SAFETY DATA SHEET

Agilent Technologies

GC EU PAH Std 250 µg/mL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : GC EU PAH Std 250 µg/mL

Part no. : 5190-0487

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
250 µg/mL (250 ppm)
1 x 1 ml

Uses advised against : None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies Deutschland GmbH
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +353 1 901 4670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Category 2
H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	Category 2
H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION	Category 2
H350	CARCINOGENICITY	Category 1B
H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects)	Category 3
H411	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	Category 2
H420	HAZARDOUS TO THE OZONE LAYER	Category 1

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 10 - 30%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H420 - Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P502 - Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

Hazardous ingredients : acetone; dichloromethane; benzo[a]pyrene; dibenz[a,h]anthracene and dibenzo[def,p]chrysene

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
acetone	EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
dichloromethane	EC: 200-838-9 CAS: 75-09-2 Index: 602-004-00-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Ozone 1, H420	-	[1] [2]
benzo[a]pyrene	EC: 200-028-5	≤0.083	Skin Sens. 1, H317	Carc. 1B, H350: C	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	CAS: 50-32-8 Index: 601-032-00-3		Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	≥ 0.01% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[3]
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	EC: 200-181-8 CAS: 53-70-3 Index: 601-041-00-2	≤0.083	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 0.01% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1] [2]
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	EC: 205-886-4 CAS: 191-30-0 Index: 601-092-00-0	≤0.1	Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350	Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]
benz[a]anthracene	EC: 200-280-6 CAS: 56-55-3 Index: 601-033-00-9	≤0.083	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 **See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.**	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1] [2] [3]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[3] Substance with carcinogenic, mutagenic or reproductive toxicity properties

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO_2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
halogenated compounds
carbonyl halides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special precautions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Store between the following temperatures: 18 to 25°C (64.4 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c E2	5000 tonnes 200 tonnes	50000 tonnes 500 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
acetone	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 500 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 1210 mg/m³. **EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1210 mg/m³.
dichloromethane	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 15 minutes: 706 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 353 mg/m³. OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. **EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 706 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 353 mg/m³.
benzo[a]pyrene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Carc 1B, Muta 1B, Repr 1B. Sensitiser. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) **EU OEL (Europe, 3/2024) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures]** Absorbed through skin.
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures, particularly those containing benzo[a] pyrene]** Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values **EU OEL (Europe, 3/2024) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures]** Absorbed through skin.
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon**

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	mixtures, particularly those containing benzo[a] pyrene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values **EU OEL (Europe, 3/2024) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures]** Absorbed through skin.
benz[a]anthracene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Carc 1B. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) **EU OEL (Europe, 3/2024) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures]** Absorbed through skin.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
acetone	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)** BMGV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
dichloromethane	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)** BMGV: 1 mg/l, methylene chloride [in blood]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 4 %, COHb [in blood]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.3 mg/l, methylene chloride [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
benzo[a]pyrene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons]** BMGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons]** BMGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons]** BMGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
benz[a]anthracene	**NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons]** BMGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result	
acetone	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	200 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	1210 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	2420 mg/m³
dichloromethane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	0.06 mg/kg bw/day
	DMEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	5 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	5.82 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	12 mg/kg bw/day

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	44 mg/m³
DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	132.14 mg/m³
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	176 mg/m³

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.

Flammability : Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/ flammability limit : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -18 to 23°C

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	Method
acetone	465	-
dichloromethane	605	-

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility :

Media	Result
water	Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20˚C			Vapour pressure at 50˚C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
dichloromethane	438	58.4	-	-	-	-
acetone	180.01463	24	-	-	-	-

Relative density : 0.871

Density : 0.871 g/cm³

Relative vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : Yes.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Physical/chemical properties comments : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Not available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	
acetone	Rat - Oral - LD50	5800 mg/kg
dichloromethane	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	76000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
benzo[a]pyrene	Rat - Oral - LD50	110 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
acetone	5800	20000	N/A	76	N/A
dichloromethane	N/A	N/A	N/A	76	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result	
acetone	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours
	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	-
dichloromethane	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
acetone	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result	
acetone	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	-
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours
dichloromethane	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
acetone	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
dichloromethane	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Other information : Adverse symptoms may include the following: altered blood counts

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	
acetone	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	7200 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water	4.95 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	0.016 ml/l [21 days]
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water	4.42589 ml/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	5600 ppm [96 hours]
dichloromethane	Acute - LC50 - Marine water	108.5 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	242 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	99 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	56 mg/l [96 hours]
benzo[a]pyrene	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	0.25 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	5 µg/l [72 hours]
benz[a]anthracene	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	97.5 µg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
dichloromethane	Harmful to aquatic organisms.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result	
dichloromethane	Aerobic	>70% [28 days] - Readily Aerobic

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetone	-	-	Readily
dichloromethane	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	3	Low
dichloromethane	1.25	22.91	Low
benzo[a]pyrene	6.13	-	High
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	6.75	-	High
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	7.71	-	High
benz[a]anthracene	5.76	257.04	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
acetone	0.56	3.6548
dichloromethane	1.44	27.5998
benzo[a]pyrene	5.95	889341
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	6.22	1657520
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	5.27	186296
benz[a]anthracene	5.3	200038

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
acetone	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
dichloromethane	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
benzo[a]pyrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
benz[a]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
acetone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dichloromethane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
benzo[a]pyrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
benz[a]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
acetone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dichloromethane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
benzo[a]pyrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dibenzo[def,p]chrysene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
benz[a]anthracene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetone)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetone)	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Hazard identification number 33
Limited quantity 1 L
Special provisions 601, 274, 640C
Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_
Special provisions 274

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.
Special provisions A3

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Benzo[a]pyrene	Carcinogen	Candidate	ED/21/2016	6/20/2016
Benz[a]anthracene	-	Candidate	ED/01/2018	1/15/2018
Benzo[a]pyrene	Mutagen	Candidate	ED/21/2016	6/20/2016
Benzo[a]pyrene	Toxic to reproduction	Candidate	ED/21/2016	6/20/2016
Benzo[a]pyrene	PBT	Candidate	ED/21/2016	6/20/2016
Benz[a]anthracene	-	Candidate	ED/01/2018	1/15/2018
Benzo[a]pyrene	vPvB	Candidate	ED/21/2016	6/20/2016
Benz[a]anthracene	-	Candidate	ED/01/2018	1/15/2018

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Ingredient name	Status
dichloromethane	Annex II

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c E2

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : Not determined.

China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union : **Russian Federation inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method
Ozone 1, H420	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Muta. 1B	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Ozone 1	HAZARDOUS TO THE OZONE LAYER - Category 1
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 20/12/2024

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

SECTION 16: Other information

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