# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Tuning Solution Concentrate Kit - 1200 LC/MS, Part Number 393728101**

## Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Product identifier</strong></th>
<th>Tuning Solution Concentrate Kit - 1200 LC/MS, Part Number 393728101</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Part no.</strong></td>
<td>393728101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Material uses</strong></th>
<th>Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 x 3 ml Tuning Solution Concentrate 393728101-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Supplier/Manufacturer**

Agilent Technologies Australia Pty Ltd 679 Springvale Road Mulgrave Victoria 3170, Australia 1800 802 402

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)**

CHEMTREC®: +(61)-290372994

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

- **H225** FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- **H301** ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
- **H311** ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
- **H331** ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
- **H319** SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- **H370** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
- **H336** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### GHS label elements

- **Hazard pictograms**

## Signal word

- **DANGER**

### Hazard statements

- H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- H370 - Causes damage to organs.
- H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Precautionary statements

- **Prevention**

  P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
  P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
  P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
  P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
  P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
  P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
  P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
  P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
  P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Date of issue/Date of revision**

10/09/2018

**Date of previous issue**

31/08/2017

**Version**

5
Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Response:
- P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P307 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- P304 + P340 + P311 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- P301 + P310 + P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth.
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P302 + P352 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:
- P405 - Store locked up.
- P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
- P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements:
- Additional warning phrases: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- None known.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>≥30 - ≤60</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>≥30 - ≤60</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures:

Eye contact:
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation:
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**
Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Inhalation**
Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Eye contact**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin contact**
Toxic in contact with skin.

**Ingestion**
Toxic if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

**Inhalation**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness

**Skin contact**
No specific data.

**Ingestion**
No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**
Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**
No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet.
Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, Formaldehyde.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code: •3YE

Remark: Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
**Section 7. Handling and storage**

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

**Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection**

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). STEL: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 983 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

**Body protection**
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**
Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Wear MSHA/NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical state</strong></td>
<td>Liquid. [Clear.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colour</strong></td>
<td>Colourless.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odour</strong></td>
<td>Characteristic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odour threshold</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting point</strong></td>
<td>-89°C (-128.2°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boiling point</strong></td>
<td>64.5°C (148.1°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash point</strong></td>
<td>Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaporation rate</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower and upper explosive</strong></td>
<td>Lower: 2% Upper: 36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(flammable) limits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapour pressure</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapour density</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relative density</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Solubility</strong></td>
<td>Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Partition coefficient:</strong> n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auto-ignition temperature</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Decomposition temperature</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**
The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**
Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>145000 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>64000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>15800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5600 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>12800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/09/2018
Date of previous issue: 31/08/2017
Version: 5

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact: Toxic in contact with skin.
Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact: No specific data.
Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>199.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>597.9 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td>5.979 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other information: Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage.
Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Acute LC50</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>2500000 μg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>3289 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.96 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Danio rerio - Egg</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10100 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1400000 μg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4200 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Crangon crangon</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>logP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>-0.77</td>
<td>&lt;10</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) | Not available. |

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1987</td>
<td>UN1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Methanol, Propan-2-ol)</td>
<td>ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Methanol, Propan-2-ol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alcohols, n.o.s. (Methanol, Propan-2-ol)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>Transport within user's premises</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental hazards</th>
<th>Emergency schedules</th>
<th>Special provisions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>F-E, S-D</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special precautions for user</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special provisions: 274</td>
<td>Special provisions: A3, A180</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special provisions for user</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>methanol</td>
<td>Restricted hazardous chemical [For spray painting if the substance contains more than 1% by volume]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>methanol</td>
<td>Restricted hazardous chemical [For spray painting if the substance contains more than 1% by volume]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/09/2018
Date of previous issue: 31/08/2017
Version: 5
Section 15. Regulatory information

China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.
Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
          Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia : Not determined.
New Zealand : Not determined.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History
Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/09/2018
Date of previous issue : 31/08/2017
Version : 5

Key to abbreviations
: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
  ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
  BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
  GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
  IATA = International Air Transport Association
  IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
  IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
  LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
  NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
  SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
  UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H301</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H311</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H331</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 1, H370</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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