

SAFETY DATA SHEET



IMT assay (anti-CD19) sample kit, Part Number 8100012

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : IMT assay (anti-CD19) sample kit, Part Number 8100012
Part no. (chemical kit) : 8100012
Part no. : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 8720247
 10X Tethering Buffer 871B617
 Cytolysis Reagent 8710239
Validation date : 12/20/2022

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : For research use only.
 Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 0.09 ml
 10X Tethering Buffer 10 ml
 Cytolysis Reagent 10 ml
Uses advised against : Not for use in diagnostic procedures (RUO).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies, Inc.
 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd
 Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA
 800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
	Cytolysis Reagent	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).


Classification of the substance or mixture

Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)
 H412 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Cytolysis Reagent
 H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 H400 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
 H411 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

2.2 GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	: Cytolysis Reagent	
Signal word	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No signal word. No signal word. Danger
Hazard statements	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. No known significant effects or critical hazards. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<u>Precautionary statements</u>		
Prevention	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	P273 - Avoid release to the environment. Not applicable. P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Not applicable. Not applicable. P391 - Collect spillage. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.
Disposal	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Not applicable. P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	None known. None known. None known.
<u>2.3 Other hazards</u>		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	None known. None known. None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Mixture Mixture Mixture
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	<1	26628-22-8
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	<10	9002-93-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

<p>Eye contact</p>	<p>: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)</p> <p>10X Tethering Buffer</p> <p>Cytolysis Reagent</p>	<p>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</p> <p>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</p> <p>Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.</p>
<p>Inhalation</p>	<p>: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)</p> <p>10X Tethering Buffer</p> <p>Cytolysis Reagent</p>	<p>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</p> <p>Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.</p>

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
	Cytolysis Reagent	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
	Cytolysis Reagent	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. No specific data.
Skin contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific treatment. No specific treatment. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) None known.
 10X Tethering Buffer None known.
 Cytolysis Reagent None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
 10X Tethering Buffer In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
 Cytolysis Reagent In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) No specific data.
 10X Tethering Buffer Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 halogenated compounds
 metal oxide/oxides
 Cytolysis Reagent Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
 10X Tethering Buffer Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
 Cytolysis Reagent Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
 10X Tethering Buffer Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
 Cytolysis Reagent Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<p>For non-emergency personnel</p>	<p>: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)</p> <p>10X Tethering Buffer</p> <p>Cytolysis Reagent</p>	<p>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</p> <p>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</p> <p>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</p>
<p>For emergency responders</p>	<p>: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)</p> <p>10X Tethering Buffer</p> <p>Cytolysis Reagent</p>	<p>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</p> <p>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</p> <p>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</p>
<p>6.2 Environmental precautions</p>	<p>: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)</p> <p>10X Tethering Buffer</p> <p>Cytolysis Reagent</p>	<p>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.</p> <p>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).</p> <p>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.</p>

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods for cleaning up	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Cytolysis Reagent	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
	Cytolysis Reagent	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
	Cytolysis Reagent	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)

processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

10X Tethering Buffer

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Cytolysis Reagent

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)
10X Tethering Buffer
Cytolysis Reagent

Industrial applications, Professional applications.
Industrial applications, Professional applications.
Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)
10X Tethering Buffer
Cytolysis Reagent

Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). C: 0.29 mg/m ³ , (as Sodium azide) C: 0.11 ppm, (as Hydrazoic acid vapor) OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 0.1 ppm, (as HN3) CEIL: 0.3 mg/m ³ , (as NaN3) NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 0.1 ppm, (as HN3) CEIL: 0.3 mg/m ³ , (NAN3) None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Liquid.
 10X Tethering Buffer Liquid.
 Cytolysis Reagent Liquid.

Color : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Colorless.
 10X Tethering Buffer Colorless.
 Cytolysis Reagent Colorless.

Odor : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Odor threshold : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

pH : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer 7 to 7.2
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 0°C (32°F)
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 100°C (212°F)
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Flash point :

Ingredient name	Closed cup			Open cup		
	°C	°F	Method	°C	°F	Method
Cytolysis Reagent						
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	251	483.8				

Evaporation rate : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Flammability : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not applicable.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not applicable.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Vapor pressure :

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) water	23.8	3.2		92.258	12.3	
10X Tethering Buffer water	23.8	3.2		92.258	12.3	
Cytolysis Reagent water	23.8	3.2		92.258	12.3	
Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	0.997581	0.13				

Relative vapor density : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Relative density : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) water	Soluble
10X Tethering Buffer water	Soluble
Cytolysis Reagent water	Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not applicable.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not applicable.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Viscosity : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not available.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not available.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not applicable.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not applicable.
 Cytolysis Reagent Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	The product is stable. The product is stable. The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials. May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials. May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.054 to 0.52 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	50 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	27 mg/kg	-
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	Category 1	-	cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal tract

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS)

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19)	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
	10X Tethering Buffer	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
	Cytolysis Reagent	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. No specific data.
Skin contact	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) 10X Tethering Buffer Cytolysis Reagent	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	27	20	N/A	N/A	0.054
10X Tethering Buffer 10X Tethering Buffer	30303.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cytolysis Reagent Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	18181.8 1800	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	Acute EC50 9200 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 6.4 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> Crustaceans - <i>Simocephalus serrulatus</i> - Larvae	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute EC50 4.2 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.68 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 5600 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Larvae Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> Algae - <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i>	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	Acute LC50 5.85 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 11.2 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4500 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia rigaudi</i> - Neonate Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	4.86	-	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

12.5 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods





Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether)	SUBSTANCIA LIQUIDA POTENCIALMENTE PELIGROSA PARA EL MEDIO AMBIENTE, N.E.P. (Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n. o.s. (Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9 	9 	9 	9 
Packing group	-	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

Remarks: Excepted Quantity

Section 14. Transport information

- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5
Special provisions 16, 99
- Mexico Classification** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Special provisions 274, 331, 335
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
Emergency schedules F-A, S-F
Special provisions 274, 335, 969
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964.
Special provisions A97, A158, A197, A215
- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Disodium hydrogenorthophosphate

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Sodium azide	<1	Yes.	500	-	1000	-

SARA 304 RQ : 333333.3 lbs / 151333.3 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : Tethering Reagent (anti-CD19) Not applicable.
 10X Tethering Buffer Not applicable.
 Cytolysis Reagent SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Cytolysis Reagent Polyoxyethylene octyl phenyl ether	<10	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.
New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union : **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
Japan : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand : Not determined.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.

Section 15. Regulatory information

- Turkey** : Not determined.
United States : All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Levofloxacin Reagent (anti-CD19) AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method
Cytolysis Reagent SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

History

- Date of issue** : 12/20/2022
Date of previous issue : 05/07/2020
Version : 3

Key to abbreviations

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 N/A = Not available
 UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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