SAFETY DATA SHEET

Checkout Sample Kit for Sulfurs in Petroleum, Part Number G3440-85011

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Checkout Sample Kit for Sulfurs in Petroleum, Part Number G3440-85011
Part No. : G3440-85011

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Analytical chemistry.
3 x 1.5 ml ampoule

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies Australia Pty Ltd
679 Springvale Road
Mulgrave
Victoria 3170, Australia
1800 802 402

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: (61)-290372994

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| H315 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| H360 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 1A |
| H360 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 1A |
| H336 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| H373 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| H304 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| H400 | ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| H410 | LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Flammable Liquid" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Skin Corrosion/Irritation" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.
P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Response:
P391 - Collect spillage.
P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P302 + P352 + P362 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing.
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 - Store locked up.
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal:
P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
None known.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2,4-trimethylpentane</td>
<td>≥75 - ≤90</td>
<td>540-84-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤30</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact:
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation:
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact:
Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion:
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation:
Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact:
Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion:
Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments:
No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders:
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable extinguishing media**
  
  Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**
  
  Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

- Carbon dioxide
- Carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Hazchem code**

•3YE

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for cleaning up**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Do not store above the following temperature: 4°C (39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2,4-trimethylpentane</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 574 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/03/2017
Date of previous issue: 31/07/2015
Version: 4
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state: Liquid.
Colour: Not available.
Odour: Not available.
Odour threshold: Not available.
pH: Not available.
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: Not available.
Flash point: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
Vapour pressure: Not available.
Vapour density: Not available.
Relative density: Not available.
Solubility: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.
Viscosity: Not available.
**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity**
- No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**
- The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**
- Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**
- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

---

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2,4-trimethylpentane</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>&gt;33.52 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>49 g/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>636 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.5 minutes 100 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>870 Micrograms</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>435 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitisation**
- Not available.

**Mutagenicity**
- Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**
- Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**
- Not available.

**Teratogenicity**
- Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**
Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:**
- Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Ingestion:**
- Causes skin irritation.

**Skin contact:**
- Causes central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Eye contact:**
- Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2,4-trimethylpentane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact:**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation:**
- Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact:**
- Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion:**
- Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact:**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

**Inhalation:**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Skin contact:**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Ingestion:**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects:**
- Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Other information : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.74 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia</td>
<td>7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4, trimethylpentane</td>
<td>4.08</td>
<td>231</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>2.73</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) | Not available. |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>Special provisions 274</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>UN number</strong></td>
<td>ADG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN1993</td>
<td>UN1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UN proper shipping name</strong></td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2,2,4-trimethylpentane, Toluene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transport hazard class(es)</strong></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Flammable" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Packing group</strong></td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environmental hazards</strong></td>
<td>Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Additional information</strong></td>
<td>Hazchem code •3YE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Special provisions 274</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances
No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Canada: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

China: All components are listed or exempted.

Europe: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia: Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines: Not determined.

Republic of Korea: Not determined.

Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.

Turkey: Not determined.

United States: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/03/2017
Date of previous issue: 31/07/2015.
Version: 4
Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations:
- ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
- SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
- UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1A, H360 (Fertility)</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1A, H360 (Unborn child)</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 2, H373</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1, H400</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References:
- Not available.

Notice to reader
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent’s state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.