Section 1. Identification

False

Product identifier : Methylheptadecanoate-d33 In Dodecane, Part Number G3440-85029
Part No. : G3440-85029

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Analytical chemistry.
3 x 2 ml ampoule (1000 mg/l)

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies Australia Pty Ltd
679 Springvale Road
Mulgrave
Victoria 3170, Australia
1800 802 402

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: (61)-290372994

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 99.9%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :  

Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : P227 - Combustible liquid.
                  H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
            P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Response : P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.
         P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
         P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/11/2016
Date of previous issue : 31/10/2014
Version : 4
Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>(w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dodecane</td>
<td>≥90</td>
<td>112-40-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/11/2016
Date of previous issue : 31/10/2014
Version : 4
Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store between the following temperatures: 18 to 25°C (64.4 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dodecane</td>
<td>TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 6/2016). TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 1200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate engineering controls
Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

**Hand protection**
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**
Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Colour**: White.
- **Odour**: Not available.
- **Odour threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point**: -12°C (10.4°F)
- **Boiling point**: 216.2°C (421.2°F)
- **Flash point**:
  - Closed cup: 73.88°C (165°F)
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable.
- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Lower: 0.6%

**Vapour pressure**: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [50°C]
**Vapour density**: 5.9 [Air = 1]
**Relative density**: 0.75
**Density**: 0.75 g/cm³
**Solubility**: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
**Auto-ignition temperature**: 205°C (401°F)
**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
**Viscosity**:
  - Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): ≤0.205 cm²/s (≤20.5 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

**Conditions to avoid**
- Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials**
- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dodecane</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit - Male, Female</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dodecane</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>96 hours 300 microliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 0.05 Milliliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**
- Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Sensitisation**
- Not available.

**Mutagenicity**
- Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**
- Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**
- Not available.

**Teratogenicity**
- Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**
- Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**
- Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methylheptadecanoate-d33 In Dodecane, Part Number G3440-85029 dodecane</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Information on likely routes of exposure**
- Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects
- **Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Ingestion**: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
- **Eye contact**: No specific data.
- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: No specific data.
- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
- **Short term exposure**
  - **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
  - **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.
- **Long term exposure**
  - **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
  - **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
- Not available.
  - **General**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Teratogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Fertility effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
- **Acute toxicity estimates**
  - Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**
- Not available.

**Persistence and degradability**
- Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dodecane</td>
<td>6.98</td>
<td>239.88</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information

ADG / IMDG / IATA : Not regulated as Dangerous Goods according to the ADG Code.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) : Not determined.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/11/2016

Date of previous issue : 31/10/2014.

Version : 4
Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.
Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.
        Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia : Not determined.
New Zealand : Not determined.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/11/2016
Date of previous issue : 31/10/2014.
Version : 4

Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
                        ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
                        BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
                        GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
                        IATA = International Air Transport Association
                        IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
                        IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
                        LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
                        MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
                                 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
                        NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
                        SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
                        UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 4, H227</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References : Not available.

This indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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