# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Poroshell Guard, Part Number 5185-5968

### Section 1. Identification

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Poroshell Guard, Part Number 5185-5968
Part no.	: 5185-5968
Validation date	: 3/15/2023
1.2 Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Analytical chemistry. LC column 1x17mm, 5um 3/PK Solvent volume: <10 ml

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/Manufacturer	: Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770
	000-221-0110

#### **<u>1.4 Emergency telephone number</u>**

In case of emergency	: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

#### **Classification of the substance or mixture**

<mark>⊮</mark> 225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
H319	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

	2.2	GHS	label	l elements	
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Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>F314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
2.3 Other hazards	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Substance/mixture

: Mixture (encapsulated in article)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cetonitrile	≥25 - ≤50	75-05-8

Contains: Organosilane bonded silica gel

Note: To the best of our knowledge, the acute and chronic toxicological properties of bonded silica gels have not been investigated. This product contains synthetic amorphous silica, and should not be confused with crystalline silica such as quartz, cristobalite, or tridymite, or with diatomaceous earth or other naturally occurring forms of amorphous silica that frequently contain crystalline forms of silica.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	■ Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
media	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides cyanides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials f	or containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations	: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

### **8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Poroshell Guard, Part Number 5185-5968	ACGIH TLV (United States). Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Inhalable Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States). Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable fraction Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Total dust			
Acetonitrile	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.			
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 105 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 20 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 34 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 70 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>										
Physical state		Solid. (containing flammable liquid)								
Color		White.								
Odor		Not available.								
Odor threshold		Not available.								
pH		Not available.								
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.								
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	-	Not available.								
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -18 to 23	s°С (-0.	4 to	73.4°F)					
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.								
Flammability	:	Contains: Flammable	liquid							
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.								
Vapor pressure			V	apor	<sup>·</sup> Pressu	re at 2	20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm	Hg	kPa	Meth	nod	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		Acetonitrile	70.89	) (	9.5					
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.				4			<b>I</b>	
Relative density	:	Not available.								
Solubility(ies)	:	Media		Res	ult					
		Mobile phase Stationary phase		Solu Inso	ble luble					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.								
Auto-ignition temperature	$\left  \cdot \right $	Ingredient name			°C		°F		Method	
		Acetonitrile			524		975.2			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.						ł		
/iscosity	:	Not available.								
Particle characteristics										
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.								
Section 10. Stabili	ty	and reactivit	y							
10.1 Reactivity	-	No specific test data	-	to 10			la far ti	nia pradu		

10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
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10.3 Possibility of	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
hazardous reactions	

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
	Incompatible with: Hydrogen fluoride (HF).
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetonitrile	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral		17100 ppm 2460 mg/kg	4 hours -

Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetonitrile	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

<b>Mutagenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single exposure)</u>

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetonitrile	Category 2	-	blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
routes of exposure	

Inhalation Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion		Harmful if swallowed.
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### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Poroshell Guard, Part Number 5185-5968	1257.6	2766.7	N/A	27.7	N/A
Acetonitrile	500	1100	N/A	11	N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetonitrile	Acute IC50 3685000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3600000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 160000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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### Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum	
Acetonitrile	OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)		dily - 21 days	-		Activated sludge	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability	
Poroshell Guard, Part Number 5185-5968 Acetonitrile	-		-			Not readily Readily	

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Acetonitrile	-0.34	3	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

**12.5 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Cetonitrile (I,T)	75-05-8	Listed	U003

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### Section 14. Transport information

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / : Not regulated. ΙΑΤΑ

#### **Additional information**

Remarks: Special provisions DOT: 47 TDG: 56 MX: 216 IATA: A46 IMDG: 216

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health an	nd environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtur	<u>.e</u>
U.S. Federal regulation	ons : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Acetonitrile	
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Acetonitrile	
Clean Air Act Sectio (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	ion 112 : Listed	
Clean Air Act Sectio Class I Substances		
Clean Air Act Sectio Class II Substances		
DEA List I Chemical (Precursor Chemica		
DEA List II Chemical (Essential Chemical		
SARA 302/304		
Composition/inform	rmation on ingredients	
No products were for	found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>		
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -	- Category 2
Composition/inform	rmation on ingredients	
Date of issue :	03/15/2023	11/13

### Section 15. Regulatory information

	<u> </u>	
Name	%	Classification
Organosilane bonded silica gel	≥75 - ≤90	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
Acetonitrile	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	≥25 - ≤50
Supplier notification	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	≥25 - ≤50

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: ACETONITRILE

**New York** 

: The following components are listed: Acetonitrile

New Jersey

- : The following components are listed: ACETONITRILE
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: ACETONITRILE

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia	🕅 components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	All components are listed or exempted.	
China	All components are listed or exempted.	
Eurasian Economic Union	Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempt	ed.
Japan	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand	All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	All components are listed or exempted.	
Thailand	Not determined.	

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Turkey

- : All components are listed or exempted.
- **United States**
- : All components are active or exempted.
- Viet Nam

: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue	: 03/15/2023	
Date of previous issue	: 03/24/2020	
Version	: 5	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations	

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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