SAFETY DATA SHEET
Refill - Molecular Sieve, Part Number GMSR

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name : Refill - Molecular Sieve, Part Number GMSR
Part No. : GMSR

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5 kg Bottle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

- H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
- H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
- H412 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 10 - 30%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: > 60%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 10 - 30%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 21%

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 21%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
Hazard pictograms : [Images of hazard pictograms]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19/01/2018
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H350 - May cause cancer.
- H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response:
- P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage:
- P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients:
- Disodium oxide
- Cobalt dichloride

Supplemental label elements:
- Contains cobalt dichloride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
- Restricted to professional users.

Tactile warning of danger:
- Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards:

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- Causes digestive tract burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>EC: 231-545-4</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>Not classified.</td>
<td>[2]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Carc. 1B, H350i (inhalation)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or wristband.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or wristband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19/01/2018
SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Skin contact**
- Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion**
- Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain
  - watering
  - redness

**Inhalation**
- No specific data.

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - blistering may occur

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**
- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture**
- This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special precautions for fire-fighters**
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**
- If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions

Not applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values
--- | ---
Silicon dioxide | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust TWA: 2.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
Aluminium oxide | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
Magnesium oxide | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m³, (as Mg) 8 hours Form: inhalable dust TWA: 4 mg/m³, (as Mg) 8 hours. Form: respirable dust and fume
Cobalt dichloride | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Solid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising properties</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : May react or be incompatible with oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>80 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Skin : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Respiratory : May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19/01/2018
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
- General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>Acute EC50 522 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlorella vulgaris - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 1110 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute IC50 1.19 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1.67 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1406 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fry</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>Acute IC50 1.19 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1.67 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1406 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>Acute LC50 1.67 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>Acute LC50 1406 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>0.85</td>
<td>15600</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}): Not available.
- Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste Packaging

Methods of disposal : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Special precautions : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID / IMDG / IATA : Not regulated.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Intrinsic property</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Reference number</th>
<th>Date of revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19/01/2018
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.

Seveso Directive
This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>List name</th>
<th>Name on list</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cobalt dichloride</td>
<td>UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL</td>
<td>cobalt compounds</td>
<td>Carc.</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>All components are listed or exempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viet Nam</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carc. 1B, H350</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412</td>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H341</td>
<td>Suspected of causing genetic defects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H350</td>
<td>May cause cancer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H350i (inhalation)</td>
<td>May cause cancer by inhalation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H360F</td>
<td>May damage fertility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H400</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H412</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H350: May cause cancer.
- H350i (inhalation): May cause cancer by inhalation.
- H360F: May damage fertility.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

- Acute Tox. 4, H302: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
- Aquatic Acute 1, H400: SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
- Aquatic Chronic 1, H410: LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
- Aquatic Chronic 3, H412: LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
- Carc. 1B, H350: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
- Carc. 1B, H350i (inhalation): CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 1B
- EUH014: Reacts violently with water.
- Muta. 2, H341: GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
- Repr. 1B, H360F: REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 1B
- Resp. Sens. 1, H334: RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
- Skin Corr. 1B, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
- Skin Sens. 1, H317: SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19/01/2018
Date of previous issue: 29/03/2016.
Version: 2

Notice to reader

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent’s state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.