

SAFETY DATA SHEET

APCI-L Low Concentration Tuning Mix

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : APCI-L Low Concentration Tuning Mix
Part no. : G1969-85010

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
 100 ml Container
Uses advised against : None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies Deutschland GmbH
 Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
 76337 Waldbronn
 Germany
 0800 603 1000
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +353 1 901 4670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Category 2
H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)	Category 4
H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)	Category 3
H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)	Category 3
H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION	Category 2
H351	CARCINOGENICITY	Category 2
H370	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE	Category 1
H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE	Category 2

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Danger

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
 H311 + H331 - Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
 H370 - Causes damage to organs.
 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
- Response** : P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile; methanol and chloroform
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : For use in industrial installations only.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
acetonitrile	EC: 200-835-2 CAS: 75-05-8 Index: 608-001-00-3	≥75 - ≤90	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	≤14	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

chloroform	EC: 200-663-8 CAS: 67-66-3 Index: 602-006-00-4	≤1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361d STOT RE 1, H372	(vapours)] = 3 mg/l STOT SE 1, H370: C ≥ 10% STOT SE 2, H371: 3% ≤ C < 10% ATE [Oral] = 695 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 7.348 mg/l	[1] [2]
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Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds
carbonyl halides
cyanides
Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
- Additional information** : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
H2	50 tonnes	200 tonnes
H3	50 tonnes	200 tonnes
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
acetonitrile	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 40 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 70 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 4 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 1.8 ppm.</p> <p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 70 mg/m³.</p>
methanol	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 200 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 260 mg/m³.</p> <p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m³.</p>
chloroform	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 2 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 9.8 mg/m³.</p> <p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.</p>

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
methanol	<p>NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.</p>

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
acetonitrile	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral 0.6 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 1.2 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 2.4 mg/m ³
methanol	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral 4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal 4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal 20 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 20 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 26 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 26 mg/m ³

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

chloroform	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	26 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	26 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	130 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	130 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	130 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	130 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	0.33 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	0.625 mg/m ³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	0.625 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	2.86 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	5 mg/m ³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	5 mg/m ³

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : When used as intended with Agilent instruments, use of the product is not expected to result in direct contact with the chemical. However, in case of accidental contact with splash wear good quality:
 Glove material: butyl rubber
 Glove thickness: ≥ 0.2 mm
 Breakthrough time: >30 minutes

While not recommended, if typical disposable laboratory nitrile gloves are used, they need to be removed immediately if contacted with the mixture. When contacted with acetonitrile, typical laboratory nitrile gloves have very short breakthrough times, considerably less than 10 minutes.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : When used as intended with Agilent instruments, the use of the product under normal laboratory conditions and with standard practices does not result in significant airborne exposures, and, therefore, respiratory protection isn't needed.
In emergency situations, when a respirator is needed, use a full-face supplied air respirator and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as CEN (EU) or NIOSH (US).
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 2°C
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 524°C [Based on solvent.]
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility	Media	Result
	water	Soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg) [Based on solvent.]
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Relative vapour density** : Not available.

Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- Miscible with water** : Yes.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Physical/chemical properties comments** : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals and acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
acetonitrile	Rat - Oral - LD50 2460 mg/kg
methanol	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 17100 ppm [4 hours]
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 15800 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50 5600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 145000 ppm [1 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 64000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 83.84 mg/l [4 hours]
chloroform	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 189.95 mg/l [1 hours]
	Rat - Oral - LD50 695 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >20 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 47702 mg/m ³ [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
APCI-L Low Concentration Tuning Mix	321.1	806.9	N/A	8.0	N/A
acetonitrile	500	1100	N/A	11	N/A
methanol	100	300	N/A	3	N/A
chloroform	695	N/A	N/A	7.348	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name : **Result**

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

methanol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
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Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingredient name methanol	Conclusion/Summary Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name acetonitrile	Result Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
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methanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
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Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 40 mg
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Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 MI
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chloroform	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
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Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 MI
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Conclusion/Summary [Product] : May cause eye irritation.

Ingredient name methanol	Conclusion/Summary May cause eye irritation.
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Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name acetonitrile	Conclusion/Summary May cause respiratory irritation.
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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

Ingredient name

methanol

chloroform

Conclusion/Summary

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

Detected in maternal milk in humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

methanol

Result

STOT SE 1, H370

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

chloroform

Result

STOT RE 1, H372

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

Skin contact

: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.

Ingestion

: Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: No specific data.

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.
- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage.
May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
acetonitrile	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 3600 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - IC50 - Fresh water 3685 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 160 mg/l [21 days]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1000 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 1000 mg/l [96 hours]
methanol	Acute - LC50 - Marine water 2500 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 290 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water 9.96 mg/l [96 hours]
chloroform	Acute - EC50 - Marine water 2736 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 13.3 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 2.803 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1.8 mg/l [21 days]
	Chronic - EC10 3.61 mg/l [72 hours]
Acute - EC50 13.3 mg/l [72 hours]	

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
acetonitrile	- 70% [21 days] - Readily -

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetonitrile	-	-	Readily
methanol	-	-	Readily
chloroform	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
acetonitrile	-0.34	3	Low
methanol	-0.77	<10	Low
chloroform	1.97	690	High

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	Value
acetonitrile	logKoc: 0.42 Koc: 2.62657
methanol	logKoc: 0.44 Koc: 2.75443
chloroform	logKoc: 1.6 Koc: 39.8833

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
acetonitrile	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	Yes
methanol	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
chloroform	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
acetonitrile	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
methanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
chloroform	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
acetonitrile	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
methanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
chloroform	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.




Packaging

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetonitrile, Methanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetonitrile, Methanol)	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetonitrile, Methanol)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

- ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33
Limited quantity 1 L
Special provisions 601, 274, 640D
Tunnel code (D/E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, _S-E_
Special provisions 274
- IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.
Special provisions A3

- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user’s premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**
- Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**
- Annex XIV**
- Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

Labelling : For use in industrial installations only.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Listed

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Ingredient name	Annex	Status
Chloroform	Annex I - Part 1	Listed

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
H2 H3 P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

- Australia** : Not determined.
- Canada** : Not determined.
- China** : Not determined.
- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
- New Zealand** : Not determined.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 2, H373	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225 H301 H302 H311 H312 H315 H319 H331 H332 H351 H361d H370 H372 H373	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
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Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Repr. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE
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SECTION 16: Other information

STOT SE 1	- Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
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Version : 3

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