



SurePrint Community Design Prenatal CGH+SNP 8X60K

Streamline your prenatal research with
a CNV and LOH all-in-one assay

Advantages of the design

- Detection of CNVs and LOH in a single assay
- Streamlined analysis
- Developed by experts in the field
- Regions of interest specific for prenatal research
- Simplified data interpretation

CGH+SNP Microarrays for prenatal research

Chromosomal microarray analysis (CMA) is considered a front-line test for the analysis of genetic anomalies in prenatal samples related to developmental disabilities. It is endorsed by the American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics, the Child Neurology Society, the American Academy of Neurology, and the European Guidelines for cytogenetic analysis^{1,2,3,4}.

Genetic anomalies can be the major etiology of various constitutional disorders such as cleft lip, congenital birth defects, intellectual disability (ID), and developmental delay (DD). Copy number variants (CNVs) are one of the most common genetic variations. Many CNVs have been found to statistically increase the risk of DD, ID, and have recently been identified in autism spectrum disorder.

CGH+SNP Microarrays have a unique combination of probes targeting genomic regions and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). This combination of probe types makes it possible to simultaneously detect CNVs and copy-neutral changes (such as uniparental disomy) on the same array.

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The Agilent SurePrint CD Prenatal CGH+SNP 8X60K microarray can be used to detect a wide variety of aberrations in prenatal samples. These include single gene gains and losses, amplifications, and deletions relevant for prenatal clinical research. In addition, to evaluate regions of loss of heterozygosity (LOH), the design includes a subset of the Agilent SNP probe set covering all chromosomes at low resolution.

The focused design of the SurePrint CD Prenatal CGH+SNP array delivers single-gene or single-exon resolution on well-known microdeletion/microduplication syndromes, enabling accurate detection of various genetic aberrations. Combined with Agilent CGH streamlined sample preparation, high-quality results are achievable within two to three days.

The unique design of the SurePrint CD Prenatal CGH+SNP microarray allows researchers to screen high-resolution copy number changes in 152 genomic regions. The design ensures low-resolution LOH coverage in all chromosomes and a genome-wide backbone with a median probe spacing of 78 Kb, all of which are key for prenatal clinical research.

Table 1. List of syndromic regions selected to be covered by the design.

OMIM Entities	Chromosome Band	Involved Genes	OMIM Entities	Chromosome Band	Involved Genes
Jacobsen syndrome	11q24-q25	<i>multiple</i>	22q13.3 duplication syndrome (SHANK3/PROSAP2)	22q13.3	<i>SHANK3</i>
OTODENTAL DYSPLASIA	11q13	<i>FGF3</i>	MICROCORIA, CONGENITAL	13q32	-
NRXN1 deletion syndrome	2p16	<i>NRXN1</i>	8p23.1 deletion	8p23.1	<i>GATA4</i>
15q26 deletion syndrome (IGF1R)	15q26	<i>IGF1R</i>	CHR 15q14 DELETION SYNDROME	15q14	<i>MEIS2</i>
Split-hand/foot malformation 5	2q31	<i>unknown</i>	Axenfeld-Rieger syndrome, type 1	4q25	<i>PITX2</i>
Angelman syndrome	15q11.2-q13	<i>UBE3A</i>	CHR 17q12 DUPLICATION SYNDROME	17q12	-
Chr 2q37 deletion syndrome	2q37	<i>multiple</i>	CHR 17q12 DELETION SYNDROME	17q12	-
Holoprosencephaly 6	2q37.1-q37.3	<i>HPE6</i>	RCAD syndrome (renal cysts and diabetes) (HNF1B or ACACA)	17q12	<i>HNF1B; ACACA</i>
Chr 10q22.3-q23.2 deletion syndrome	10q22.3-q23.2	<i>multiple</i>	Potocki-Lupski syndrome	17p11.2	<i>multiple</i>
Cat eye syndrome	22q11	<i>unknown</i>	Smith-Magenis syndrome	17p11.2	<i>multiple (RAI1)</i>
CHR 15q25 DELETION SYNDROME	15q25	-	Holoprosencephaly 2	2p21	<i>SIX3</i>
Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome	11p15.4-p15.5	<i>ICR1, KCNQ1OT1, CDKN1C</i>	CHR 17q11.2 DELETION SYNDROME, 1.4-MB	17q11.2	<i>NF1</i>
DiGeorge syndrome/velocardiofacial syndrome complex-2	10p14-p13	<i>unknown</i>	GLASS SYNDROME; GLASS	2q33.1	<i>SATB2</i>
CHR 17p13.3, TELOMERIC, DUPLICATION SYNDROME	17p13.3-p13.1	-	Chr 3q29 deletion syndrome	3q29	<i>multiple</i>
Chr 16p12.2-p11.2 deletion syndrome	16p11.2-p12.1	<i>multiple</i>	Chr 3q29 duplication syndrome	3q29	<i>unknown</i>
Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, type II	8q24.11-q24.13	<i>multiple (TRPS1, EXT1)</i>	Cleidocranial dysplasia, forme fruste, dental anomalies, with brachydactyly	6p21.1	<i>RUNX2</i>
MENTAL RETARDATION, AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT 20; MRD20	5q14.3	<i>MEF2C</i>	NABLUS MASK-LIKE FACIAL SYNDROME; NMLFS	8q22.1	-
5q14.3 deletion syndrome (MEF2C)	5q14.3	<i>MEF2C</i>	Witteveen-Kolk syndrome	15q24	<i>SIN3A</i>
Chr 2p16.1-p15 deletion syndrome	2p15-p16.1	<i>multiple</i>	Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, type I	8q23.3	<i>TRPS1</i>
Split-hand/foot malformation 3	10q24	<i>multiple</i>	Pitt-Hopkins syndrome (TCF4)	18q21.2	<i>TCF4</i>
Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation syndrome, type 1	Xq21.1	<i>ATRX</i>	1q44 deletion syndrome (AKT3)	1q44	<i>AKT3</i>
Menkes disease	Xq21.1	<i>ATP7A</i>	DOWN SYNDROME	21q22.3	<i>multiple</i>
Duchenne muscular dystrophy	Xp21.2-p21.1	<i>DMD</i>	Holoprosencephaly 1	21q22.3	<i>unknown</i>
Synpolydactyly 1	2q31.1	<i>HOXD13</i>	sacral/anorectal malformations	6q25.3	<i>unknown</i>
CHR 2q31.1 DUPLICATION SYNDROME	2q31.1	-	Aniridia Cataract with late-onset corneal dystrophy	11p13	<i>PAX6</i>
Mental retardation, X-linked syndromic, Lubs type	Xq28	<i>MECP2</i>	Wilms tumor, aniridia, genitourinary anomalies and mental retardation syndrome	11p13	<i>multiple (PAX6, WT1)</i>
Mucopolysaccharidosis II	Xq28	<i>IDS</i>	Wilms tumor	11p13	<i>WT1</i>
Rett syndrome	Xq28	<i>MECP2</i>	CHR 11p13 DELETION SYNDROME, DISTAL	11p13	<i>ELP4 (606985) and PAX6 (607108)</i>
Chr 22q11.2 duplication syndrome	22q11.2	<i>multiple</i>	11p13 duplication/triplication syndrome (PAX6)	11p13	<i>PAX6</i>
CHR 22q11.2 DELETION SYNDROME, DISTAL	22q11.2	-	Williams-Beuren region duplication syndrome, Chromosome 7q11.23 duplication syndrome	7q11.23	<i>multiple</i>
22q11.2 distal deletion (BCR, MAPK1)	22q11.2	<i>BCR; MAPK1</i>	Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 1A	17p12	<i>PMP22</i>
Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome 1	16p13.3	<i>CREBBP</i>	Neuropathy, recurrent, with pressure palsies	17p12	<i>PMP22</i>
MESOMELIA-SYNOSTOSIS SYNDROME	8q13	-	Potocki-Shaffer syndrome	11p11.2	<i>multiple</i>
CHR 16p13.3 DUPLICATION SYNDROME	16p13.3	<i>CREBBP</i>	Williams-Beuren syndrome	7q11.23	<i>multiple</i>
Lissencephaly, X-linked Subcortical laminar heterotopia, X-linked	Xq23	<i>DCX</i>	Hernia, congenital diaphragmatic 1	15q26.1	<i>unknown</i>
Lymphoproliferative syndrome, X-linked, 1	Xq25	<i>SH2D1A</i>	Split-hand/foot malformation 1	7q21.3	<i>multiple (DSS1, DLX5, DLX6)</i>
CHR 5q12 DELETION SYNDROME	5q12	-	Alport syndrome 1, X-linked	Xq22.3	<i>COL4A5</i>
46,XX SEX REVERSAL 2; SRXX2	17q24.3-q25.1	<i>SOX9</i>	Fragile X syndrome	Xq27.3	<i>FMR1</i>
SPINOCEREBELLAR ATAXIA 20; SCA20	11q12	-	Prader-Willi syndrome	15q11.2	<i>multiple (SNRPN, NDN)</i>
Lesch-Nyhan syndrome	Xq26.2-q26.3	<i>HPRT1</i>	CHR 15q11.2 DELETION SYNDROME	15q11.2	<i>TUBGCP5, NIPA1, NIPA2, CYFIP1</i>
Linear skin defects with multiple congenital anomalies 1	Xp22.2	<i>HCCS</i>	Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome	7q34	<i>BRAF</i>
Opitz GBBB syndrome, type I	Xp22.2	<i>MID1</i>	Dyggve-Melchior-Claussen disease	18q21.1	<i>DYM</i>
Orofaciodigital syndrome I	Xp22.2	<i>OFD1</i>	Mowat-Wilson syndrome	2q22.3	<i>ZEB2</i>
BRAIN MALFORMATIONS WITH OR WITHOUT URINARY TRACT DEFECTS; BRMUTD	1p31.3	<i>NFIA</i>			
FRIAS SYNDROME	14q22.1-q22.3	<i>BMP4</i>			
Phelan-McDermid syndrome	22q13.3	<i>multiple (SHANK3)</i>			

Table 1. Continued.

OMIM Entities	Chromosome Band	Involved Genes	OMIM Entities	Chromosome Band	Involved Genes
Cornelia de Lange syndrome 1	5p13.2	<i>NIPBL</i>	Waardenburg syndrome, type 1	2q36.1	<i>PAX3</i>
Mental retardation, autosomal recessive 59	8q21.13	<i>IMPA1</i>	Holoprosencephaly 9	2q14.2	<i>unknown</i>
Feingold syndrome 1	2p24.3	<i>MYCN</i>	CORNEAL DYSTROPHY, POSTERIOR AMORPHOUS; PACD	12q21.33	-
Nail-patella syndrome	9q33.3	<i>LMX1B</i>	Ichthyosis, X-linked	Xp22.31	<i>STS</i>
Wolf-Hirschhorn syndrome	4p16.3	<i>multiple</i>	CHR 17q23.1-q23.2 DUPLICATION SYNDROME	17q23.1-q23.2	-
Chr 1q21.1 deletion syndrome	1q21.1	<i>multiple</i>	Branchiootorenal syndrome 1	8q13.3	<i>EYA1</i>
Chr 1q21.1 duplication syndrome	1q21.1	<i>multiple</i>	Otofaciocervical syndrome	8q13.3	<i>multiple (EYA1)</i>
Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 1, early infantile, 1	Xp21.3	<i>ARX</i>	Lissencephaly 1 Subcortical laminar heterotopia	17p13.3	<i>PAFAH1B1</i>
Saethre-Chotzen syndrome with or without eyelid anomalies	7p21.1	<i>TWIST1</i>	Miller-Dieker lissencephaly syndrome	17p13.3	<i>multiple</i>
Thrombocytopenia-absent radius syndrome	1q21.1	<i>RBM8A</i>	15q13.2-13.3 deletion (CHRNA7)	15q13.2-13.3	-
Waardenburg syndrome, type 2A	3p13	<i>MITF</i>	Androgen insensitivity syndrome	Xq12	<i>AR</i>
Heterotaxy, visceral, 1, X-linked Congenital heart defects, nonsyndromic, 1, X-linked	Xq26.3	<i>ZIC3</i>	Cystinosis, nephropathic Cystinosis, atypical nephropathic	17p13.2	<i>CTNS</i>
CHR 8q21.11 DELETION SYNDROME	8q21.11	-	CHR 19q13.11 DELETION SYNDROME, DISTAL	19q13.11	-
Sotos syndrome 1	5q35.3	<i>NSD1</i>	Blepharophimosis, epicanthus inversus, and ptosis	3q22.3	<i>FOXL2</i>
Agammaglobulinemia, X-linked 1	Xq22.1	<i>BTK</i>	Alagille syndrome 1	20p12.2	<i>JAG1</i>
DiGeorge syndrome	22q11.21	<i>TBX1</i>	van der Woude syndrome 1	1p32.2	<i>IRF6</i>
Atrial septal defect 7, with or without AV conduction defects	5q35.1	<i>NKX2-5</i>	BARAITSER-WINTER SYNDROME 1; BRWS1	7p22.1	<i>ACTB</i>
VELOCARDIOFACIAL SYNDROME; VCFS	22q11.21	<i>TBX1</i>	Basal cell nevus syndrome	9q22.32	<i>PTCH1</i>
Holoprosencephaly 4	18p11.31	<i>TGIF</i>	Holoprosencephaly 5	13q32.3	<i>ZIC2</i>
Nephronophthisis 1, juvenile	2q13	<i>NPHP1</i>	Adrenal hypoplasia, congenital	Xp21.2	<i>NR0B1</i>
CHR 17p13.1 DELETION SYNDROME	17p13.1	-	Glycerol kinase deficiency	Xp21.2	<i>GK</i>
2q13 deletion syndrome	2q13	-	Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 2	Xp22.13	<i>CDKL5</i>
Holoprosencephaly 3	7q36.3	<i>SHH</i>	X-inactivation, familial skewed	Xq13.2	<i>XIST</i>
Koolen-De Vries syndrome	17q21.31	<i>multiple (KANSL1)</i>	Noonan syndrome 1	12q24.13	<i>PTPN11</i>
Chr 17q21.31 duplication syndrome	17q21.31	<i>multiple</i>	16p13.11 duplication	16p13.11	-
Chr Xp11.3 deletion syndrome	Xp11.3	<i>multiple (RP2)</i>	Familial adenomatous polyposis 1, Gardner syndrome, Brain tumor-polyposis syndrome 2, Adenomatous polyposis coli	5q22.2	<i>APC</i>
KLEEFSTRA SYNDROME 1	9q34.3	<i>EHMT1</i>	Microphthalmia, syndromic 6	14q22.2	<i>BMP4</i>
Campomelic dysplasia, Acampomelic campomelic dysplasia, Campomelic dysplasia with autosomal sex reversal	17q24.3	<i>SOX9</i>	MENTAL RETARDATION, AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT 1; MRD1	2q23.1	<i>MBD5</i>
CHR 3q13.31 DELETION SYNDROME	3q13.31	<i>ZBTB20</i>	Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease	Xq22.2	<i>PLP1</i>
Optic nerve hypoplasia and abnormalities of the central nervous system Microphthalmia, syndromic 3	3q26.33	<i>SOX2</i>	CHARGE syndrome	8q12.2	<i>CHD7</i>
Waardenburg syndrome, type 1	2q36.1	<i>PAX3</i>	DYRK1A deletion syndrome	21q22.13	<i>DYRK1A</i>
			Holoprosencephaly 7	9q22.32	<i>PTCH1</i>
			Forebrain defects	3p21.31	<i>TDGF1</i>

Description of the Design

The SurePrint CD Prenatal CGH+SNP 8x60K microarray has multiple features that enable the analysis of clinical prenatal research samples. A brief description of the microarray design is listed below.

Array probe composition	
Type	Number of Features
Control	3,886
CGH	43,081
SNP	16,009

Array probe design	
Region Type	Median Probe Spacing
Overall	22.5 kb
Targeted Regions	5.6 kb
Backbone	79 kb
Telomeric Regions	2.7 kb
SNP Probes	All chromosomes

Developed by an expert

This array originated from the Fetal DNA Chip designed by Dr. Richard Choy, the professor and deputy director of the Prenatal Genetic Diagnosis Centre in the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology at the Chinese University of Hong Kong. This is the largest public obstetrics and gynecology unit and tertiary referral center in Hong Kong. It serves the 1.7 million people living in HK and oversees nearly 7,000 births annually.

Citations

1. Satya-Murti, S. et al. Chromosomal Microarray Analysis for Intellectual Disabilities. American Academy of Neurology **2013**.
2. Michelson, D. J. et al. Evidence Report: Genetic and Metabolic Testing on Children with Global Developmental Delay, Report of the Quality Standards Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology and the Practice Committee of the Child Neurology Society. *Neurology* **2011**, 77(17), 1629–1635.
3. South, S.T. et al. ACMG Standards and Guidelines for constitutional cytogenomic microarray analysis, including postnatal and prenatal applications: Revision 2013. *Genet. Med.* **2013**, 15(11), 901–909.
4. Marisa Silva et al. European guidelines for constitutional cytogenomic analysis European Journal of Human Genetics, *Eur J Hum Genet*, **2019**, 27(1), 1-16.

Order information

Product Description	Part Number	# Samples/Kit
SurePrint CD Prenatal CGH+SNP 8X60K	G5988C	8
SureTag Complete DNA Labelling kit	5190-4240	50
SureTag Purification Columns kit	5190-3391	50
Cot-1 Human DNA	5190-3393	312
Hybridization Gasket Slide kit - 8 microarrays per slide format; 5 gasket slides/pack	G2534-60014	40
Oligo aCGH/ChIP-on-chip Hybridization kit	5188-5200	200
Oligo aCGH/ChIP-on-chip Wash Buffer kit	5188-5226	320

Go to <http://www.agilent.com/genomics> to see all available kit configurations

Note: Agilent has not performed verification and validation on these arrays.

Agilent has not performed verification and validation on the Community Design panels.

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