# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Electron Capture Detector Sample Kit, Part Number 18713-60040

### Section 1. Identification

: Electron Capture Detector Sample Kit, Part Number 18713-60040
: 18713-60040
: 9/28/2021
<u>ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>
: Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use 18713-60040-1 Electron Capture Detector Sample 3 x 0.5 ml
r of the safety data sheet
: Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency	CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300
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# Section 2. Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the sul	ostance or mixture
H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H315	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
H319	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
H400	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
H410	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
2.2 GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	

#### **Precautionary statements**

Date of issue :	09/28/2021	1/13
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	<ul> <li>280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: ₱403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
2.3 Other hazards	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	≥90	540-84-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<u>4.1 Description of necessary</u>	<u>r first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
4.2 Most important sympto	ms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	iptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
4.3 Indication of immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Industrial applications, Professional applications.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: -107°C (-160.6°F)
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 99°C (210.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 6%
Vapor pressure	4

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

		Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	2,2,4-trimethylpentane	21	2.8		150.01	20		
	Gamma-HCH or gamma BHC	- 0	0					
Relative vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]							
Relative density	: 0.69							
Density	: 0.69 g/cm <sup>3</sup>							
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether. Partially soluble in the following materials: methanol. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.							
Miscible with water	<b>:</b> No.							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	: 417°C (782.6°F)							
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.							
Viscosity	: Not available.							
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not applicable.							

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

			-
alation Vapor al	Rat - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female	>33.52 mg/l >5000 mg/kg	4 hours -
al		Rat - Male,	Rat - Male, >5000 mg/kg

Not available.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Routes of er

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. enters airways.	May be fatal if swallowed and

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	-	-	Inherent

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name LogPow I		BCF	Potential	
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	4.08	231	low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**12.5 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact.
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### Section 14. Transport information

DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / : Not regulated. IATA

Additio	nal info	rmation
/ tallio		mation

Remarks : De minimis quantities

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to IMO instruments		

### Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and envir	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Gamma-HCH or gamma-BHC; Aldrin (ISO)
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Gamma-HCH or gamma-BHC; Aldrin (ISO)
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

#### **DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

#### SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

				SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Gamma-HCH or gamr	na-BHC	<0.0001	Yes.	1000 / 10000	-	1	-
Aldrin (ISO)		<0.0001	Yes.	500 / 10000	-	1	-
SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312	2092050	2.1 lbs / 9497907.	9 KG [303	56350.5 gai /	13765084 L	J	
Classification	SKIN IRF EYE IRR SPECIFI irritation) SPECIFI Category	BLE LIQUIDS - C RITATION - Categ ITATION - Catego C TARGET ORGA - Category 3 C TARGET ORGA 3 TION HAZARD - C	ory 2 ory 2A AN TOXI AN TOXI	CITY (SINGL CITY (SINGL			

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	≥90	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ISOOCTANE

**New York** 

**New Jersey** 

- : The following components are listed: 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane
- : The following components are listed: ISOOCTANE; 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE; PENTANE, 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: PENTANE, 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-

#### California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexachlorocyclohexane (gamma isomer) and Aldrin, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Hexachlorocyclohexane (gamma isomer) Aldrin	Yes. Yes.	-

#### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed. **Inventory list Australia** : Not determined. Canada : Not determined. : Not determined. China **Europe** : All components are listed or exempted. Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted. : Not determined. **New Zealand Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. **Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted. Thailand : Not determined. Turkey : Not determined. **United States** Not determined. 2 Viet Nam : Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification	
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2		Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	Calculation method	
irritation) - Category 3		
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	Calculation method	
Category 3		
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Ca	Expert judgment	
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUT	Calculation method	
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1		Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue	: 09/28/2021	
Date of previous issue	: 03/30/2021	
Version	: 8.1	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificatio IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container	n and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

### Section 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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