SAFETY DATA SHEET

Microsorb LC columns with more than 30 ml of ACN type solvent

Section 1. Identification

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

**Product identifier**
- Microsorb LC columns with more than 30 ml of ACN type solvent

**Part no.**
- R080940G10, R083243G10, R0008204G8, R00083241G, R080920C10, R008323C5, R0080220C5, R008320C5, R0080220C8, R0080320C8, R083223C10, R083523C10, R0083223C5, R0083523C5, R00803221C, R00083321C, R080940C10, R083243C10, R0008240C8, R00803241C

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

**Material uses**
- Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
  - HPLC column
  - Solvent volume: > 30 ml
  - R080940G10: Microsorb 100-10 BDS Dynamax Guard 2, 67.3 ml tube, 40 ml solvent
  - R083243G10: Microsorb 300-10 C18 Dynamax Guard 2, 67.3 ml tube, 40 ml solvent
  - R0080240G8: Microsorb 100-8 C18 Dynamax Guard 2, 67.3 ml tube, 40 ml solvent
  - R0083241G: Microsorb 60-8 C18 Dynamax Guard 2, 67.3 ml tube, 40 ml solvent
  - R080920C10: Microsorb 100-10 BDS Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0083323C5: Microsorb 300-5 C8 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0080220C5: Microsorb 100-5 C18 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0080320C5: Microsorb 100-5 C8 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0080D20C5: Microsorb 100-5 Phenyl Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0080220C8: Microsorb 100-8 C18 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0080320C8: Microsorb 100-8 C8 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R083223C10: Microsorb 300-10 C18 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R083523C10: Microsorb 300-10 C4 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0083223C5: Microsorb 300-5 C18 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R0083523C5: Microsorb 300-5 C4 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R00803221C: Microsorb 60-8 C18 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R00083321C: Microsorb 60-8 C8 Dynamax 250 x 21.4mm, 89.9 ml tube, 54 ml solvent
  - R080940C10: Microsorb 100-10 BDS Dynamax 250x41.4mm, 336.5 ml tube,
  - R083243C10: Microsorb 300-10 C18 Dynamax 250 x 41.4mm, 336.5 ml tube,
  - R0800240C8: Microsorb 100-8 C18 Dynamax 250 x 41.4mm, 336.5 ml tube, 202 ml solvent
  - R00083241C: Microsorb 60-8 C8 Dynamax 250 x 41.4mm, 336.5 ml tube, 202 ml solvent

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**Date of previous issue**: 30/11/2017
**Version**: 3
Section 1. Identification

Supplier/Manufacturer: Agilent Technologies Australia Pty Ltd
679 Springvale Road
Mulgrave
Victoria 3170, Australia
1800 802 402

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation): CHEMTREC®: +(61)-290372994

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Classification of the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H225</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statements:

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Additional warning phrases: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

None known.
Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product’s directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Substance/mixture: Mixture (encapsulated in article)

CAS number/other identifiers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Organosilane bonded silica gel</td>
<td>≥30 - ≤60</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>≥10 - &lt;25</td>
<td>75-05-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contains: Organosilane bonded silica gel

Note: To the best of our knowledge, the acute and chronic toxicological properties of bonded silica gels have not been investigated. This product contains synthetic amorphous silica, and should not be confused with crystalline silica such as quartz, cristobalite, or tridymite, or with diatomaceous earth or other naturally occurring forms of amorphous silica that frequently contain crystalline forms of silica.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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Version: 3
Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

**Inhalation**: No specific data.

**Skin contact**: No specific data.

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides
- metal oxide/oxides
- cyanides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Hazchem code**: 1Z

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Organosilane bonded silica gel</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Particulate matter not otherwise classified:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(PNOC): 10 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Particulate matter not otherwise classified:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(PNOC): 3 mg/m³ Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Absorbed through skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 101 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Solid. (containing flammable liquid)
Colour: Not available.
Odour: Not available.
Odour threshold: Not available.
\(pH\): Neutral.
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: Not available.
Flash point: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Contains: Flammable liquid
Microsorb LC columns with more than 30 ml of ACN type solvent

**Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Mobile phase: Soluble Stationary phase: Insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>The product is stable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17100 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2460 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100 microliters 500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitisation**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure
Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

Inhalation: No specific data.
Skin contact: No specific data.
Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates
Section 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>2083.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>4583.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td>45.83 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>Acute IC50 3685000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 3600000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1000000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1000000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Lemna minor</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 160000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile</td>
<td>-0.34</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): Not available.

**Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Date of previous issue: 30/11/2017

Version: 3
Section 14. Transport information

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ADG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN3175</td>
<td>UN3175</td>
<td>UN3175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetonitrile)</td>
<td>Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetonitrile)</td>
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<td>Packing group</td>
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<td>II</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
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</table>

Additional information

**ADG**
- **Hazchem code** 1Z
- **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-I
- **Special provisions** 216, 274

**IMDG**
- **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-I
- **Special provisions** 216, 274

**IATA**

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

**Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons**
Not regulated.

**Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances**
No listed substance

**International regulations**
- **Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**
  - Not listed.
- **Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)**
  - Not listed.
- **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**
  - Not listed.
- **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**
  - Not listed.
- **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Date of issue/Date of revision: 08/03/2018
Date of previous issue: 30/11/2017
Version: 3
Microsorb LC columns with more than 30 ml of ACN type solvent

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Inventory list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Status</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Canada</td>
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<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.</td>
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<td>Malaysia</td>
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<td>Turkey</td>
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Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

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<th>08/03/2018</th>
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<td>30/11/2017</td>
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Key to abbreviations

- ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
- SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
- UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
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<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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</table>

References

- Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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