# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



## Refill Hydrocarbon-H2O Trap, Part Number HCRMS

## **Section 1. Identification**

**1.1 Product identifier** 

Product name : Refill Hydrocarbon-H2O Trap, Part Number HCRMS

Part no. : HCRMS
Validation date : 8/30/2018

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use

HCRMS Refill, Hydrocarbon-H2O Trap, 1pt

Bottle 450 ml

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier/Manufacturer**: Agilent Technologies, Inc.

5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA

800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

Comb. Dusts COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 30 -

60%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: >

60%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 30 - 60%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment: 9%

#### 2.2 GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : No Code(s) - May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

**Precautionary statements** 

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

2.3 Other hazards

**Hazards not otherwise** 

classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ørystalline silica, respirable powder cristobalite	≤5 ≤5	14808-60-7 14464-46-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

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## Section 4. First aid measures

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

## 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

 Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific : Not applicable.

solutions

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **8.1 Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
rystalline silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).  TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable  TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).  TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
cristobalite	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).  TWA: 250 mppcf / 2 x (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.  Form: Respirable  TWA: 10 mg/m³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.  Form: Respirable  TWA: 30 mg/m³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.  Form: Total dust  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).  TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:  Respirable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

# : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

## **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Solid. [Pellets./Granular solid./Powder.]

Color : Fan./White.
Odor : Odorless.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Boiling point** Not available. Flash point : Not available. : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : Not available. : Not available. **Relative density** 

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: The product is stable. 10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
cristobalite	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
rystalline silica, respirable powder cristobalite	Category 1	Inhalation	lungs
	Category 1	Inhalation	lungs

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or

prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**12.5 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## Section 14. Transport information

DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / : Not regulated.

**IATA** 

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air

**Pollutants (HAPs)** 

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

: Not listed

Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** 

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
<b>⊘</b> arbon	≥50 - ≤75	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
crystalline silica, respirable powder		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) (inhalation) - Category 1
cristobalite		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) (inhalation) - Category 1

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ;

CRISTOBALITE DUST

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO2); SILICA,

CRISTOBALITE; CRISTOBALITE (SiO2)

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: QUARTZ DUST; QUARTZ; CRISTOBALITE

DUST; CRISTOBALITE

## California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline, Silica, crystalline, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Sílica, crystalline Silica, crystalline	-	-

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

## **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## **Inventory list**

Malaysia

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : Not determined.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

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## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

## **History**

Date of issue : 08/30/2018

Date of previous issue : 03/30/2017

Version : 5

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

<sup>▼</sup> Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## **Notice to reader**

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

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