SAFETY DATA SHEET

Agilent Technologies

Test Standard - DB-624 Capillary-Megabore

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Test Standard - DB-624 Capillary-Megabore

Part no. : 200-0113

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use
1 ml vial

Uses advised against : None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.
5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,
Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR
United Kingdom
Tel: +44 (0) 345 712 5292

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC®: +44 20 3807 3798

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	Category 2
H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION	Category 2
H350	CARCINOGENICITY	Category 1B
H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects)	Category 3
H412	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	Category 3

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: > 60%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : dichloromethane and 1,2-dichloropropane

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
dichloromethane	EC: 200-838-9 CAS: 75-09-2 Index: 602-004-00-3	≥90	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
tetrachloroethylene	EC: 204-825-9 CAS: 127-18-4 Index: 602-028-00-4	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
1,2-dichloropropane	EC: 201-152-2 CAS: 78-87-5 Index: 602-020-00-0	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 1B, H350	[1]
nonane	EC: 203-913-4 CAS: 111-84-2	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Octane	EC: 203-892-1 CAS: 111-65-9 Index: 601-009-00-8	≤0.3	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	<0.27	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370	[1] [2]
acetone	EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH066	[1] [2]
Heptane	EC: 205-563-8 CAS: 142-82-5 Index: 601-008-00-2	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
halogenated compounds
carbonyl halides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information : When heated, flammable vapours will be evolved.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dichloromethane	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 706 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 353 mg/m³.
tetrachloroethylene	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 138 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
methanol	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 266 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
acetone	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** STEL 15 minutes: 3620 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1210 mg/m³.
heptane	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2085 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
dichloromethane	**EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** BGV: 30 ppm, carbon monoxide [in end-tidal breath]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result	
dichloromethane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	0.06 mg/kg bw/day
	DMEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	5 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	5.82 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	12 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	44 mg/m³
	DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	132.14 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	176 mg/m³
tetrachloroethylene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	0.167 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	0.25 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	1.3 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	1.38 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	39.4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	138 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	275 mg/m³
1,2-dichloropropane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	0.52 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	0.52 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	0.67 mg/cm²
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	0.69 mg/cm²
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	1.03 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	1.03 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	1.39 mg/cm²
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	1.39 mg/cm²
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	2.07 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	2.29 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	14.44 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	28.88 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	28.88 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	28.88 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	57.75 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	57.75 mg/m³
nonane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	608 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	699 mg/kg bw/day

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	699 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	773 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	2035 mg/m³
octane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	608 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	699 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	699 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	773 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	2035 mg/m³
methanol	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	26 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	26 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	26 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	26 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	130 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	130 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	130 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	130 mg/m³
acetone	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	200 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	1210 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	2420 mg/m³
heptane	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	149 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	149 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	447 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	2085 mg/m³

PNECs

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Clear. / Colourless.

Odour : Irritating material

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : -95.1°C

Initial boiling point and boiling range : 39.8°C

Flammability : Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/ flammability limit : Lower: 14%
Upper: 22%

Flash point : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	Method
dichloromethane	605	-

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility :

Media	Result
water	Partially soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure : 47.3 kPa (355 mm Hg)

Relative density : Not available.

Vapour density : 2.93 [Air = 1]

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : No.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Physical/chemical properties comments : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : May react or be incompatible with oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	
dichloromethane	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	76000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
tetrachloroethylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	2629 mg/kg
1,2-dichloropropane	Rat - Oral - LD50	1900 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	8750 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	2000 ppm [4 hours]
nonane	Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	3200 ppm [4 hours]
octane	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	118 g/m³ [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	25260 ppm [4 hours]
methanol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	15800 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	145000 ppm [1 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	64000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	83.84 mg/l [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	189.95 mg/l [1 hours]
acetone	Rat - Oral - LD50	5800 mg/kg
heptane	Rat - Oral - LD50	>17 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	103 g/m³ [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	48000 ppm [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Test Standard - DB-624 Capillary-Megabore	78740.2	4252.0	N/A	2362.2	N/A
dichloromethane	N/A	N/A	N/A	76	N/A
tetrachloroethylene	2629	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-dichloropropane	1900	8750	N/A	19.8	N/A
octane	N/A	N/A	N/A	118	N/A
methanol	100	300	N/A	3	N/A
acetone	5800	20000	N/A	76	N/A
heptane	N/A	N/A	N/A	103	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result	
dichloromethane	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
tetrachloroethylene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 810 mg
1,2-dichloropropane	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 0.5 Ml
nonane	Rat - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 96 hours Amount/concentration

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

		applied: 300 uL
methanol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
acetone	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
tetrachloroethylene	Defatting to the skin.
nonane	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
methanol	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
acetone	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result	
dichloromethane	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 162 mg
tetrachloroethylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 162 mg
methanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 40 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 Ml
acetone	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
tetrachloroethylene	May cause eye irritation.
1,2-dichloropropane	May cause eye irritation.
methanol	May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
methanol	Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system damage.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
dichloromethane	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
nonane	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
octane	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
methanol	STOT SE 1, H370
acetone	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
heptane	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression , carboxyhaemoglobinaemia ,headache ,dizziness/vertigo ,drowsiness/fatigue, nausea or vomiting

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result		
dichloromethane	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - *Palaemon pugio* - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Size: <20 mm 108.5 mg/l [48 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Acute - EC50 Algae - Green algae - *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* - Exponential growth phase Age: 7 days 242 mg/l [72 hours] Population	-	-

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water US EPA Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Adult Size: 49 mm; Weight: 1.04 g 99 mg/l [96 hours] Intoxication	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - *Raphidocelis subcapitata* 56 mg/l [96 hours] Population	-	-
tetrachloroethylene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water US EPA Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Larvae Age: 30 to 35 days 500 µg/l [32 days] Growth	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* 0.4 mg/l [21 days] Reproduction	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water US EPA Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* Age: 1 3.40071 mg/l [48 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Acute - EC50 Algae - Green algae - *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* - Exponential growth phase Age: 7 days 3.64 mg/l [72 hours] Population	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water US EPA Fish - Flagfish - *Jordanella floridae* - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Age: 2 to 4 months; Weight: 0.3 to 5 g 4000 µg/l [96 hours] Mortality	-	-

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - *Raphidocelis subcapitata* - Exponential growth phase 0.01 mg/l [72 hours] Population	-	-
1,2-dichloropropane	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water US EPA Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* Age: ≤24 hours 52 mg/l [48 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC Fish - *Pimephales promelas* 6 to 11 mg/l [28 days]	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC EPA 797.1330 Daphnia - *Daphnia magna* 8.3 mg/l [21 days]	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water STDMETH Fish - Sheepshead minnow - *Cyprinodon variegatus* Size: 3.5 cm; Weight: 2 g 7.3 ppm [96 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Acute - EC50 Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum* 12.6 mg/l [96 hours] Population	-	-
	Chronic - EC10 Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum* 5.55 mg/l [96 hours] Population	-	-
methanol	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - *Crangon crangon* - Adult 2500 mg/l [48 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Zebra danio - *Danio rerio* - Egg Age: 12 290 mg/l [96 hours]	-	-

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Mortality		
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa* 9.96 mg/l [96 hours] Reproduction	-	-
	Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa* Size: 9.4 mm 2736 mg/l [96 hours] Reproduction	-	-
acetone	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum sp.* 7200 mg/l [96 hours] Population	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa* 4.95 mg/l [96 hours] Reproduction	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Crustaceans - Daphnia - *Daphniidae* 0.016 ml/l [21 days] Population	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water ISO Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - *Acartia tonsa* - Copepodid 4.42589 ml/l [48 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Guppy - *Poecilia reticulata* Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g 5600 ppm [96 hours] Mortality	-	-
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Fish - Threespine stickleback - *Gasterosteus aculeatus* - Larvae Age: 7 days 5 µg/l [42 days]	-	-

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	Growth		
heptane	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Mozambique tilapia - *Oreochromis mossambicus* Size: 99 mm; Weight: 10 g 375 mg/l [96 hours] Mortality	-	-

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
dichloromethane	Harmful to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result		
dichloromethane	OECD [Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test]	>70% [28 days] - Readily	Aerobic
1,2-dichloropropane	OECD 301D [Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test]	11.7% [28 days] - Not readily	Aerobic

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
dichloromethane	-	-	Readily
tetrachloroethylene	-	-	Not readily
1,2-dichloropropane	-	-	Not readily
nonane	-	-	Readily
octane	-	-	Readily
methanol	-	-	Readily
acetone	-	-	Readily
heptane	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
dichloromethane	1.25	22.91	Low
tetrachloroethylene	2.53	49	Low
1,2-dichloropropane	1.99 to 2.28	1.2 to 3.2 [OECD 305 C]	Low
nonane	5.65	105	Low
octane	5.18	198.7	Low
methanol	-0.77	<10	Low
acetone	-0.23	3	Low

SECTION 12: Ecological information

heptane	4.66	552	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
dichloromethane	1.4	27.5998
tetrachloroethylene	2.4	250.49
1,2-dichloropropane	1.7	46.7811
nonane	2.5	295.059
octane	2.3	191.495
methanol	0.44	2.75443
acetone	0.56	3.6548
heptane	2.5	321.749

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
dichloromethane	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	Yes
tetrachloroethylene	No	N/A	Yes	No	No	N/A	No
1,2-dichloropropane	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes
nonane	No	N/A	Yes	No	No	N/A	No
octane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
methanol	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
acetone	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
heptane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
dichloromethane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
tetrachloroethylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
1,2-dichloropropane	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
nonane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
octane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
methanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
acetone	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
heptane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
dichloromethane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
tetrachloroethylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
1,2-dichloropropane	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
nonane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
octane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
methanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
acetone	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
heptane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1593	UN1593	UN1593
14.2 UN proper shipping name	DICHLOROMETHANE solution	DICHLOROMETHANE solution	Dichloromethane solution
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	6.1 	6.1 	6.1 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

ADR/RID : **Hazard identification number** 60
Limited quantity 5 L
Special provisions 516
Tunnel code (E)

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-A

IATA : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 655. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 663. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 2 L. Packaging instructions: Y642.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

None of the components are listed / The components are not impacted by a restriction

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States : All components are active or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO = International Maritime Organization
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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