Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: 5X Inlet Buffers
Validation date: 10/19/2018

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses:
- Analytical reagent:
  - DNF-325-0075 5x Inlet Buffer, 75mL
  - DNF-325-0010 5x Inlet Buffer, 10mL
  - DNF-355-0125 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 125mL
  - DNF-355-0300 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 300mL
  - DNF-355-0500 5x 930 dsDNA Inlet Buffer, 500mL
  - NDF-450-0300 5x 600mer DNA Inlet Buffer, 300mL

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Supplier/Manufacturer: Agilent Technologies, Inc.
5301 Stevens Creek Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA
800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number
In case of emergency: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- H315 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
- H319 - EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- H360 - TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
- H360 - TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B
- H335 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Ingredients of unknown toxicity:
- Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 10 - 30%
- Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 10 - 30%
- Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 10 - 30%
- Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.4%

2.2 GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Date of issue: 10/19/2018
Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements
Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards
Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>&lt;3</td>
<td>121-44-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>10043-35-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures
Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

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Section 4. First aid measures

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.
Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides
- sulfur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions**: Not applicable.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 60 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid.
Color: Not available.
Odor: Not available.
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: 7.15 to 7.55
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: Not available.
Flash point: Not available.
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Not available.
- **Vapor pressure**: Not available.
- **Vapor density**: Not available.
- **Relative density**: Not available.
- **Solubility**: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 **Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 **Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

10.3 **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 **Conditions to avoid**: No specific data.

10.5 **Incompatible materials**: May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.

10.6 **Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 **Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Triethylamine</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat - Male</td>
<td>14469.944 mg/m³</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>416 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>460 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Triethylamine</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>365 miligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>28322 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>25613 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapors)</td>
<td>445.5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name | Result                                      | Species                          | Exposure |
------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
boric acid              | Acute LC50 45.5 mg/l Fresh water            | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia | 48 hours |
                        | Acute LC50 133000 µg/l Fresh water          | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate| 48 hours |
|                        | Acute LC50 75 mg/l Marine water             | Fish - Pagrus major              | 96 hours |
|                        | Chronic NOEC 6000 µg/l Fresh water          | Daphnia - Daphnia magna          | 21 days  |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name | Test                           | Result                        | Dose | Inoculum |
------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|----------|
triethylamine           | OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability-CO₂ Evolution Test | 80 % - Readily - 29 days | -    | -        |

Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
boric acid              | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name | LogP<sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
------------------------|------------------|-----|-----------|
triethylamine           | 1.45             | <0.5| low       |
boric acid              | -1.09            | -   | low       |

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Section 12. Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects  : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Reference number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Triethylamine; Ethanamine, N,N-diethyl-</td>
<td>121-44-8</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td>U404</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / IATA</th>
<th>Transport within user's premises</th>
<th>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue : 10/19/2018
Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: triethylamine; Edetic acid

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

SARA 311/312

Classification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤25</td>
<td>COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;3</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boric acid</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form R - Reporting requirements</th>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triethylamine</td>
<td></td>
<td>121-44-8</td>
<td>&lt;3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: TRIETHYLAMINE
New York : The following components are listed: Triethylamine
New Jersey : The following components are listed: TRIETHYLAMINE; ETHANAMINE, N,N-DIETHYL-
Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ETHANAMINE, N,N-DIETHYL-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.
Canada : All components are listed or exempted.
China : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe : At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.
Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
        Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia : Not determined.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue : 10/19/2018
Date of previous issue : 10/09/2018
Version : 1.1
# Section 16. Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</strong></td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</strong></td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B</strong></td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B</strong></td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</strong></td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader**

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