

**Product name:** Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix - Box 2 of 2  
**Part no.:** 5190-0555A

This product is composed of the following:

### Kit Components, Reagents


| Box/Module Part number | Box/Module Name | Kit Component Part Number | Kit Component Name                                 | Qty Units | CLP |
|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|-----------|-----|
| -                      | -               | 5190-0557                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-0559                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 3   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-0560                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-0561                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-0563                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-0565                 | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6   | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-6167A                | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10A | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-6167B                | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10B | 1         | Yes |
| -                      | -               | 5190-6167C                | Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10C | 1         | Yes |

Article SDSs, if maintained, are available on [www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com). We recommend using the article product code when searching. SDSs are only available for a limited set of countries.

### Transport Information for the Kit:

**Dangerous Goods classification for:** 5190-0555A

| ADR/RID                     | IMDG                        | IATA                        |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| UN3316, CHEMICAL KIT, 9, II | UN3316, CHEMICAL KIT, 9, II | UN3316, Chemical kit, 9, II |

 *de minimis quantities*

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SDSs for each individual Kit component follow this cover sheet.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1  
**Part no.** : 5190-0557

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |                                   |            |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                 | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)             | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)           | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)       | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION | Category 2 |

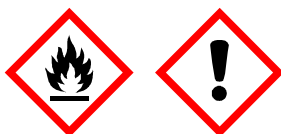
The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification  | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|---|---------|
| acetonitrile            | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat,

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |  |                       |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| acetonitrile | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral       | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral      | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal     | 1.2 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation | 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                                     | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                                    | : 42 ppm   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                       | : -45.7°C  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>            | : 81.6°C   |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                       | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b> | : Lower: 3%<br>Upper: 16%  |
| <b>Flash point</b>  | : Closed cup: 12.8°C   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                          | : 524°C  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                          | : 120°C  |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>  | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): Not available. |

|                   |                |               |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>Solubility</b> | : <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|                   | water          | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol       | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone        | Soluble       |

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> | : -0.34                           |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                        | : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg)        |
| <b>Relative density</b>                       | : 0.8                             |
| <b>Density</b>                                | : 0.7868 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C] |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                         | : 1.4 [Air = 1]                   |

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**9.2 Other information****9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

|                             |                  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Heat of combustion</b>   | : -31075360 J/kg |
| <b>Explosive properties</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b> | : Not available. |

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

|  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| <b>Miscible with water</b>                   | : Yes.                     |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                      | : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| <b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b> | : Not available.           |

**Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1**

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity

|  |  |                                   |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Result</b><br>Rat - Oral - LD50<br>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 2460 mg/kg<br>17100 ppm [4 hours] |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                          | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1 | 500.6        | 1101.3         | N/A                      | 11.0                        | N/A                                 |
| acetonitrile                                     | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                          | N/A                                 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Result</b><br>Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/<br>exposure: 24 hours |
|--|--|--|

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause respiratory irritation.

[Product]

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Conclusion/Summary</b><br>May cause respiratory irritation. |
|--|--|

Respiratory or skin sensitization

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |   |   |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|
| acetonitrile            | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water                         | - | - |
|                         | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>        |   |   |
|                         | Age: <24 hours                                     |   |   |
|                         | 3600 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality          |   |   |
|                         | Acute - IC50 - Fresh water                         | - | - |
|                         | Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i>     |   |   |
|                         | 3685 mg/l [96 hours]                               |   |   |
|                         | Effect: Population                                 |   |   |
|                         | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water                       | - | - |
|                         | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>        |   |   |
|                         | Age: <24 hours                                     |   |   |
|                         | 160 mg/l [21 days]<br>Effect: Reproduction         |   |   |
|                         | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water                       | - | - |
|                         | Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i>     |   |   |
|                         | 1000 mg/l [96 hours]                               |   |   |
|                         | Effect: Population                                 |   |   |
|                         | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water                         | - | - |
|                         | Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> |   |   |
|                         | Weight: 1.5 g                                      |   |   |
|                         | 1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality          |   |   |

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily - |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile                                     | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient**

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| acetonitrile            | 0.42               | 2.62657         |

**Results of PMT and vPvM assessment**

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | ACETONITRILE solution  | ACETONITRILE solution  | Acetonitrile solution  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | II   | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

###### Category

P5c

##### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

##### International regulations

###### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

###### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

**Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 1**

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method    |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.               |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.      |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                 |

Full text of classifications

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                    |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

## SECTION 16: Other information

### [Notice to reader](#)

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 3

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 3  
**Part no.** : 5190-0559

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture



#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |                                   |            |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                 | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)             | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)           | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)       | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION | Category 2 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :  

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Prevention</b>   | : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.<br>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.<br>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.<br>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| <b>Response</b>   | : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| <b>Storage</b>  | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Disposal</b>   | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |
| <b>Hazardous ingredients</b>  | : acetonitrile   |
| <b>Supplemental label elements</b>  | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b> | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Special packaging requirements</b>   |  |
| <b>Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings</b>  | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Tactile warning of danger</b>  | : Not applicable.  |

### 2.3 Other hazards

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b> | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| <b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>   | : None known.   |

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %         | Classification  | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|---|---------|
| acetonitrile            | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥75 - ≤90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 nitrogen oxides  
 cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat,

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

|                                |               |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |  |                       |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| acetonitrile | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral       | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral      | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal     | 1.2 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation | 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                                     | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                                    | : 42 ppm   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                       | : -45.7°C  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>            | : 81.6°C   |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                       | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b> | : Lower: 3%<br>Upper: 16%  |
| <b>Flash point</b>  | : Closed cup: 12.8°C   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                          | : 524°C  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                          | : 120°C  |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>  | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): Not available. |

|                   |                |               |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>Solubility</b> | : <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|                   | water          | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol       | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone        | Soluble       |

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> | : -0.34                           |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                        | : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg)        |
| <b>Relative density</b>                       | : 0.8                             |
| <b>Density</b>                                | : 0.7868 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C] |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                         | : 1.4 [Air = 1]                   |

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**9.2 Other information****9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

|                             |                  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Explosive properties</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b> | : Not available. |

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

|  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| <b>Miscible with water</b>                   | : Yes.                     |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                      | : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| <b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b> | : Not available.           |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| acetonitrile            | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 2460 mg/kg          |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 17100 ppm [4 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                          | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 3 | 572.5        | 1259.5         | N/A                      | 12.6                        | N/A                                 |
| acetonitrile                                     | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                          | N/A                                 |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/<br>exposure: 24 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause respiratory irritation.

[Product]

| Ingredient name | Conclusion/Summary                |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| acetonitrile    | May cause respiratory irritation. |

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

|              |  |   |   |
|--------------|--|---|---|
| acetonitrile | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>3600 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality       | - | - |
|              | Acute - IC50 - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>3685 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                     | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>160 mg/l [21 days]<br>Effect: Reproduction    | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                   | - | - |
|              | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i><br>Weight: 1.5 g<br>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality | - | - |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily - |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 3 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile                                     | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| acetonitrile            | 0.42               | 2.62657         |

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | ACETONITRILE solution  | ACETONITRILE solution  | Acetonitrile solution  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | II   | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

###### Category

P5c

##### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

##### International regulations

###### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

###### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : At least one component is inactive.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.               |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.      |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                 |

### Full text of classifications

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                    |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

## SECTION 16: Other information

### [Notice to reader](#)

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4  
**Part no.** : 5190-0560

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |                                   |            |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                 | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)             | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)           | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)       | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION | Category 2 |

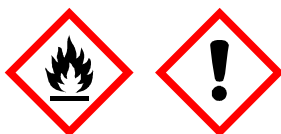
The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification  | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|---|---------|
| acetonitrile            | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 nitrogen oxides  
 cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat,

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |  |                       |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| acetonitrile | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral       | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral      | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal     | 1.2 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation | 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                                     | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                                    | : 42 ppm   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                       | : -45.7°C  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>            | : 81.6°C   |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                       | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b> | : Lower: 3%<br>Upper: 16%  |
| <b>Flash point</b>  | : Closed cup: 12.8°C   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                          | : 524°C  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                          | : 120°C  |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>  | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): Not available. |

|                   |                |               |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>Solubility</b> | : <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|                   | water          | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol       | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone        | Soluble       |

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> | : -0.34                           |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                        | : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg)        |
| <b>Relative density</b>                       | : 0.8                             |
| <b>Density</b>                                | : 0.7868 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C] |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                         | : 1.4 [Air = 1]                   |

**Particle characteristics**

|                             |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Median particle size</b> | : Not applicable. |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|

**9.2 Other information****9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

|                             |                  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Explosive properties</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b> | : Not available. |

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

|  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| <b>Miscible with water</b>                   | : Yes.                     |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                      | : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| <b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b> | : Not available.           |

**Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4**

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity

|  |  |                                   |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Result</b><br>Rat - Oral - LD50<br>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 2460 mg/kg<br>17100 ppm [4 hours] |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                          | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4 | 500.8        | 1101.8         | N/A                      | 11.0                        | N/A                                 |
| acetonitrile                                     | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                          | N/A                                 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Result</b><br>Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/<br>exposure: 24 hours |
|--|--|--|

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : May cause respiratory irritation.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Ingredient name</b><br>acetonitrile | <b>Conclusion/Summary</b><br>May cause respiratory irritation. |
|--|--|

Respiratory or skin sensitization

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

|              |  |   |   |
|--------------|--|---|---|
| acetonitrile | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>3600 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality       | - | - |
|              | Acute - IC50 - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>3685 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                     | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>160 mg/l [21 days]<br>Effect: Reproduction    | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                   | - | - |
|              | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i><br>Weight: 1.5 g<br>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality | - | - |

## Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Product/ingredient name****Result**

acetonitrile OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO<sub>2</sub> in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily -

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 4 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile                                     | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |

**12.4 Mobility in soil****Soil/water partition coefficient**

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| acetonitrile            | 0.42               | 2.62657         |

**Results of PMT and vPvM assessment**

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | ACETONITRILE solution  | ACETONITRILE solution  | Acetonitrile solution  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | II   | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

###### Category

P5c

##### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

##### International regulations

###### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

###### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : At least one component is inactive.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.               |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.      |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                 |

### Full text of classifications

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                    |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

## SECTION 16: Other information

### [Notice to reader](#)

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5  
**Part no.** : 5190-0561

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture


#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |                                   |            |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                 | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)             | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)           | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)       | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION | Category 2 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :  

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification  | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|---|---------|
| acetonitrile            | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat,

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

|                                |               |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |  |                       |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| acetonitrile | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral       | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral      | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal     | 1.2 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation | 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                                     | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Not available.   |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                                    | : 42 ppm   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                       | : -45.7°C  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>            | : 81.6°C   |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                       | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b> | : Lower: 3%<br>Upper: 16%  |
| <b>Flash point</b>  | : Closed cup: 12.8°C   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                          | : 524°C  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                          | : 120°C  |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>  | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): Not available. |

| <b>Solubility</b> | : <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Media</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>water</td> <td>Soluble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>methanol</td> <td>Soluble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>acetone</td> <td>Soluble</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Media | Result | water | Soluble | methanol | Soluble | acetone | Soluble |
|-------------------|---|-------|--------|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Media             | Result  |       |        |       |         |          |         |         |         |
| water             | Soluble   |       |        |       |         |          |         |         |         |
| methanol          | Soluble   |       |        |       |         |          |         |         |         |
| acetone           | Soluble   |       |        |       |         |          |         |         |         |

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> | : -0.34                           |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                        | : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg)        |
| <b>Relative density</b>                       | : 0.8                             |
| <b>Density</b>                                | : 0.7868 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C] |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                         | : 1.4 [Air = 1]                   |

Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**9.2 Other information****9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

|                             |                  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Explosive properties</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b> | : Not available. |

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

|  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| <b>Miscible with water</b>                   | : Yes.                     |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                      | : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| <b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b> | : Not available.           |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

**Product/ingredient name**

acetonitrile

**Result**

Rat - Oral - LD50

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

2460 mg/kg

17100 ppm [4 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                          | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5 | 533.7        | 1174.1         | N/A                      | 11.7                        | N/A                                 |
| acetonitrile                                     | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                          | N/A                                 |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product/ingredient name**

acetonitrile

**Result**

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/  
exposure: 24 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

[Product]

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause respiratory irritation.

[Product]

**Ingredient name**

acetonitrile

**Conclusion/Summary**

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity****Product/ingredient name****Result**

acetonitrile

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water - -

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*  
Age: <24 hours  
3600 mg/l [48 hours]  
Effect: Mortality

Acute - IC50 - Fresh water - -

Aquatic plants -  
Duckweed - *Lemna minor*  
3685 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water - -

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*  
Age: <24 hours  
160 mg/l [21 days]  
Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water - -

Aquatic plants -  
Duckweed - *Lemna minor*  
1000 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Population

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water - -

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*  
Weight: 1.5 g  
1000 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Mortality

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily - |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile                                     | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| acetonitrile            | 0.42               | 2.62657         |

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | ACETONITRILE solution  | ACETONITRILE solution  | Acetonitrile solution  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | II   | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

###### Category

P5c

##### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

##### International regulations

###### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

###### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 5

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
 ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments  
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 IMO = International Maritime Organization  
 N/A = Not available  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method    |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.               |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.      |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                 |

Full text of classifications

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                    |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

## SECTION 16: Other information

### [Notice to reader](#)

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8  
**Part no.** : 5190-0563

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |                                    |            |
|------|------------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                  | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)              | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)            | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)        | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION  | Category 2 |
| H412 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD | Category 3 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile

**Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

### Special packaging requirements

**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %      | Classification  | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|--------|---|---------|
| acetonitrile            | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥90    | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319  | [1] [2] |
| Carbamazepine           | EC: 206-062-7<br>CAS: 298-46-4                       | <0.025 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Resp. Sens. 1, H334<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1]     |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values   |
|-------------------------|---|
| acetonitrile            | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)<br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs****Product/ingredient name****Result**

|              |  |                       |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| acetonitrile | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral       | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral      | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal     | 1.2 mg/kg bw/day      |
|              | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation | 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

**PNECs**

Not available.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Colour** : Not available.  
**Odour** : Not available.  
**Odour threshold** : 42 ppm  
**Melting point/freezing point** : -45.7°C  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 81.6°C  
**Flammability** : Not applicable.  
**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 3%  
Upper: 16%  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: 12.8°C  
**Auto-ignition temperature** : 524°C  
**Decomposition temperature** : 120°C  
**pH** : Not available.  
**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

| <b>Solubility</b> | <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                   | water        | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol     | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone      | Soluble       |

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : -0.34  
**Vapour pressure** : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg)  
**Relative density** : 0.8  
**Density** : 0.7868 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]  
**Vapour density** : 1.4 [Air = 1]

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**9.2 Other information****9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

**Explosive properties** : Not available.  
**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

**Miscible with water** : Yes.  
**Evaporation rate** : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1)

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical/chemical properties comments : Not available.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| acetonitrile            | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 2460 mg/kg          |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 17100 ppm [4 hours] |
| carbamazepine           | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 1957 mg/kg          |

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                          | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8 | 500.6        | 1101.3         | N/A                      | 11.0                        | N/A                                 |
| acetonitrile                                     | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                          | N/A                                 |
| carbamazepine                                    | 1957         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                         | N/A                                 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours |

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause respiratory irritation.  
**[Product]**

| <b>Ingredient name</b> | <b>Conclusion/Summary</b>         |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| acetonitrile           | May cause respiratory irritation. |

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### **Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

#### **Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

|              |   |   |   |
|--------------|---|---|---|
| acetonitrile | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>3600 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality    | - | - |
|              | Acute - IC50 - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>3685 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                  | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>160 mg/l [21 days]<br>Effect: Reproduction | - | - |
|              | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population                | - | - |
|              | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water  | - | - |

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

|               |  |   |   |
|---------------|--|---|---|
|               | water  |   |   |
|               | Fish - Fathead minnow -<br><i>Pimephales promelas</i>  |   |   |
|               | Weight: 1.5 g  |   |   |
|               | 1000 mg/l [96 hours]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Mortality  |   |   |
| carbamazepine | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water   | - | - |
|               | OECD   |   |   |
|               | Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout -<br><i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Wearling) |   |   |
|               | Weight: 64.3 g   |   |   |
|               | 19.9 mg/l [96 hours]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Mortality  |   |   |
|               | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water   | - | - |
|               | Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout -<br><i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>  |   |   |
|               | Age: 10 to 12 months;  |   |   |
|               | Weight: 264.33 g   |   |   |
|               | 0.00089 mg/l [42 days]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Enzymes  |   |   |
|               | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water   | - | - |
|               | OECD   |   |   |
|               | Algae - Green algae -<br><i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</i>  |   |   |
|               | 49.4 mg/l [96 hours]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Population   |   |   |
|               | Chronic - NOEC - Marine water  | - | - |
|               | Crustaceans - Amphipod -<br><i>Echinogammarus marinus</i>  |   |   |
|               | 1 µg/l [3 weeks]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Behavior   |   |   |
|               | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water   | - | - |
|               | US EPA   |   |   |
|               | Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate   |   |   |
|               | Age: <24 hours   |   |   |
|               | 7.07 mg/l [48 hours]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Intoxication   |   |   |
|               | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water   | - | - |
|               | Algae - Green algae -<br><i>Parachlorella kessleri</i>   |   |   |
|               | 10 µg/l [3 days]   |   |   |
|               | Effect: Population   |   |   |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Product/ingredient name**

**Result**

acetonitrile OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO<sub>2</sub> in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily -

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 8 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile                                     | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |
| carbamazepine                                    | 2.45               | -   | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient**

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| acetonitrile            | 0.42               | 2.62657         |
| carbamazepine           | 2.74               | 543.762         |

**Results of PMT and vPvM assessment**

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T   | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | Yes | No  | No   | No | Yes |
| carbamazepine           | No  | No | Yes | Yes | No   | No | No  |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T   | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No  | No   | No | No |
| carbamazepine           | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |

**Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T   | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile            | No  | No | No | No  | No   | No | No |
| carbamazepine           | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | ACETONITRILE solution  | ACETONITRILE solution  | Acetonitrile solution  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | II   | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

| Category |
|----------|
| P5c      |

#### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

#### International regulations

##### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

##### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
 ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments  
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 IMO = International Maritime Organization  
 N/A = Not available  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification          | Justification         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225      | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302      | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312      | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332      | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319      | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |  |
|------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.  |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.  |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                                       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                      |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                         |

### Full text of classifications

## SECTION 16: Other information

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                     |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  |
| Flam. Liq. 2      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                  |
| Resp. Sens. 1     | RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1          |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

### Notice to reader

**Disclaimer:** The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6  
**Part no.** : 5190-0565

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

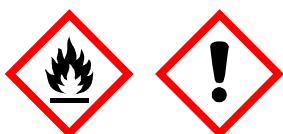
|      |                                    |            |
|------|------------------------------------|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                  | Category 2 |
| H302 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)              | Category 4 |
| H312 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)            | Category 4 |
| H332 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)        | Category 4 |
| H319 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION  | Category 2 |
| H412 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD | Category 3 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Precautionary statements**

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : acetonitrile

**Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements**

**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers  | %    | Classification  | Type    |
|--|--|------|---|---------|
| acetonitrile   | EC: 200-835-2<br>CAS: 75-05-8<br>Index: 608-001-00-3 | ≥90  | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319        | [1] [2] |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl] ammonium chloride  | EC: 260-101-2<br>CAS: 56296-78-7                     | ≤0.1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10)<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)          | [1]     |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | CAS: 61718-82-9                                      | ≤0.1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) | [1]     |

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

|  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
cyanides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values   |
|-------------------------|---|
| acetonitrile            | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)<br>STEL 15 minutes: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . |

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.4 mg/kg bw/day            |
|                         | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral 0.6 mg/kg bw/day           |
|                         | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 1.2 mg/kg bw/day          |
|                         | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : 42 ppm
- Melting point/freezing point** : -45.7°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 81.6°C
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 3%  
Upper: 16%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 12.8°C
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 524°C
- Decomposition temperature** : 120°C
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

| <b>Solubility</b> | <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                   | water        | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol     | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone      | Soluble       |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : -0.34
- Vapour pressure** : 9.5 kPa (70.88853 mm Hg) [room temperature]  
Not applicable. [50°C]
- Relative density** : 0.8
- Density** : 0.7868 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]
- Vapour density** : 1.4 [Air = 1]

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : Yes.

Evaporation rate : 2.33 (butyl acetate = 1)

Physical/chemical properties comments : Not available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                         |                     |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| acetonitrile   | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 2460 mg/kg          |
|  | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 17100 ppm [4 hours] |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 452 mg/kg           |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### [Product]

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                         |              |                |                          |                             |                                     |

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

|  |       |        |     |      |     |
|--|-------|--------|-----|------|-----|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6   | 501.3 | 1102.9 | N/A | 11.0 | N/A |
| acetonitrile   | 500   | 1100   | N/A | 11   | N/A |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride   | 452   | N/A    | N/A | N/A  | N/A |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | 500   | N/A    | N/A | N/A  | 1.5 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Duration of treatment/<br>exposure: 24 hours |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant |  |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause respiratory irritation.  
**[Product]**

| Ingredient name | Conclusion/Summary                |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| acetonitrile    | May cause respiratory irritation. |

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name  | Result   |
|--|--|
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.  
**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: May cause headache, weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath, cyanosis, rapid heart beat, unconsciousness and possible death.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| acetonitrile   | <p>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -</p> <p>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br/>Age: &lt;24 hours<br/>3600 mg/l [48 hours]<br/>Effect: Mortality</p> <p>Acute - IC50 - Fresh water -</p> <p>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br/>3685 mg/l [96 hours]<br/>Effect: Population</p> <p>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water -</p> <p>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br/>Age: &lt;24 hours<br/>160 mg/l [21 days]<br/>Effect: Reproduction</p> <p>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water -</p> <p>Aquatic plants - Duckweed - <i>Lemna minor</i><br/>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br/>Effect: Population</p> <p>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -</p> <p>Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i><br/>Weight: 1.5 g<br/>1000 mg/l [96 hours]<br/>Effect: Mortality</p> |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride | <p>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water -</p> <p>Fish - Western mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Neonate<br/>Age: 72 to 96 hours<br/>5 ppb [88 days]<br/>Effect: Mortality</p> <p>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water -</p> <p>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br/>Age: 8 to 9 days<br/>8.7 µg/l [21 days]<br/>Effect: Reproduction</p> <p>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -</p> <p>US EPA<br/>Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Larvae<br/>Age: &lt;24 hours</p>  |

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| 164 µg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality   |  |   |
| Acute - LC50 - Fresh water<br>Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i><br>- Neonate<br>Age: <24 hours<br>234 µg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality                | -  | - |
| Chronic - IC10 - Fresh water<br>US EPA<br>Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i><br>- Exponential growth phase<br>31.34 µg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population | -  | - |
| Acute - IC50 - Fresh water<br>US EPA<br>Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i><br>- Exponential growth phase<br>44.99 µg/l [96 hours]<br>Effect: Population   | -  | - |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl) oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1)  | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: 8 to 9 days<br>2.1 µg/l [21 days]<br>Effect: Reproduction          | - |
|  | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water<br>ISO, OECD<br>Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Age: <24 hours<br>13 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Intoxication | - |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| acetonitrile            | OECD [Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)] 70% [21 days] - Readily - |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| acetonitrile            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                                | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology<br>Comprehensive Mix –<br>Submix 6 | -0.34              | -   | Low       |
| acetonitrile   | -0.34              | 3   | Low       |

**12.4 Mobility in soil****Soil/water partition coefficient**

| Product/ingredient name  | logKoc | Koc     |
|--|--------|---------|
| acetonitrile   | 0.42   | 2.62657 |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride   | 3.63   | 4259.22 |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | 3.15   | 1407.22 |

**Results of PMT and vPvM assessment**

| Product/ingredient name  | PMT | P  | M   | T   | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|--|-----|----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|
| acetonitrile   | No  | No | Yes | No  | No   | No | Yes |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride   | No  | No | No  | Yes | No   | No | No  |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | No  | No | No  | Yes | No   | No | No  |

**Mobility** : Not available.**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]**

| Product/ingredient name  | PBT | P  | B  | T   | vPvB | vP | vB |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile   | No  | No | No | No  | No   | No | No |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride   | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |

**Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name  | PBT | P  | B  | T   | vPvB | vP | vB |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|
| acetonitrile   | No  | No | No | No  | No   | No | No |
| methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ammonium chloride   | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |
| 1-Pentanone, 5-methoxy-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, O-(2-aminoethyl)oxime, (1E)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) | No  | No | No | Yes | No   | No | No |

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

**12.7 Other adverse effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

|  | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | UN1648   | UN1648   | UN1648   |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | ACETONITRILE   | ACETONITRILE   | Acetonitrile solution  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                            |     |     |     |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 14.4 Packing group         | II  | II  | II  |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |

### Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

**ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 33  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB)/REACH

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

##### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

##### Category

P5c

### EU regulations

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : At least one component is inactive.

## SECTION 16: Other information

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 6

**SECTION 16: Other information**

| Classification  | Justification   |
|---|---|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

|      |   |
|------|---|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                   |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.                                 |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin.                         |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage.                            |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                        |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                                   |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation.                     |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life.                           |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.    |

Full text of classifications

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                                   |
| Aquatic Acute 1   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1                |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1               |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3               |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1                |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                |
| Flam. Liq. 2      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                |
| STOT SE 3         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

Notice to reader

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10A

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10A  
**Part no.** : 5190-6167A

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                                | Category 2 |
| H301 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)                            | Category 3 |
| H311 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)                          | Category 3 |
| H331 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)                      | Category 3 |
| H370 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE | Category 1 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H370 - Causes damage to organs.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
- Response** : P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : methanol
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification   | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|--|---------|
| methanol                | EC: 200-659-6<br>CAS: 67-56-1<br>Index: 603-001-00-X | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 3, H301<br>Acute Tox. 3, H311<br>Acute Tox. 3, H331<br>STOT SE 1, H370<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 Formaldehyde.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage** : Do not store above the following temperature: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| H2       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| H3       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| methanol                | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|          |   |                       |
|----------|---|-----------------------|
| methanol | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral       | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal     | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal                | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : -97.8°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 64.7°C
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 6%  
Upper: 44%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 9.7°C
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 455°C
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 0.54 to 0.59 mPa·s  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

| <b>Solubility</b> | <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                   | water        | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol     | Soluble       |
|                   | n-octanol    | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone      | Soluble       |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : -0.77
- Vapour pressure** : 16.9 kPa (126.96329 mm Hg)
- Relative density** : 0.79
- Density** : 0.7915 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]
- Vapour density** : 1.1 [Air = 1]

#### Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Explosive properties** : Not available.

**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

**Miscible with water** : Yes.

**Evaporation rate** : 2.1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Physical/chemical properties comments** : Not available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals and acids.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |                       |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| methanol                | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50         | 15800 mg/kg           |
|                         | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 5600 mg/kg            |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 145000 ppm [1 hours]  |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 64000 ppm [4 hours]   |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 83.84 mg/l [4 hours]  |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 189.95 mg/l [1 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                            | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10A | 100.0        | 300.0          | N/A                      | 3.0                         | N/A                                 |
| methanol   | 100          | 300            | N/A                      | 3                           | N/A                                 |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Duration of treatment/exposure: |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| methanol                | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant | 24 hours                        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### [Product]

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Ingredient name**

methanol

**Conclusion/Summary**

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

**Product/ingredient name**

methanol

**Result**

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/  
exposure: 24 hours

-

-

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause eye irritation.

**[Product]**

**Ingredient name**

methanol

**Conclusion/Summary**

May cause eye irritation.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

**[Product]**

**Ingredient name**

methanol

**Conclusion/Summary**

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

**Product/ingredient name**

methanol

**Result**

STOT SE 1, H370

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.
- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposureShort term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  |
|-------------------------|---|
| methanol                | Acute - LC50 - Marine water -<br>Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - <i>Crangon crangon</i> - Adult<br>2500 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality |
|                         | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -<br>Fish - Zebra danio - <i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg<br>Age: 12<br>290 mg/l [96 hours]   |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - - -

Marine water  
Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
9.96 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Reproduction

Acute - EC50 - Marine water - -

Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
Size: 9.4 mm  
2736 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Reproduction

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| methanol                | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                                  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology<br>Comprehensive Mix –<br>Submix 10A | -0.77              | -   | Low       |
| methanol   | -0.77              | <10 | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| methanol                | 0.44               | 2.75443         |

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| methanol                | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|  | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | UN1230   | UN1230   | UN1230   |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | METHANOL solution  | METHANOL solution  | Methanol solution  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>              | II   | II   | II   |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

**Remarks:** De minimis quantities

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 336  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Special provisions** 279  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D  
**Special provisions** 279
- IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 352. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.  
**Special provisions** A113
- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB)/REACH

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

###### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

###### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

###### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

##### **Category**

H2  
H3  
P5c

#### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 3, H301 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H311 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H331 | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 1, H370    | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

## SECTION 16: Other information

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed.                 |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin.         |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled.                   |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs.            |

### Full text of classifications

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3                                   |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                |
| STOT SE 1    | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

### Notice to reader

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10B

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10B  
**Part no.** : 5190-6167B

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                                | Category 2 |
| H301 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)                            | Category 3 |
| H311 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)                          | Category 3 |
| H331 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)                      | Category 3 |
| H370 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE | Category 1 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H370 - Causes damage to organs.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
- Response** : P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : methanol
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification   | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|--|---------|
| methanol                | EC: 200-659-6<br>CAS: 67-56-1<br>Index: 603-001-00-X | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 3, H301<br>Acute Tox. 3, H311<br>Acute Tox. 3, H331<br>STOT SE 1, H370<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
Formaldehyde.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage** : Do not store above the following temperature: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| H2       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| H3       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| methanol                | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|          |   |                       |
|----------|---|-----------------------|
| methanol | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral       | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal     | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal                | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : -97.8°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 64.7°C
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 6%  
Upper: 44%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 9.7°C
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 455°C
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 0.54 to 0.59 mPa·s  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

| <b>Solubility</b> | <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                   | water        | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol     | Soluble       |
|                   | n-octanol    | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone      | Soluble       |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : -0.77
- Vapour pressure** : 16.9 kPa (126.96329 mm Hg)
- Relative density** : 0.79
- Density** : 0.7915 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]
- Vapour density** : 1.1 [Air = 1]

#### Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10B**

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Explosive properties** : Not available.

**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**

**Miscible with water** : Yes.

**Evaporation rate** : 2.1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Physical/chemical properties comments** : Not available.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals and acids.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity

**Product/ingredient name**

**Result**

|          |                                |                       |
|----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| methanol | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50         | 15800 mg/kg           |
|          | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 5600 mg/kg            |
|          | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 145000 ppm [1 hours]  |
|          | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 64000 ppm [4 hours]   |
|          | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 83.84 mg/l [4 hours]  |
|          | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 189.95 mg/l [1 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                            | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10B | 100.0        | 300.0          | N/A                      | 3.0                         | N/A                                 |
| methanol   | 100          | 300            | N/A                      | 3                           | N/A                                 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product/ingredient name**

**Result**

|          |                                   |  |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| methanol | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/<br>exposure: 24 hours |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--|

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**[Product]**

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product/ingredient name

methanol

#### Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/  
exposure: 24 hours

-

-

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause eye irritation.

#### [Product]

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

May cause eye irritation.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

#### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

#### [Product]

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### Product/ingredient name

methanol

#### Result

STOT SE 1, H370

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.
- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| methanol                | Acute - LC50 - Marine water -<br>Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp -<br><i>Crangon crangon</i> - Adult<br>2500 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality |
|                         | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -<br>Fish - Zebra danio -<br><i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg<br>Age: 12<br>290 mg/l [96 hours]   |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - - -

Marine water  
Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
9.96 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Reproduction

Acute - EC50 - Marine water - -

Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
Size: 9.4 mm  
2736 mg/l [96 hours]  
Effect: Reproduction

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| methanol                | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                                  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology<br>Comprehensive Mix –<br>Submix 10B | -0.77              | -   | Low       |
| methanol   | -0.77              | <10 | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| methanol                | 0.44               | 2.75443         |

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| methanol                | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|  | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | UN1230   | UN1230   | UN1230   |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | METHANOL solution  | METHANOL solution  | Methanol solution  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>              | II   | II   | II   |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

**Remarks:** De minimis quantities

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 336  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Special provisions** 279  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D  
**Special provisions** 279
- IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 352. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.  
**Special provisions** A113
- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

##### **Category**

H2  
 H3  
 P5c

#### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 3, H301 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H311 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H331 | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 1, H370    | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

## SECTION 16: Other information

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed.                 |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin.         |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled.                   |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs.            |

### Full text of classifications

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3                                   |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                |
| STOT SE 1    | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 |

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 28/02/2025

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

### Notice to reader

**Disclaimer:** The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10C

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10C  
**Part no.** : 5190-6167C

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : For forensic use (FFU)  
 1 ml  
**Uses advised against** : None known.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.  
 5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,  
 Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR  
 United Kingdom  
 Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : pdl-msds\_author@agilent.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

|      |  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| H225 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS                                | Category 2 |
| H301 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)                            | Category 3 |
| H311 | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal)                          | Category 3 |
| H331 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)                      | Category 3 |
| H370 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE | Category 1 |

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
 See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 H370 - Causes damage to organs.

#### Precautionary statements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
- Response** : P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : methanol
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %   | Classification   | Type    |
|-------------------------|--|-----|--|---------|
| methanol                | EC: 200-659-6<br>CAS: 67-56-1<br>Index: 603-001-00-X | ≥90 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 3, H301<br>Acute Tox. 3, H311<br>Acute Tox. 3, H331<br>STOT SE 1, H370<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
Formaldehyde.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage** : Do not store above the following temperature: 0 to 4°C (32 to 39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| H2       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| H3       | 50 tonnes                       | 200 tonnes              |
| P5c      | 5000 tonnes                     | 50000 tonnes            |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| methanol                | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. |

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

|                                |               |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Product/ingredient name</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|          |   |                       |
|----------|---|-----------------------|
| methanol | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral       | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal     | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | 4 mg/kg bw/day        |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal                | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | 20 mg/kg bw/day       |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|          | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

### PNECs

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : -97.8°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 64.7°C
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 6%  
Upper: 44%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 9.7°C
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 455°C
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 0.54 to 0.59 mPa·s  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

| <b>Solubility</b> | <b>Media</b> | <b>Result</b> |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                   | water        | Soluble       |
|                   | methanol     | Soluble       |
|                   | n-octanol    | Soluble       |
|                   | acetone      | Soluble       |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : -0.77
- Vapour pressure** : 16.9 kPa (126.96329 mm Hg)
- Relative density** : 0.79
- Density** : 0.7915 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]
- Vapour density** : 1.1 [Air = 1]

#### Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10C**

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.
- 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics**
- Miscible with water** : Yes.
- Evaporation rate** : 2.1 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Physical/chemical properties comments** : Not available.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals and acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |                       |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| methanol                | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50         | 15800 mg/kg           |
|                         | Rat - Oral - LD50              | 5600 mg/kg            |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 145000 ppm [1 hours]  |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 64000 ppm [4 hours]   |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 83.84 mg/l [4 hours]  |
|                         | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour | 189.95 mg/l [1 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**[Product]**

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                            | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forensic Toxicology Comprehensive Mix – Submix 10C | 100.0        | 300.0          | N/A                      | 3.0                         | N/A                                 |
| methanol   | 100          | 300            | N/A                      | 3                           | N/A                                 |

Skin corrosion/irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Duration of treatment/exposure: |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| methanol                | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant | 24 hours                        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**[Product]**

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product/ingredient name

methanol

#### Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/  
exposure: 24 hours

-

-

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause eye irritation.

#### [Product]

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

May cause eye irritation.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

#### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### [Product]

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

#### [Product]

### Ingredient name

methanol

### Conclusion/Summary

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### Product/ingredient name

methanol

#### Result

STOT SE 1, H370

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.
- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
| methanol                | Acute - LC50 - Marine water -<br>Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp -<br><i>Crangon crangon</i> - Adult<br>2500 mg/l [48 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality |
|                         | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water -<br>Fish - Zebra danio -<br><i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg<br>Age: 12<br>290 mg/l [96 hours]   |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - - -  
 Marine water  
 Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
 9.96 mg/l [96 hours]  
 Effect: Reproduction

Acute - EC50 - Marine - -  
 water  
 Algae - Green algae -  
*Ulva pertusa*  
 Size: 9.4 mm  
 2736 mg/l [96 hours]  
 Effect: Reproduction

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**[Product]**

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| methanol                | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                                  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Forensic Toxicology<br>Comprehensive Mix –<br>Submix 10C | -0.77              | -   | Low       |
| methanol   | -0.77              | <10 | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK <sub>oc</sub> | K <sub>oc</sub> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| methanol                | 0.44               | 2.75443         |

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P  | M   | T  | vPvM | vP | vM  |
|-------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|
| methanol                | No  | No | Yes | No | No   | No | Yes |

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P  | B  | T  | vPvB | vP | vB |
|-------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| methanol                | No  | No | No | No | No   | No | No |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.




**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|  | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | UN1230   | UN1230   | UN1230   |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | METHANOL solution  | METHANOL solution  | Methanol solution  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> | 3 (6.1)<br> |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>              | II   | II   | II   |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

**Remarks:** De minimis quantities

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 336  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Special provisions** 279  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D  
**Special provisions** 279
- IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 352. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.  
**Special provisions** A113
- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB)/REACH

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

###### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

###### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

###### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

##### **Category**

H2  
H3  
P5c

#### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**United States** : Not determined.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification     | Justification         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 3, H301 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H311 | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 3, H331 | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 1, H370    | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

## SECTION 16: Other information

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed.                 |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin.         |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled.                   |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs.            |

### Full text of classifications

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3                                   |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                |
| STOT SE 1    | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 |

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### Notice to reader

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