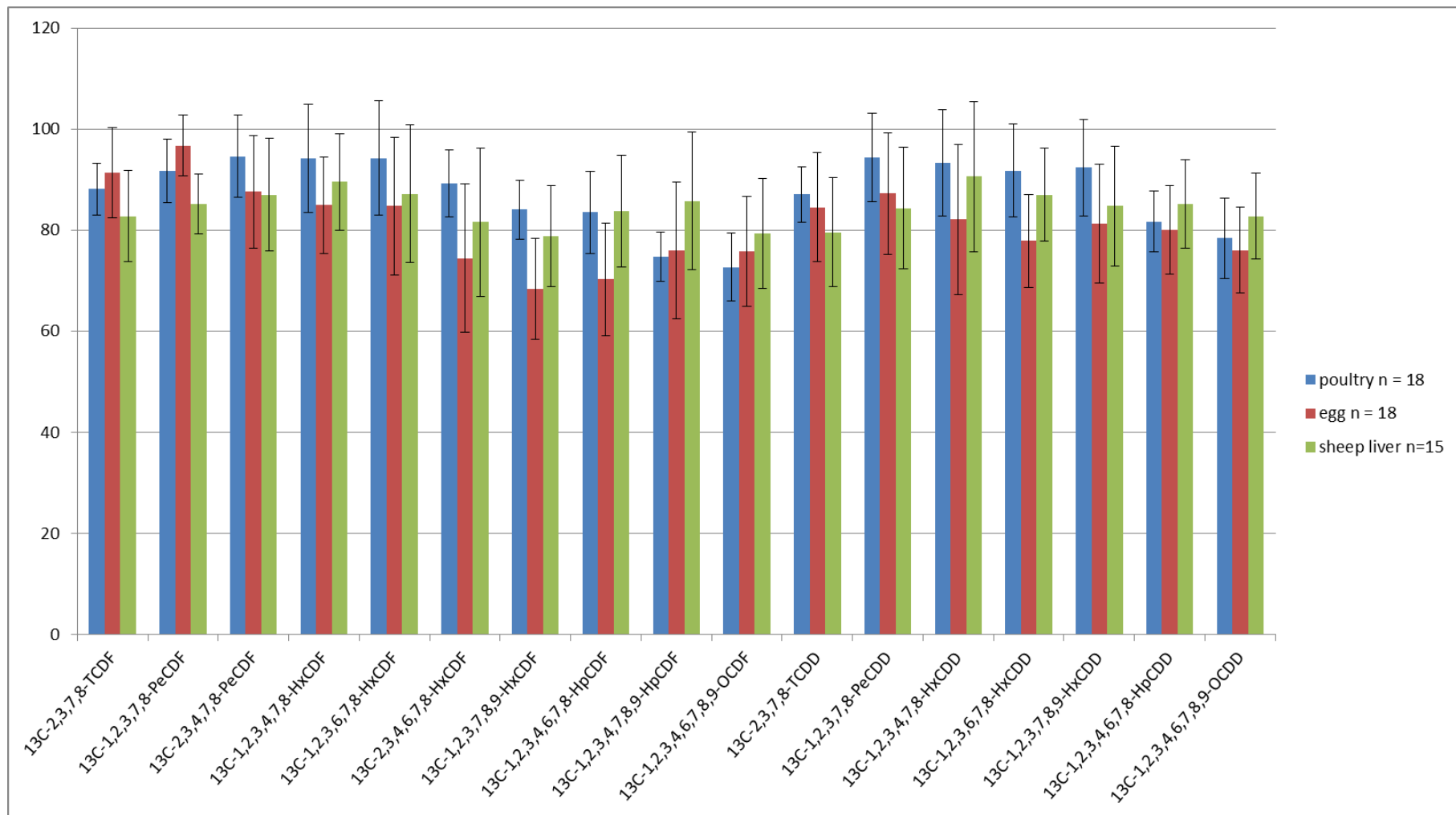
1. Sample loading / Waste

DEXTech™ Plus - 3 Column Setup

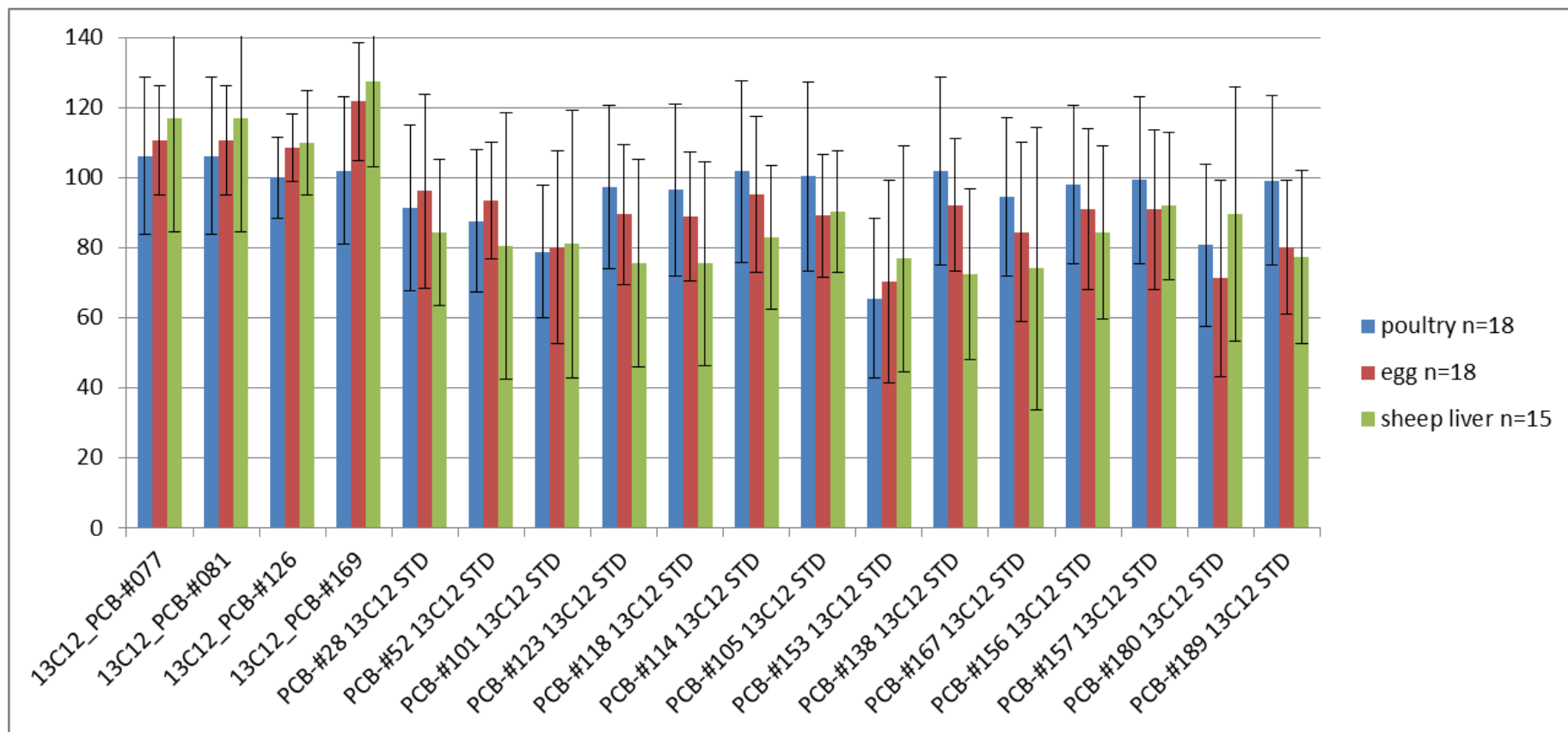


- dead volume S1: 5 min- 7 ml/min
~ 35 ml
- all compounds like PCDD/F, PBDD/F, PCB and PBDE are eluted from S1 after 15 min
~ 105 ml
- dead volume of the Alox column: 1,5 min – 7 ml/min
~ 10.5 ml
- why additional cleaning for 7 min
– 7 ml/min ~ 49 ml

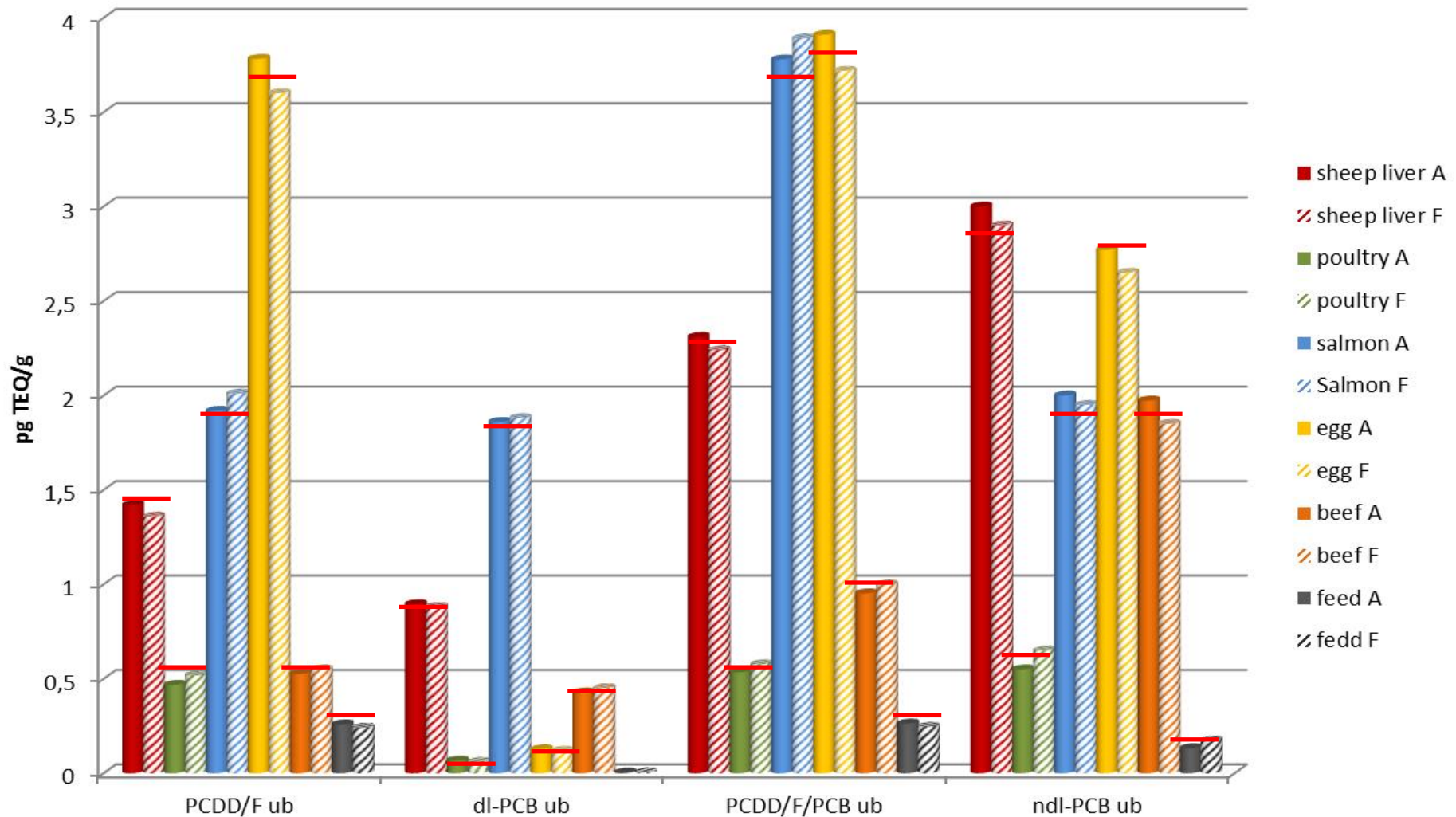
Results Dioxine



Results PCBs



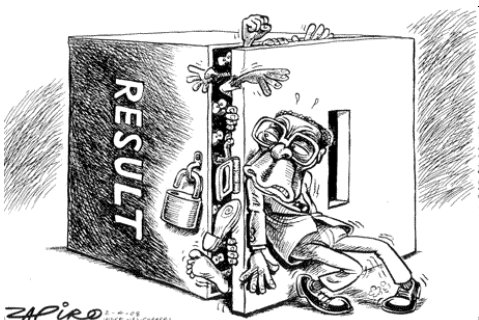
Comparision Alumina/Florisil



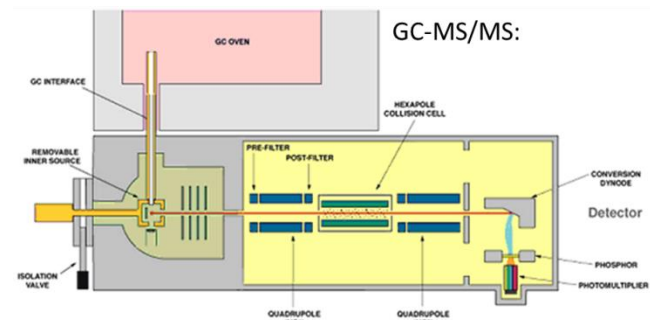
Sheep liver/salmon: fresh weight; poultry/egg/beef: fat; feed: 88 % dry weight



Determination of PCDD/F and PCB by GC-MS/MS

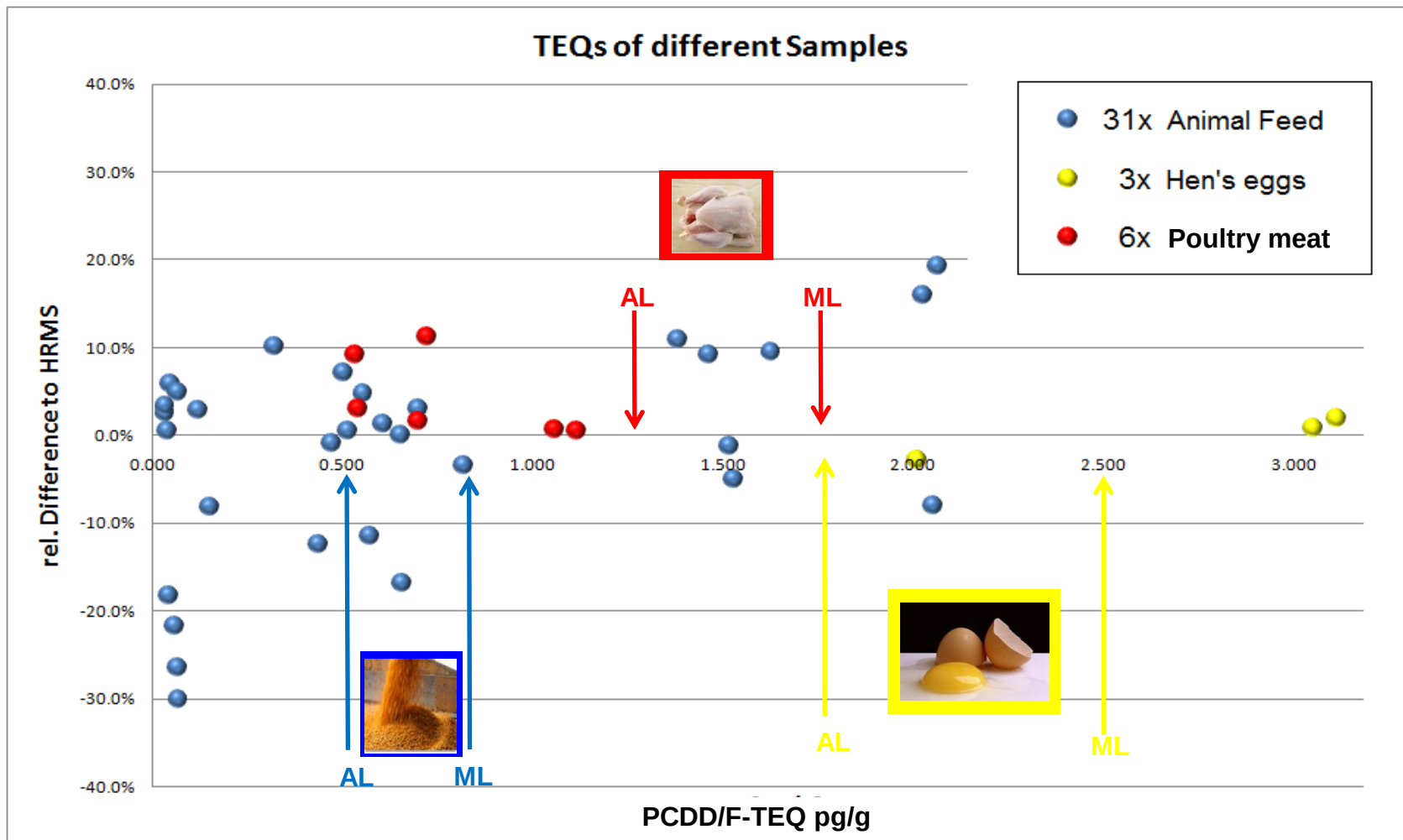


- Why?
- objectives 2010



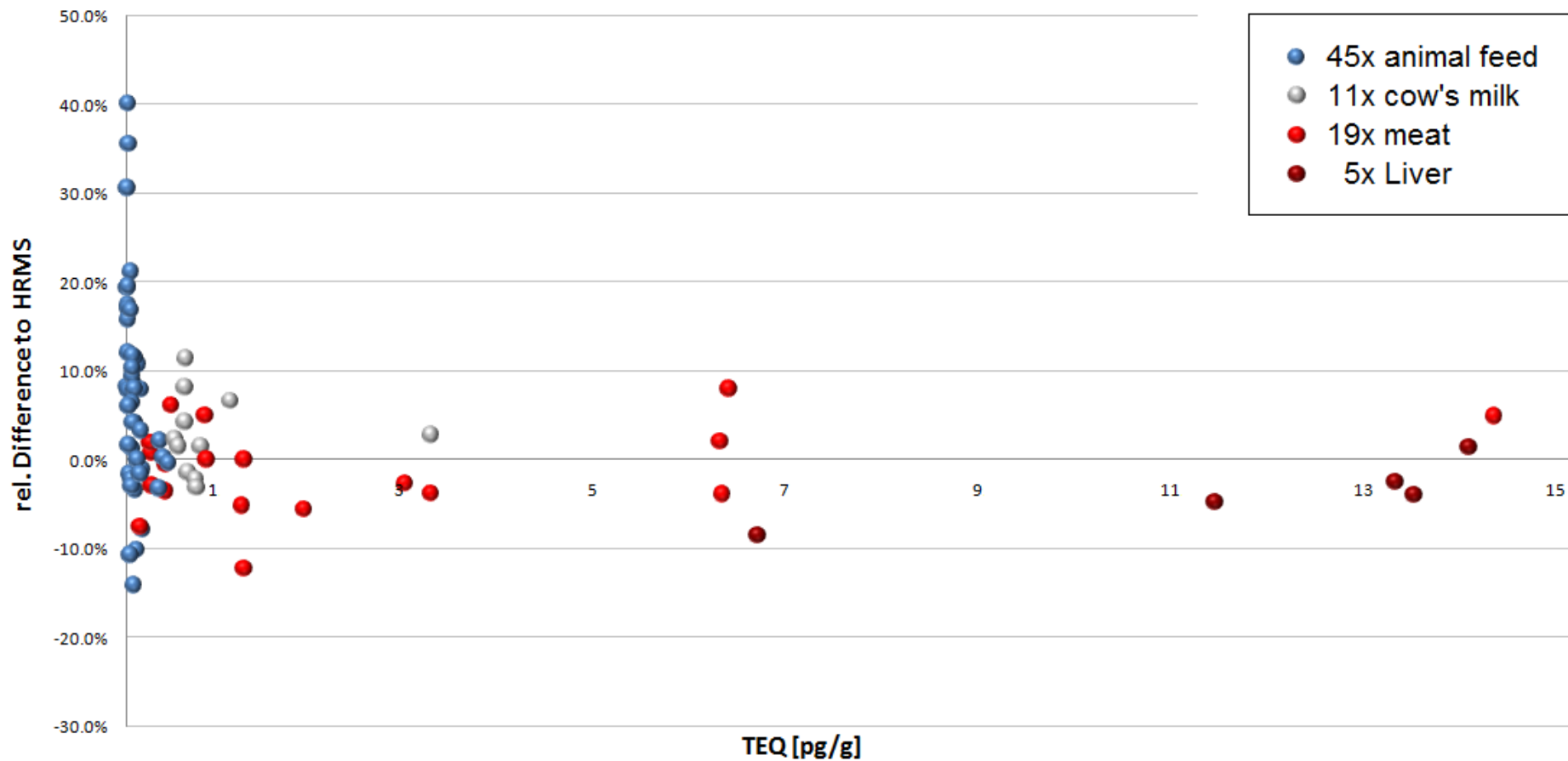
- To assess the performance of GC-MS/MS for the analysis of Dioxins and PCB in food and feed
- To check whether GC-MS/MS can be used as a sensitive screening method and eventually as a reliable and cost-effective alternative for GC-HRMS for confirmatory purposes in official food and feed control
- To investigate whether GC-MS/MS is capable to determine dl-PCBs and especially ndl-PCBs at the level of interest; discussed in the framework of setting harmonized MRL-values for PCBs

GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results (upperbound TEQ)

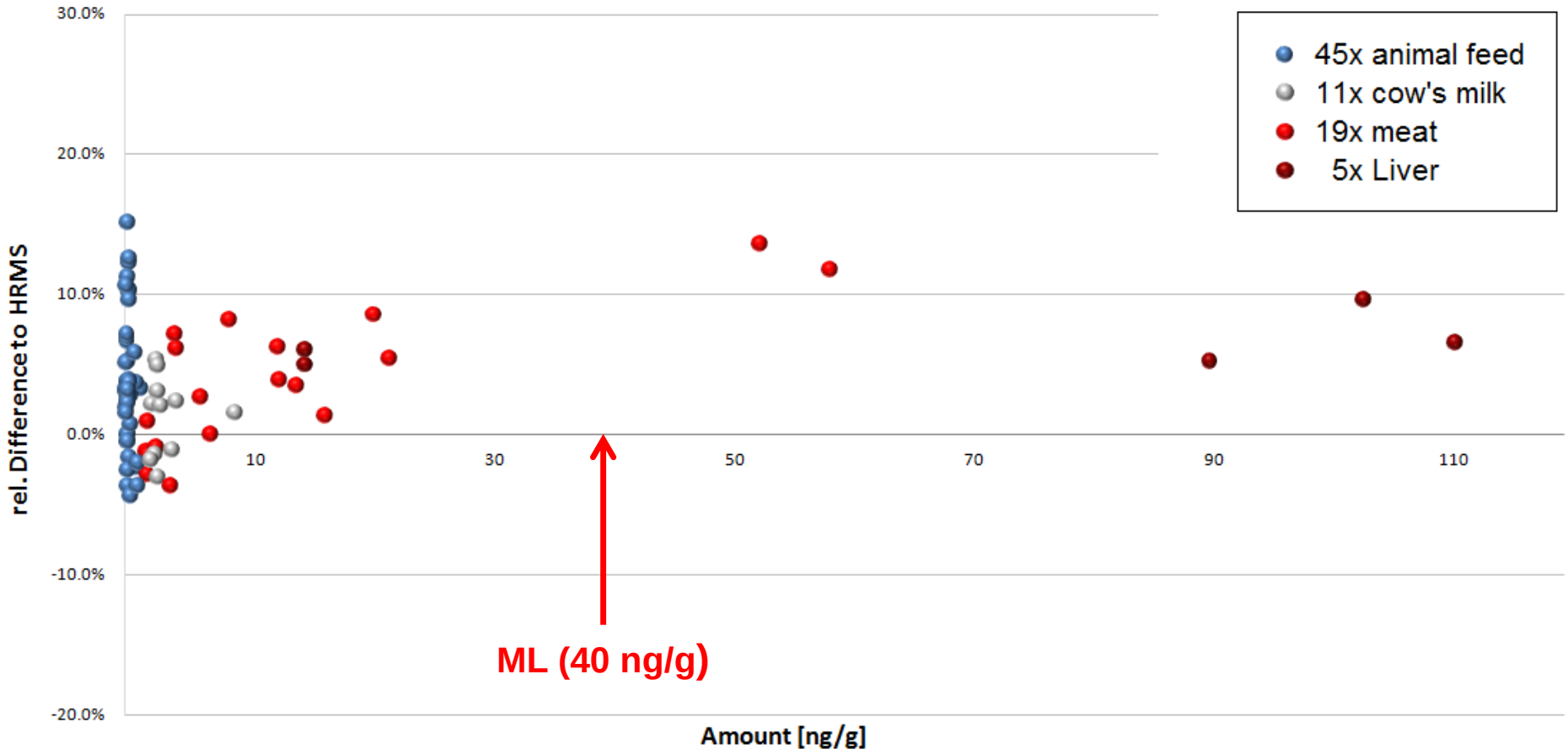


LOD feeding stuff: GC-HRMS: 0.01 - 0.06 pg/g; GC-MS/MS: 0.02 - 0.08 pg/g

GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results (upperbound dl-PCB-TEQ)



GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results (Sum of the 6 ndl PCB)



Results exceeding 30 ng/g are above the calibration curve and thus indicative.

Outcome

Criteria for the analysis of food and feed

- Change of the regulation after 4 years
- Regulation (EU) no. 709/2014 for feeding stuff
- Regulation (EU) no. 589/2014 for food
- **The confirmation of positive results had to be carried out with the GC-HRMS or GC-MS/MS!**



Food:
Regulation (EU) no. 2017/664



Feed:
■ **Regulation (EU) no 2017/771
(amending Regulation (EC) no
152/2009)**

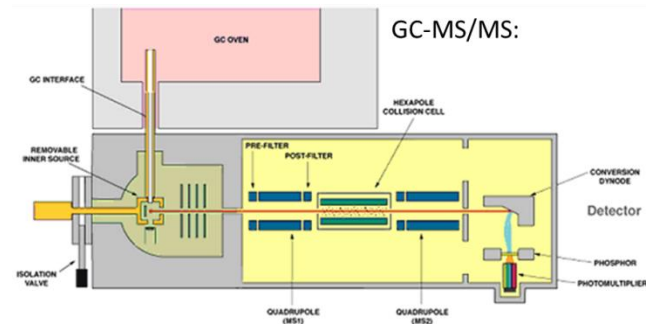
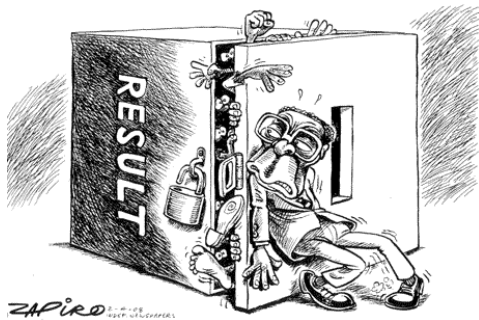


Additional **Requirements** are laid down in the Guidance Documents:

1. Guidance Document on Measurement Uncertainty for Laboratories performing PCDD/F and PCB Analysis using Isotope Dilution Mass Spectrometry
2. The principles as described in the “Guidance Document on the Estimation of LOD and LOQ for Measurements in the Field of Contaminants in Feed and Food”



GC-MS/MS

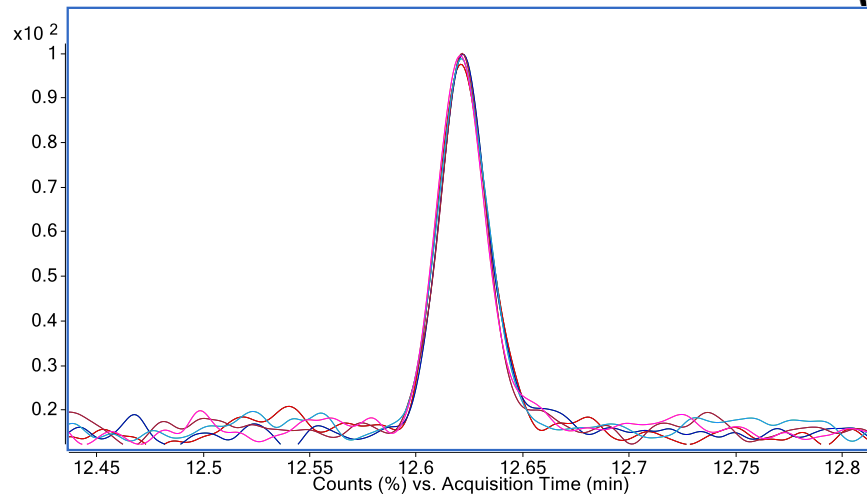


The question today is not whether GC-MS / MS can be used as a confirmation method for the dioxin determination, but when GC-MS / MS achieves the same or better performance as the high-resolution sector field mass spectrometer!

Agilent 7010

High Sensitive GC Triple Quad

2.3.7.8.-TCDD
(5 fg/ μ l; 2 μ l injiziert)



GC settings

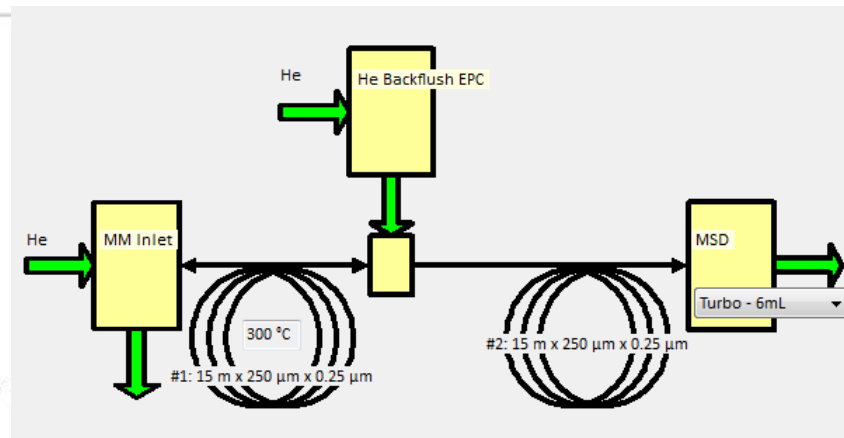


- Injector: MMI -> solvent vent;
- 5-10 μL



Backflush Techniques

- Post-Column Backflush



	Rate °C/min	Value °C	Hold Time min	Run Time min
► (Initial)		40	0.5	0.5
Ramp 1	40	150	0	3.25
Ramp 2	2.5	250	0	43.25
Ramp 3	10	300	6	54.25
*				

Attention: These settings do not fulfill the legal requirements of Regulation (EU) No. 2017/664!

MS-settings

Dynamic MRM

Tune File
atunes.eihs Browse...

Source Parameters
Ion Source: EI
Source Temperature (°C): 280
Electron Energy Mode: Use Tune Setting
Electron Energy (eV): 70

Detector Setting
☒ Use Gain Factor: 10
☐ Use Delta EMV
Calculated EMV: 1590.8
☒ EM Saver Limit: 1E+08
☒ Data Saved

Run Time
☐ Run time (min): 1
Solvent Delay (min): 5.4

Filtering
☐ Automatically Subtract Baseline
☐ Advanced MRM/SIM filtering
* The feature is instrument dependent

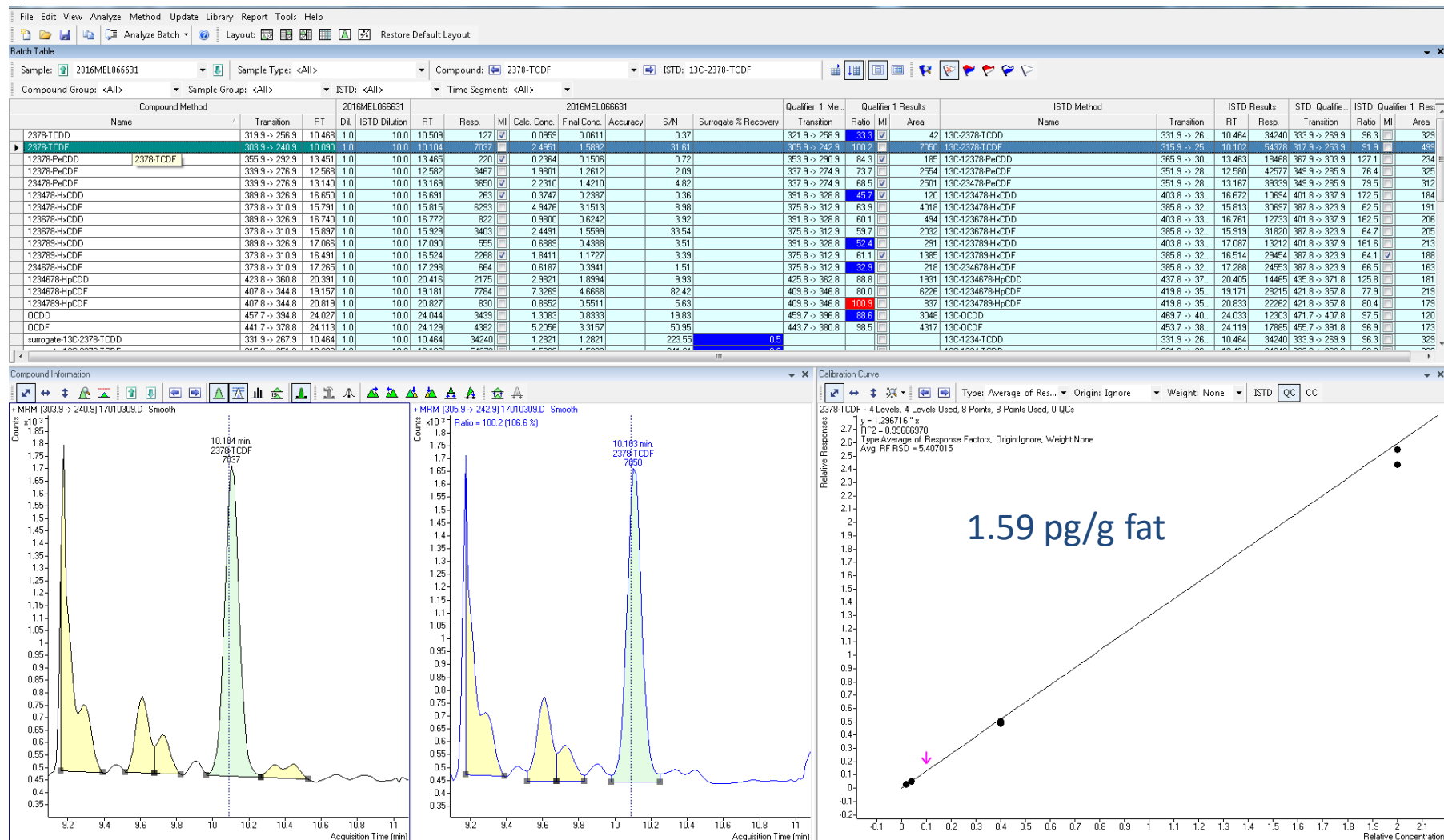
Scan Type dMRM
(use this to revert to non-dMRM method)

Compound Table

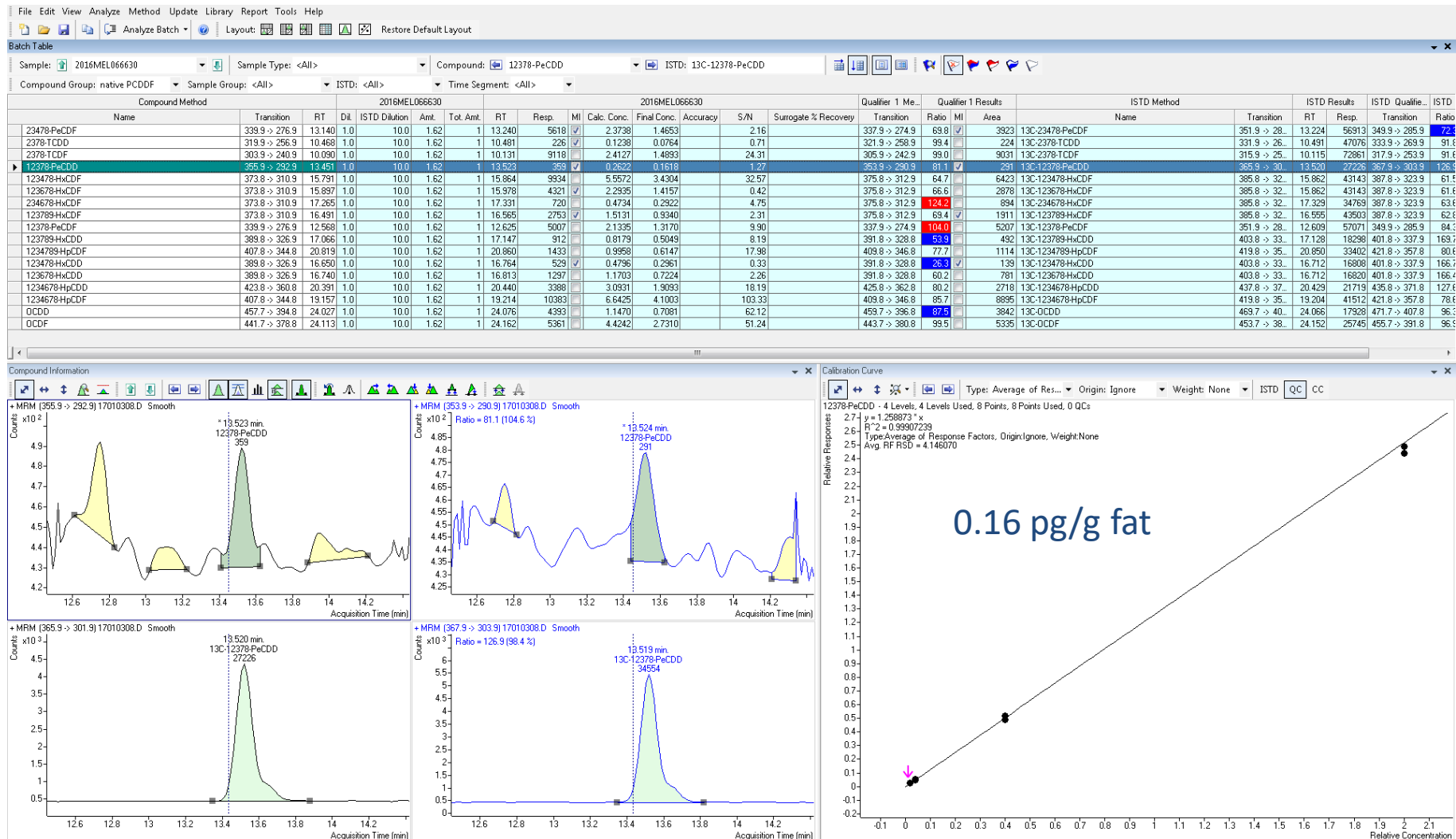
	Enable	Compound Name	CAS#	ISTD	Precursor Ion	MS1 Resolution	Product Ion	MS2 Resolution	RT (min)	Left RT Delta (min)	Right RT Delta (min)	Average Dwell (ms)	CE (eV)
1	☒	13C PCB 126		☐	337.9	Unit	267.9	Unit	10	2	10	26	30
2	☒	13C PCB 126		☐	335.9	Unit	265.9	Unit	10	2	10	26	28
3	☒	PCB 77 + 81		☐	291.9	Unit	222	Unit	10	2	5	28.3	28
4	☒	PCB 77 + 81		☐	289.9	Unit	220	Unit	10	2	5	28.3	28
5	☒	13C PCB 77 + 81		☐	303.9	Unit	234	Unit	10	2	5	28.3	28
6	☒	13C PCB 77 + 81		☐	301.9	Unit	232	Unit	10	2	5	28.3	28
7	☒	13C-HpCDD		☐	437.8	Unit	373.8	Unit	20	2	2	26	26
8	☒	13C-HpCDD		☐	435.8	Unit	371.8	Unit	20	2	2	26	26
9	☒	13C-HpCDF		☐	421.8	Unit	357.8	Unit	20	2	2	28.3	40
10	☒	13C-HpCDF		☐	419.8	Unit	355.8	Unit	20	2	2	28.3	40
11	☒	13C-HxCDD		☐	403.8	Unit	339.8	Unit	16.6	2	2	28.3	35
12	☒	13C-HxCDD		☐	401.8	Unit	337.8	Unit	16.6	2	2	28.3	35
13	☒	13C-HxCDF		☐	387.8	Unit	323.9	Unit	16.5	3	3	28.3	35
14	☒	13C-HxCDF		☐	385.8	Unit	321.9	Unit	16.5	3	3	28.3	35
15	☒	13C-OCDD		☐	471.7	Unit	407.7	Unit	24	1	2	28.3	26
16	☒	13C-OCDD		☐	469.7	Unit	405.7	Unit	24	1	2	28.3	26
17	☒	13C-OCDF		☐	455.7	Unit	391.8	Unit	24	1	2	23.3	40
18	☒	13C-OCDF		☐	453.7	Unit	389.8	Unit	24	1	2	23.3	40
19	☒	13C-PeCDD		☐	367.9	Unit	303.9	Unit	13.5	1	1	23.3	35
20	☒	13C-PeCDD		☐	365.9	Unit	301.9	Unit	13.5	1	1	23.3	35
21	☒	13C-PeCDF		☐	351.9	Unit	287.9	Unit	12.5	1	2.5	21.6	35
22	☒	13C-PeCDF		☐	349.9	Unit	285.9	Unit	12.5	1	2.5	21.6	35
23	☒	13C-TCDD		☐	333.9	Unit	269.9	Unit	10.5	1	1	21.6	24
24	☒	13C-TCDD		☐	331.9	Unit	267.9	Unit	10.5	1	1	21.6	24
25	☒	13C-TCDF		☐	317.9	Unit	253.9	Unit	10.1	1	1	20.6	35
26	☒	13C-TCDF		☐	315.9	Unit	251.9	Unit	10.1	1	1	20.6	35
27	☒	2378TCDD		☐	321.9	Unit	258.9	Unit	10.5	1	1	22.2	24
28	☒	2378TCDD		☐	319.9	Unit	256.9	Unit	10.5	1	1	22.2	24
29	☒	2378-TCDF		☒	305.9	Unit	242.9	Unit	10.1	1	1	20.6	35
30	☒	2378-TCDF		☐	303.9	Unit	240.9	Unit	10.1	1	1	20.6	35
31	☒	HpCDD		☐	425.8	Unit	362.8	Unit	20	2	2	21.2	26
32	☒	HpCDD		☐	423.8	Unit	360.8	Unit	20	2	2	21.2	26
33	☒	HpCDF		☐	409.8	Unit	346.8	Unit	20	2	2	21.8	40
34	☒	HpCDF		☐	407.8	Unit	344.8	Unit	20	2	2	21.8	40
35	☒	HxCDD		☐	391.8	Unit	328.8	Unit	16.5	2	2	21.8	35
36	☒	HxCDD		☐	389.8	Unit	326.9	Unit	16.5	2	2	21.8	35
37	☒	HxCDF		☐	375.8	Unit	312.9	Unit	16.5	3	3	21.8	35
38	☒	HxCDF		☐	373.8	Unit	310.9	Unit	16.5	3	3	21.8	35



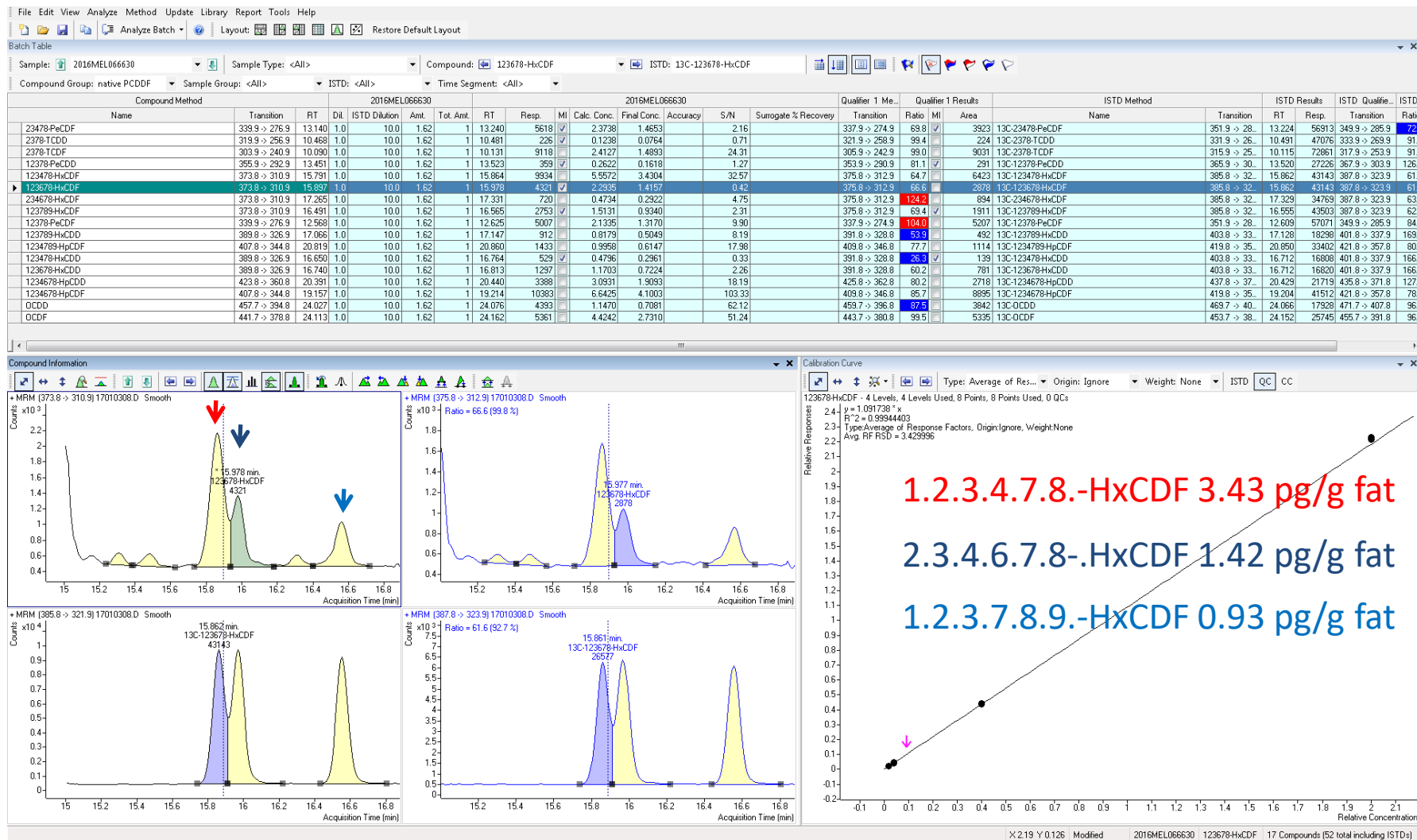
2.3.7.8.-TCDF in a egg sample sample weight 1.6 g fat



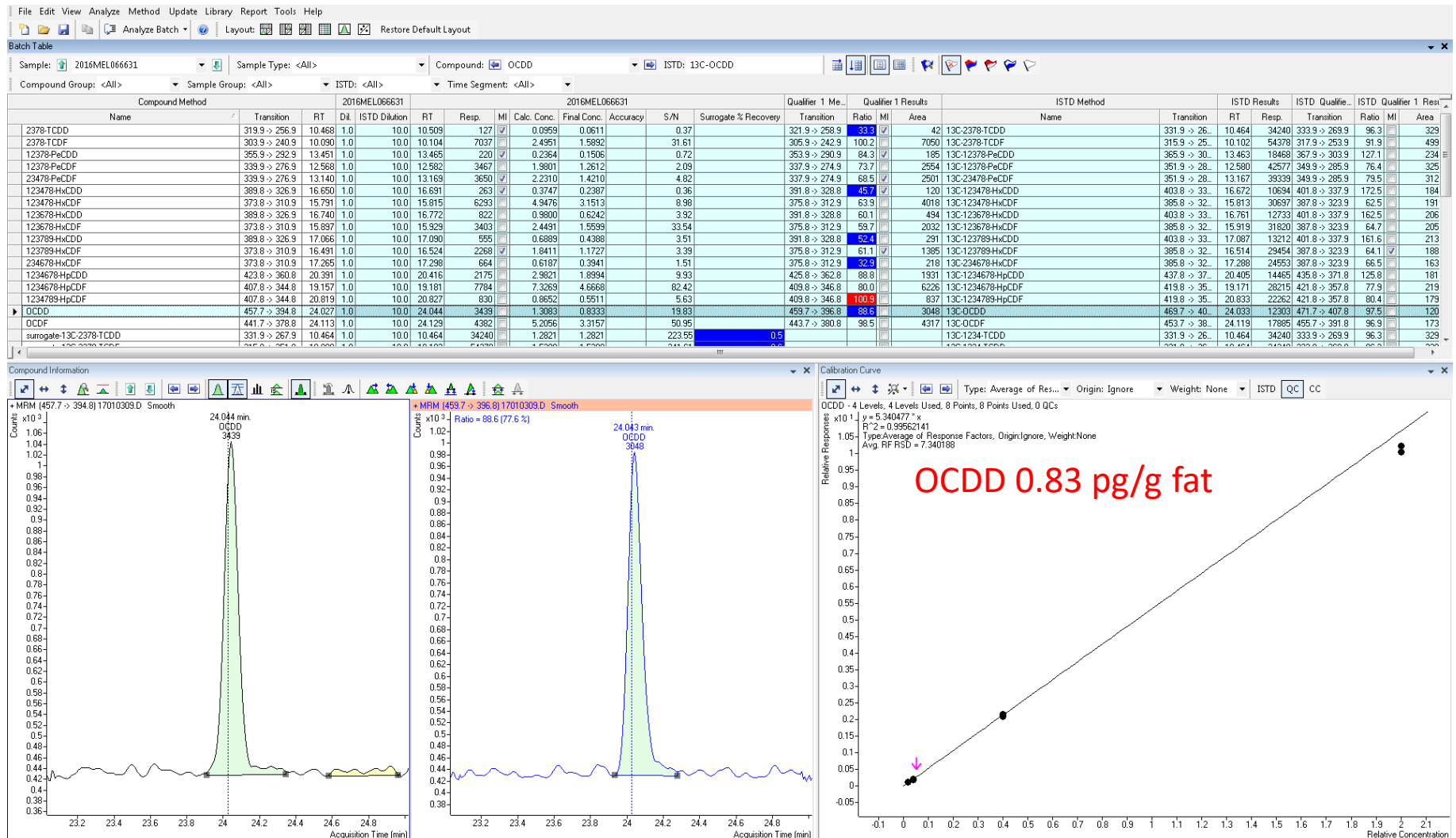
1.2.3.7.8.-PeCDD in a egg sample



HxCDF in a egg sample

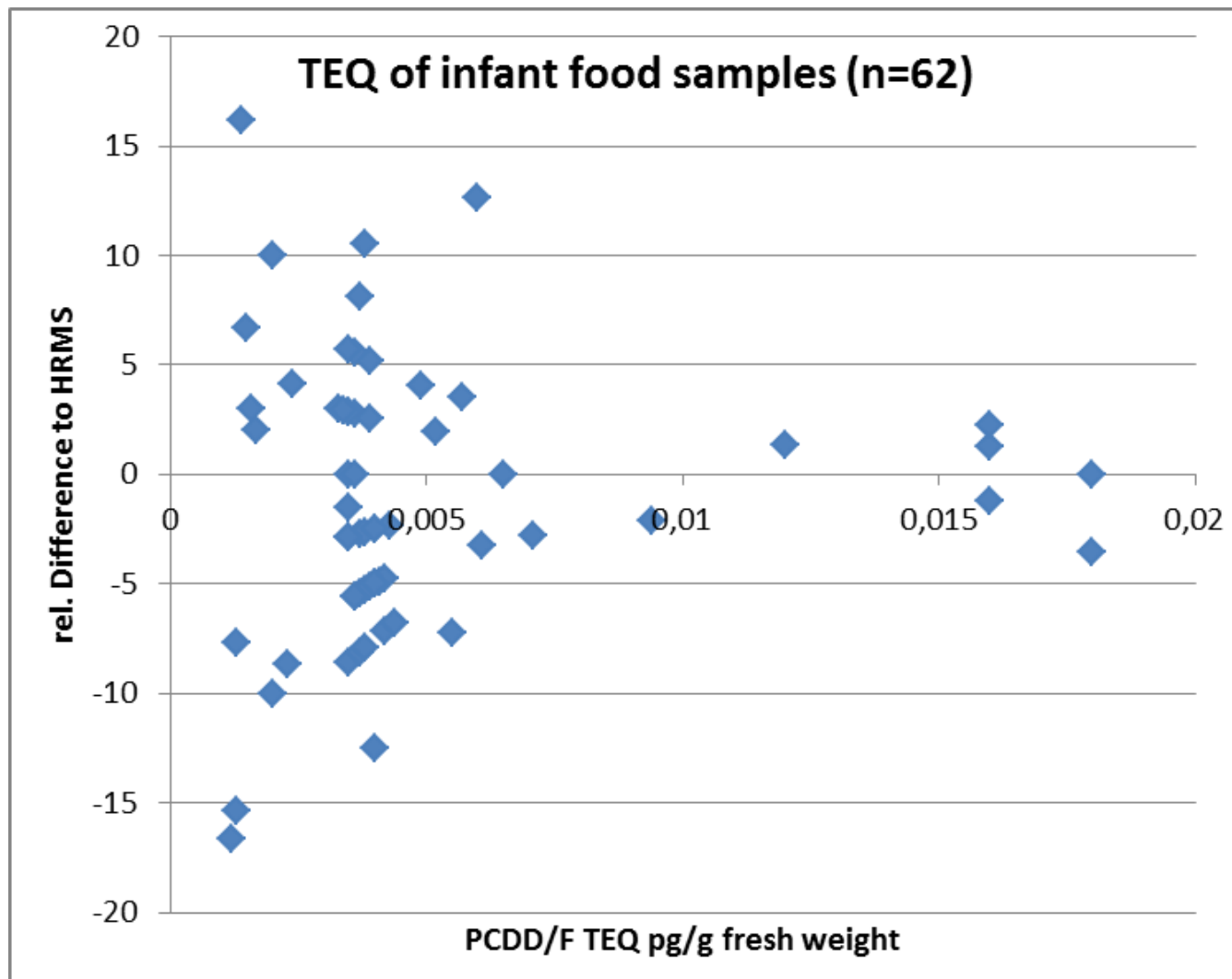


OCDD in a egg sample



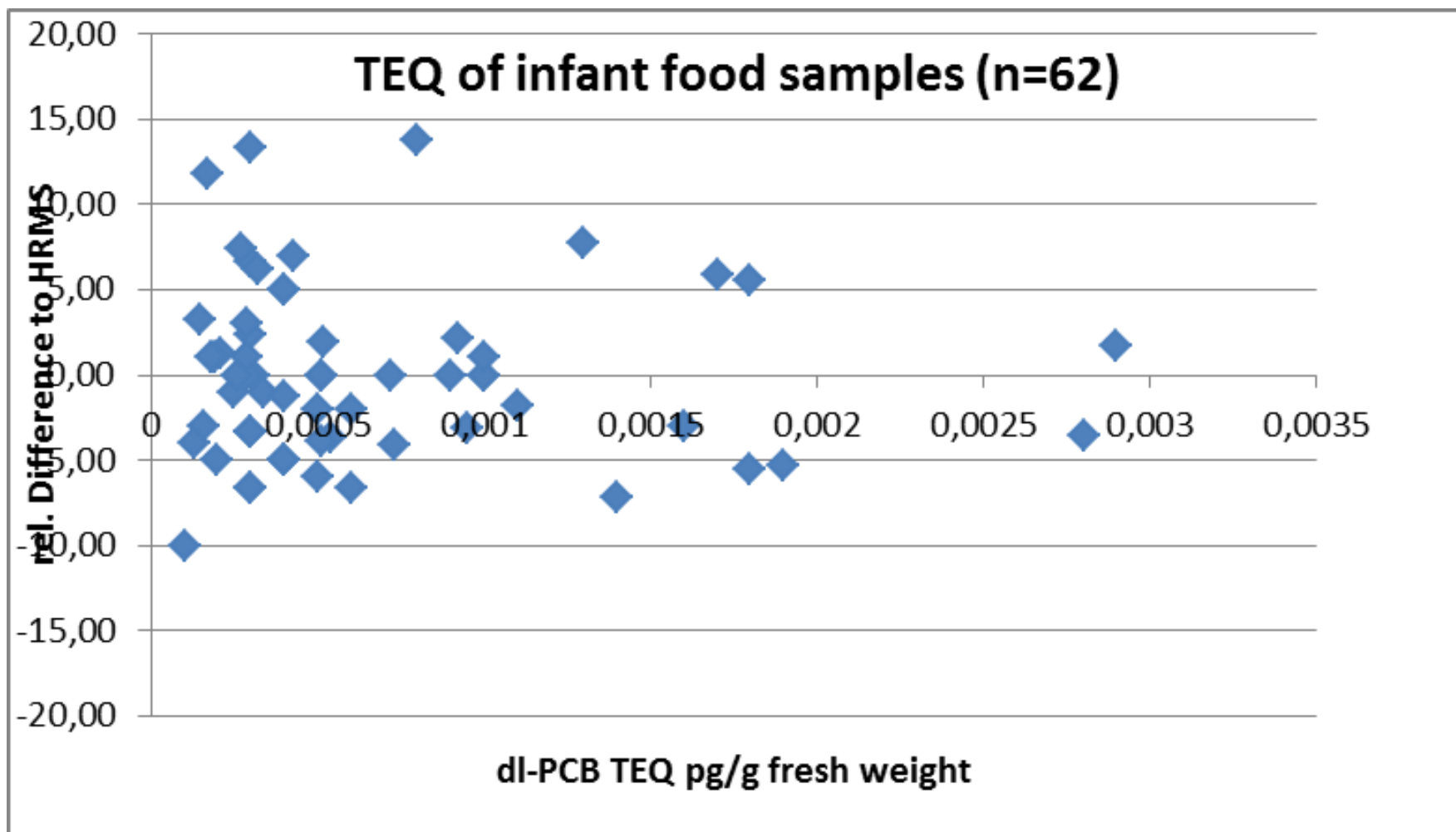
GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results

PCDD/F (upperbound TEQ)



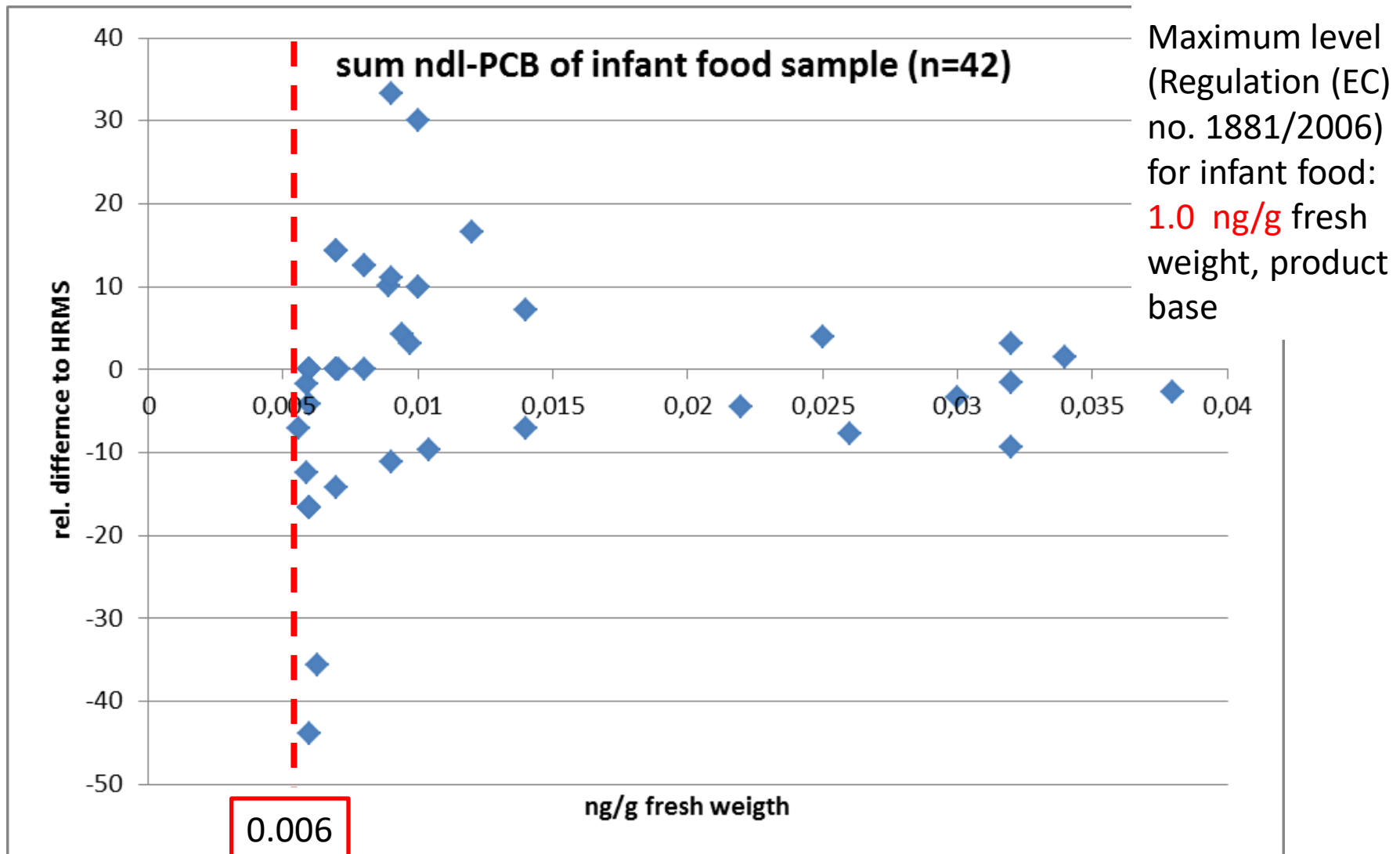
Maximum level
(Regulation (EC)
no. 1881/2006)
for infant food:
0.1 pg TEQ/g
fresh weight,
product base

GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results (upperbound dl-PCB-TEQ)



GC-HRMS vs. GC-MS/MS results

(Sum of the 6 ndl PCB)



report

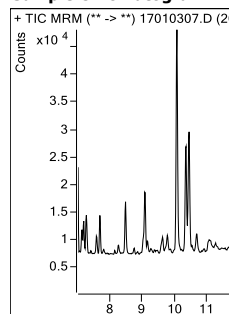
Batch Info
Batch Data Path D:\CVUA_MEL\Projekte\AG62_dioxine\2017\170103\QuantResults\170103.batch.bin

Analysis Time 8.15.2017 2:57 PM **Analyst Name** QQQ-7010B\Admin
Report Time 8.15.2017 2:59 PM **Reporter Name** QQQ-7010B\Admin
Last Calib Update 8.15.2017 2:57 PM **Batch State** Processed

Analysis Info

Acq Time 03.01.2017 15:28
Sample Type Sample
Position 7
Level

Sample Chromatogra



Quantitation Resu

Compound

2378-TCDF
 2378-TCDD
 12378-PeCDF
 23478-PeCDF
 12378-PeCDD
 123478-HxCDF
 123678-HxCDF
 123789-HxCDF
 123478-HxCDD
 123678-HxCDD
 123789-HpCDF
 1234678-HpCDF
 1234678-HpCDD
 123789-HpCDD
 234678-HxCDF
 1234678-HpCDF
 1234678-HpCDD
 1234789-HpCDF
 OCDD
 OCDF

Quantitation Resu

Compound	ISTD	RT	Response	ISTD Resp	Weight (g)	ISTD (pg)	Gehalt (pg/g)	WDF (%)
2378-TCDF	13C-2378-TCDF	10,1	7118	59024	1530	25,0	1,508	80
2378-TCDD	13C-2378-TCDD	10,5	135	36588	1530	25,0	0,059	75
12378-PeCDF	13C-12378-PeCDF	12,6	3308	44897	1530	25,0	1,156	105
23478-PeCDF	13C-23478-PeCDF	13,2	3279	43190	1530	25,0	1,189	90
12378-PeCDD	13C-12378-PeCDD	13,5	405	18765	1530	25,0	0,249	103
123478-HxCDF	13C-123478-HxCDF	15,8	6667	35539	1530	25,0	3,003	102
123678-HxCDF	13C-123678-HxCDF	15,9	3336	38778	1530	25,0	1,262	105
123789-HxCDF	13C-123789-HxCDF	16,5	2231	35630	1530	25,0	0,978	101
123478-HxCDD	13C-123478-HxCDD	16,7	206	13848	1530	25,0	0,146	102
123678-HxCDD	13C-123678-HxCDD	16,8	448	13860	1530	25,0	0,325	105
123789-HxCDD	13C-123789-HxCDD	17,1	285	16082	1530	25,0	0,190	108
234678-HxCDF	13C-234678-HxCDF	17,3	481	31127	1530	25,0	0,229	103
1234678-HpCDF	13C-1234678-HpCDF	19,2	7133	33446	1530	25,0	3,709	98
1234678-HpCDD	13C-1234678-HpCDD	20,4	2160	17238	1530	25,0	1,607	95
1234789-HpCDF	13C-1234789-HpCDF	20,9	854	25776	1530	25,0	0,494	97
OCDD	13C-OCDD	24,0	2767	13220	1530	25,0	0,637	90
OCDF	13C-OCDF	24,1	3455	20369	1530	25,0	2,439	89

1234789-HpCDF	13C-1234789-HpCDF	20,9	854	25776	1530	25,0	0,494	97
OCDD	13C-OCDD	24,0	2767	13220	1530	25,0	0,637	90
OCDF	13C-OCDF	24,1	3455	20369	1530	25,0	2,439	89



Report 2

Polychlorierte Dibenzodioxine, -furane (PCDD/F) und polychlorierte Biphenyle mit PCDD/F-ähnlicher Toxizität

Messung in	Matrix	LIMS-Ausgabe	Probe:	2017-0014609
☒ Fett	☒ Lebensmittel	☒ Spalte B	Datum:	26.1.2017
☐ AGF / Frischsub.	☐ Futtermittel	☐ Spalte C	Einwaage in g	1,84
☐ Trockenmasse			Fettgehalt in %	9,10
			Trockenmasse in %	
geprüft und in LIMS übertragen:				
☐ unauffällig ☐ auffällig ☐ beanstandet				

Dibenzodioxine und -furane (PCDD/F-TEQ)			
	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform	
(WHO-TEF 2005) lower bound	5,5580	0,506	
(WHO-TEF 2005) medium bound	5,5580	0,506	
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	5,5580	0,506	
(WHO-TEF 1998) lower bound	6,7470	0,614	
(WHO-TEF1998) medium bound	6,7470	0,614	
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	6,7470	0,614	
(NATO 1988) lower bound	6,5350	0,595	
(NATO 1988) medium bound	6,5350	0,595	

Polychlorierte Biphenyle (WHO-non-ortho-PCB-TEQ)

	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform	
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	1,6200	0,147	
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	1,5300	0,139	

WHO-mono-ortho-PCB-TEQ

	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform	
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	0,0550	0,005	
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	0,3000	0,027	

Summe PCB-TEQ

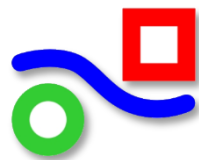
	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform	
(WHO-TEF 2005) lower bound	1,6750	0,152	
(WHO-TEF 2005) medium bound	1,6750	0,152	
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	1,6750	0,152	
(WHO-TEF 1998) lower bound	1,8300	0,167	
(WHO-TEF 1998) medium bound	1,8300	0,167	
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	1,8300	0,167	

	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform
(WHO-TEF 2005) lower bound	5,5580	0,506
(WHO-TEF 2005) medium bound	5,5580	0,506
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	5,5580	0,506
(WHO-TEF 1998) lower bound	6,7470	0,614
(WHO-TEF1998) medium bound	6,7470	0,614
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	6,7470	0,614
(NATO 1988) lower bound	6,5350	0,595
(NATO 1988) medium bound	6,5350	0,595

Summe PCB-TEQ

	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Fett	Werte in pg/g bezogen auf Angebotsform
(WHO-TEF 2005) lower bound	1,6750	0,152
(WHO-TEF 2005) medium bound	1,6750	0,152
(WHO-TEF 2005) upper bound	1,6750	0,152
(WHO-TEF 1998) lower bound	1,8300	0,167
(WHO-TEF 1998) medium bound	1,8300	0,167
(WHO-TEF 1998) upper bound	1,8300	0,167



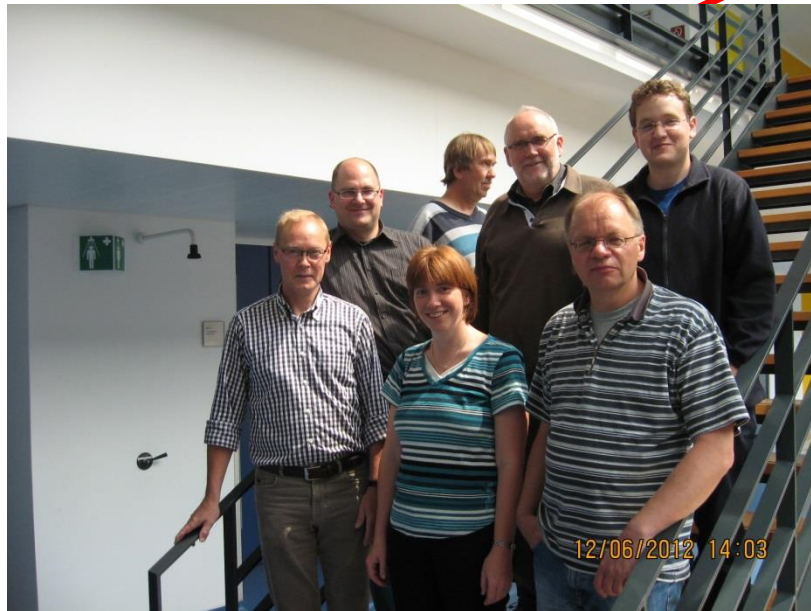


Many thanks to the people
„behind the work“

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Bavarian Health and Food Safety
Authority



and
you for
your attention!



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