

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gas Clean Carrier Gas filter kit - 1/4 in, Part Number CP17977

## Section 1. Identification

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Gas Clean Carrier Gas filter kit - 1/4 in, Part Number CP17977  
**Part no.** : CP17977  
**Validation date** : 11/27/2023

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Analytical chemistry.  
 A kit containing: 2 x CP17973

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier/Manufacturer** : Agilent Technologies, Inc.  
 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd  
 Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA  
 800-227-9770

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**In case of emergency** : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Classification of the substance or mixture

H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
 H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
 H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
 H400 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
 H411 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

**Ingredients of unknown toxicity** : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: > 60%  
 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1%

### 2.2 GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** :
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
  - H350 - May cause cancer.
  - H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (brain, lungs)
  - H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
  - H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

- Prevention** :
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
  - P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
  - P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
  - P260 - Do not breathe dust.
  - P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- Response** :
- P391 - Collect spillage.
  - P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
  - P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
  - P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
  - P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
  - P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

- Storage** : Not applicable.

- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture (encapsulated in article)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Manganese dioxide	≤9.7	1313-13-9
Copper oxide, Activated	≤8	1317-38-0
crystalline silica, respirable powder	≤3	14808-60-7
cristobalite	<1	14464-46-1
nickel monoxide	<1	1313-99-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material,

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

#### Recommendations

- : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

#### Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Manganese dioxide	<p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>  <b>[Manganese compounds (as Mn)]</b>            CEIL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn)</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b>  <b>[manganese compounds and fume as Mn]</b>            TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 10 hours. Form: Fume            STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 15 minutes. Form: Fume</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>  <b>[Manganese fume as Mn]</b>            TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Fume            STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 15 minutes. Form: Fume</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b>  <b>[Manganese and inorganic compounds Inhalable fraction / Respirable fraction, as Mn]</b>            TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction            TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b>  <b>[Manganese compounds (as Mn)]</b>            CEIL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn)</p> <p><b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b>  <b>[manganese and compounds as Mn]</b></p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Copper oxide, Activated

TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Mn) 8 hours.  
**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**  
**[COPPER FUME as Cu]**

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form: Fume

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**  
**[Copper Fume (as Cu)]**

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).**  
**[Copper Fume]**

TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume  
**CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**  
**[copper salts dusts and mists, as Cu]**

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dust and mist

crystalline silica, respirable powder

**OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).**

TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]**

TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica, crystalline]**

TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

**CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**

TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**

**[SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)]**

TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

cristobalite

**OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).**

TWA: 250 mppcf / 2 x (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / 2 x (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 30 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / 2 x (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Total dust

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**

TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]**

TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica, crystalline]**

TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

nickel monoxide	<p><b>[SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)]</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</p> <p><b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable dust</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)]</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [nickel metal and other compounds as Ni]</b> TWA: 0.015 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni]</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)]</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [nickel, insoluble compounds as Ni]</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours.</p>
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### Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
nickel monoxide	<p><b>ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) [nickel and inorganic compounds]</b> BEI: 30 µg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.</p> <p>BEI: 5 µg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to elemental nickel and poorly soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.</p>

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not applicable.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Relative vapor density** : Not applicable.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** :
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not applicable.

Media	Result
Water	Insoluble



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.  
Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Manganese dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	3478 mg/kg	-
Copper oxide, Activated	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
nickel monoxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
cristobalite	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
nickel monoxide	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Manganese dioxide	Category 2	inhalation	brain
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
cristobalite	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
nickel monoxide	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 irritation  
 redness  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.  
**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Gas Clean Carrier Gas filter kit - 1/4 in, Part Number CP17977	5536.5	34246.6	N/A	N/A	3.3
Manganese dioxide	3478	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
Copper oxide, Activated	470	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause skin sensitization.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manganese dioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	8 days
Copper oxide, Activated	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >56000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult	96 hours

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
nickel monoxide	-	5613	High

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**12.5 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

and sewers.





Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## Section 14. Transport information

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper oxide, Activated)	SUBSTANCIA SOLIDA POTENCIALMENTE PELIGROSA PARA EL MEDIO AMBIENTE, N.E.P. (Copper oxide, Activated)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper oxide, Activated)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n. o.s. (Copper oxide, Activated)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9 	9 	9 	9 
Packing group	-	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

### Additional information

#### TDG Classification

- : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.

#### Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5

#### Special provisions 16, 99

#### Mexico Classification

- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

#### Special provisions 274, 331, 335

#### IMDG

- : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

#### Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

#### Special provisions 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

## Section 14. Transport information

**IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.  
**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956. Cargo Aircraft Only: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y956.  
**Special provisions** A97, A158, A179, A197, A215

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** Copper oxide, Activated; nickel monoxide  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** Sulphuric acid

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Sulphuric acid	≤0.3	Yes.	1000	66.3	1000	66.3

**SARA 304 RQ** : 1000000 lbs / 454000 kg

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
Manganese dioxide	≤9.7	OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Copper oxide, Activated	≤8	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Carbon, Activated	≤10	SELF-HEATING SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable powder	≤3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
cristobalite	<1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
nickel monoxide	<1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

### SARA 313


	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	≤9.7
	Copper oxide, Activated	1317-38-0	≤8
	nickel monoxide	1313-99-1	<1
<b>Supplier notification</b>	Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	≤9.7
	Copper oxide, Activated	1317-38-0	≤8
	nickel monoxide	1313-99-1	<1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; COPPER compounds; SILICA, QUARTZ; SILICA, CRISTOBALITE; NICKEL OXIDE; SULFURIC ACID
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; MANGANESE COMPOUNDS; COPPER COMPOUNDS; QUARTZ DUST

### California Prop. 65

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline, Silica, crystalline, Nickel oxide and Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Silica, crystalline	-	-
Silica, crystalline	-	-
Nickel oxide	-	-
Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid	-	-

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

### [UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals](#)

Not listed.

### [Inventory list](#)

<b>Australia</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Canada</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>China</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Japan</b>	: <b>Japan inventory (CSCL)</b> : All components are listed or exempted. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL)</b> : All components are listed or exempted.
<b>New Zealand</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Philippines</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Thailand</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Turkey</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>United States</b>	: All components are active or exempted.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

### [History](#)

<b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b>	: 11/27/2023
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 02/07/2023
<b>Version</b>	: 4.1

### [Key to abbreviations](#)

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
: BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
: GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
: IATA = International Air Transport Association
: IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
: IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
: LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
: MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
: N/A = Not available
: UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### [Notice to reader](#)

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