



**Welcome to our E-Seminar:**

# **Compliant Multi-Vendor Instrument Control using Agilent GIC**

# Levels of Instrument Control

Data  
Reliability

Level 4

**Advanced  
Control**

for trustworthy and  
reliable instrument  
control and data  
acquisition

Level 3

**Full Control**  
(the minimum for  
instrument  
control metadata  
according to 21  
CFR 11)

Level 2

**Rudimentary  
Control**  
Download  
Basic  
Parameters

Level 1

**No Control**  
Synchronization  
Start/Stop

Control Level

# Compliant control: Level 3 and Level 4

## Level 3

**Full Control**  
(the minimum for instrument control metadata according to 21 CFR 11)

Level 3 allows for

- Bidirectional communication between instrument and controller
- Full execution of native „system method“
- Ongoing system monitoring from control software during acquisition
- Basic error information ( connection lost...)
- Electronic documentation of all acquisition „meta data“

## Level 4

**Advanced Control**  
for trustworthy and reliable instrument control and data acquisition

Level 4 offers all level 3 features PLUS

- Error resistant communication protocol ( for time interval  $\leq 1$  min)
- Documentation of local method modifications in control software
- Instrument driven preventive maintenance configuration and management (e.g. EMF)
- Advanced error documentation ( leaks, network communication losses...)
- Advanced documentation of all system information in logbooks during acquisition
- Full system qualification (hardware, software and network connections)



# Level 4 Instrument Control (Definition)

- Active handshake between software and instrument
- Supports advanced tagging of components, e.G. Column-id tags, automatic tracking of serial and product numbers, electronic instrument log-book
- Advanced error detection and diagnostics functions (e.G. Self diagnostics or early maintenance feedback (EMF))

## Impact on part 11

- Trustworthy, reliable and reproducible execution of data acquisition independent of current data system load in the spirit of Part 11
- Validation: facilitates the execution of instrument qualification and preventive maintenance
- Qualifies for device checks required by the rule
- Guaranteed and reproducible execution of data acquisition independent of current data system load (facilitates the qualification of data integrity and traceability)

### Level 4

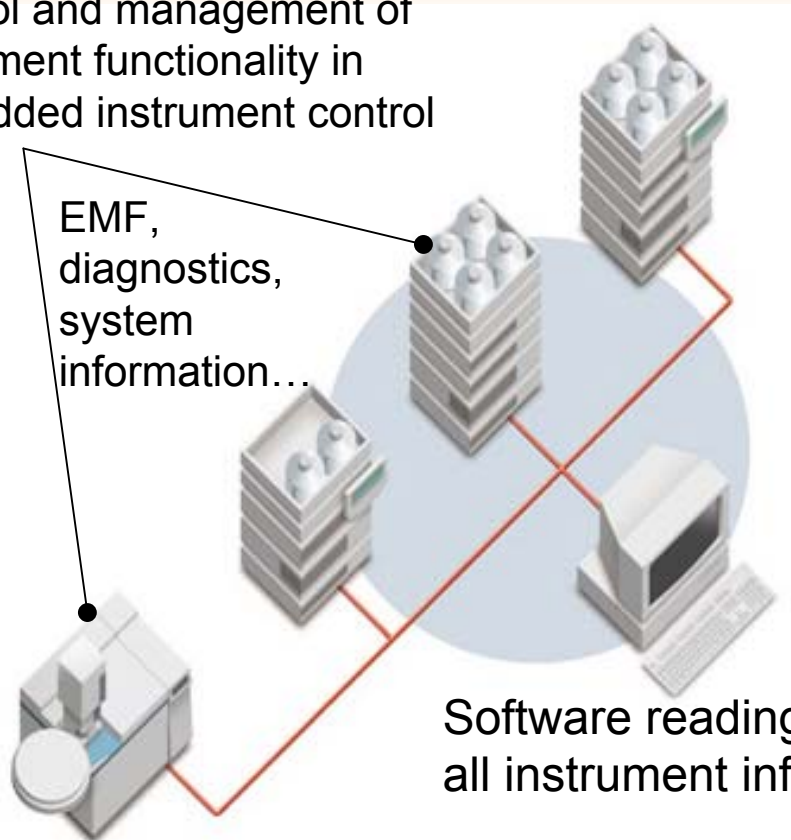
#### **Advanced Control**

(+ diagnostics, handshake, EMF etc.)



# Level 4 building blocks

Control and management of instrument functionality in embedded instrument control



Level 4 puts requirements on instrument AND software –

it is possible offering level 4 control to other parties hardware but it is impossible applying a software package to a 3<sup>rd</sup> party and achieve level 4

Software reading and managing all instrument information

# 3rd party instrument control situation

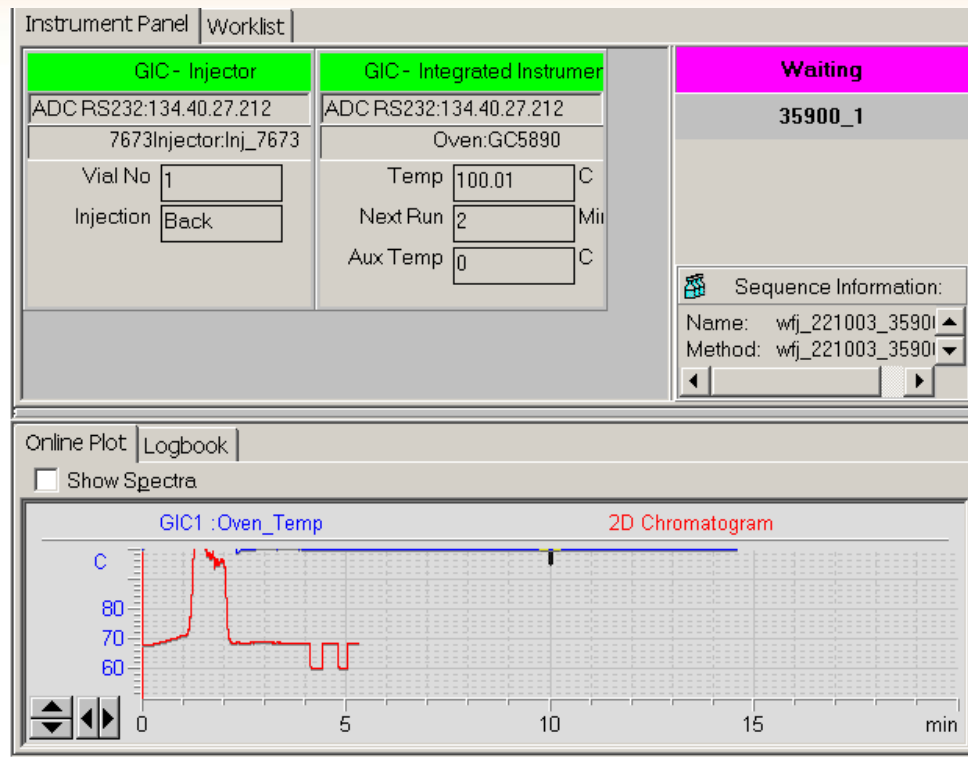
## **The situation:**

- many laboratories have equipment from multiple vendors but want to connect all instrumentation to one data system
- Laboratories frequently use “mixed” systems of standards plus an additional external device
- All laboratories also must validate their software and hardware
- Instrument user require validated control of all instruments – no reverse engineering or hacking of control codes

**Customer requirement: Offer Instruments control for the complete laboratory instrumentation**

# 3<sup>rd</sup> party control through A/D versus GIC

- Most data system use standard A/D converters to control non-proprietary instruments. This approach has multiple limitations:
  - It requires the user to set all acquisition parameter through the local instrument control outside of the software
  - Data retrieval from the instrument is limited to one signal channel and start/stop information – no meta data or system information available
  - No bidirectional communication between instrument and software
- => **IT IS NOT COMPLIANT**



**Cerity GIC allows for compliant level 3 instrument control of any 3<sup>rd</sup> party instrumentation**



# Top Requirements

- “Plug and Play” driver (VSIA) installation (NO installation of any components on review clients)
- Standard communication interface based on RS 232 (35900E as communication interface)  
Future plans: multi-port RS232 card, GP-IB etc.)
- Flexible instrument configuration through standard Cerity U/I’s
- Standardized U/I components configurable via VSIA XML file
- VSIA developer kit for Agilent and partners
- Support for software IQ and OQ/PV

**VSIA =  
Vendor Specific  
Instrument  
Adapter**



# 3rd party instrument control - solution

The solution: Certy GIC

- Provide “level 3” instrument control of 3rd party chromatographic instruments for Certy.
- Use printer driver approach: Split instrument control into a generic Certy portion and an instrument specific “VSIA driver” portion
- Allow ‘plug and play” device driver installation and configuration without the need of installing a new Certy revision
- Offer full IQ and OQ for software and instrument control
- Minimize the development time and costs of 3rd party device drivers.

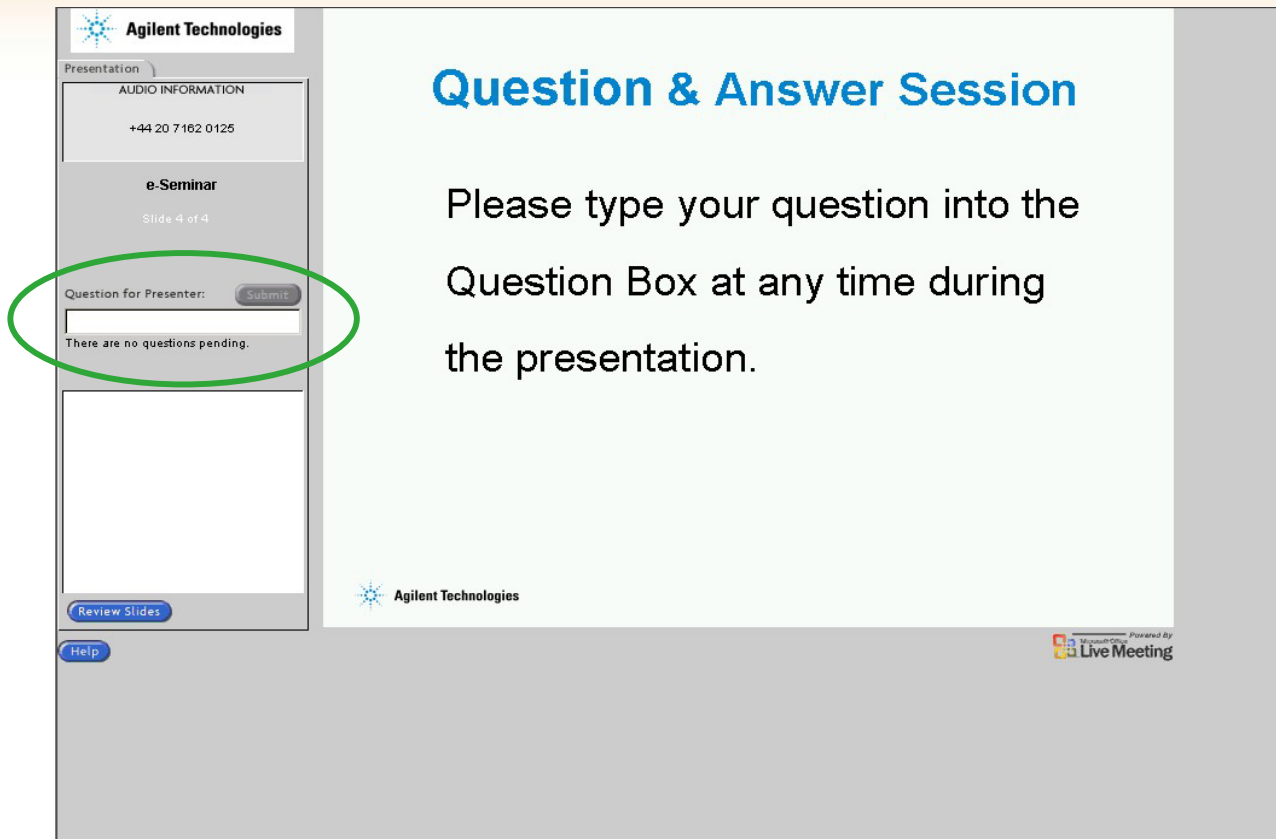
**Customer requirement: Offer Instruments control for the complete laboratory instrumentation**

# Controlling Multi-Vendor Instrumentation

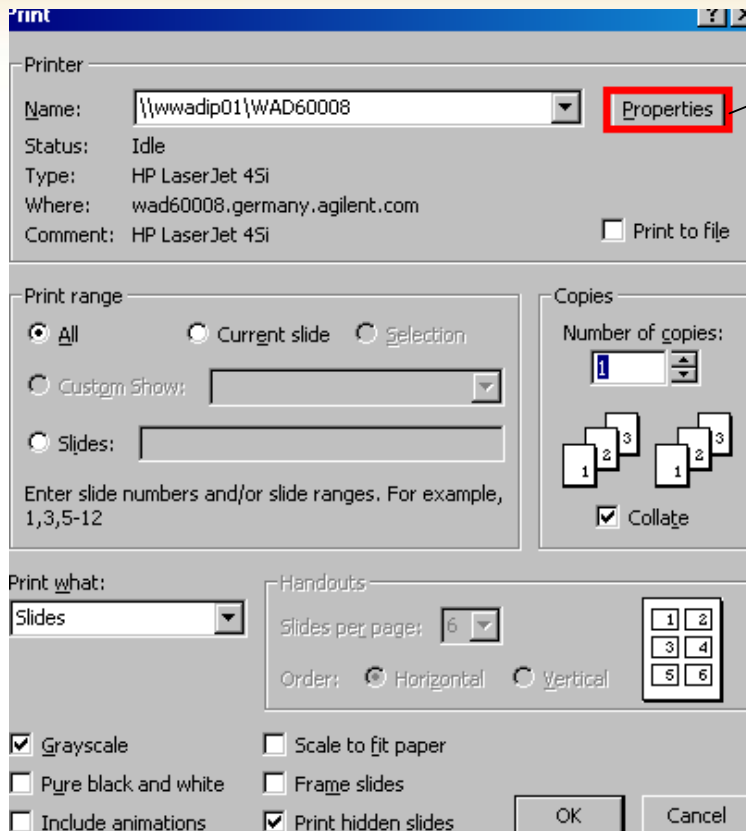
## ***Cerity Generic Instrument Control Module (GIC)***

- A generic framework for bi-directional control of third party instrumentation
- Only signal acquisition through A/D converter – full system control through generic RS 232 interface
- Bi-directional instrument control through serial interface
- Vendor Specific Instrument Adapter (VSIA) provided on request
- Requires communication protocols of the relevant devices

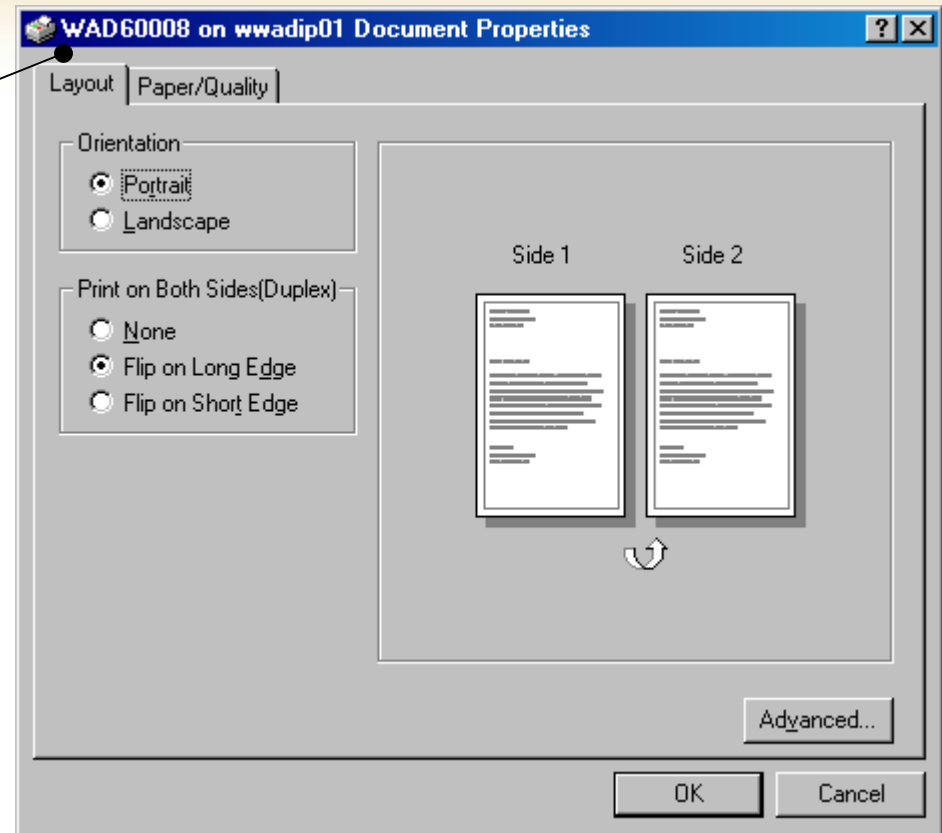
# Break Number 1



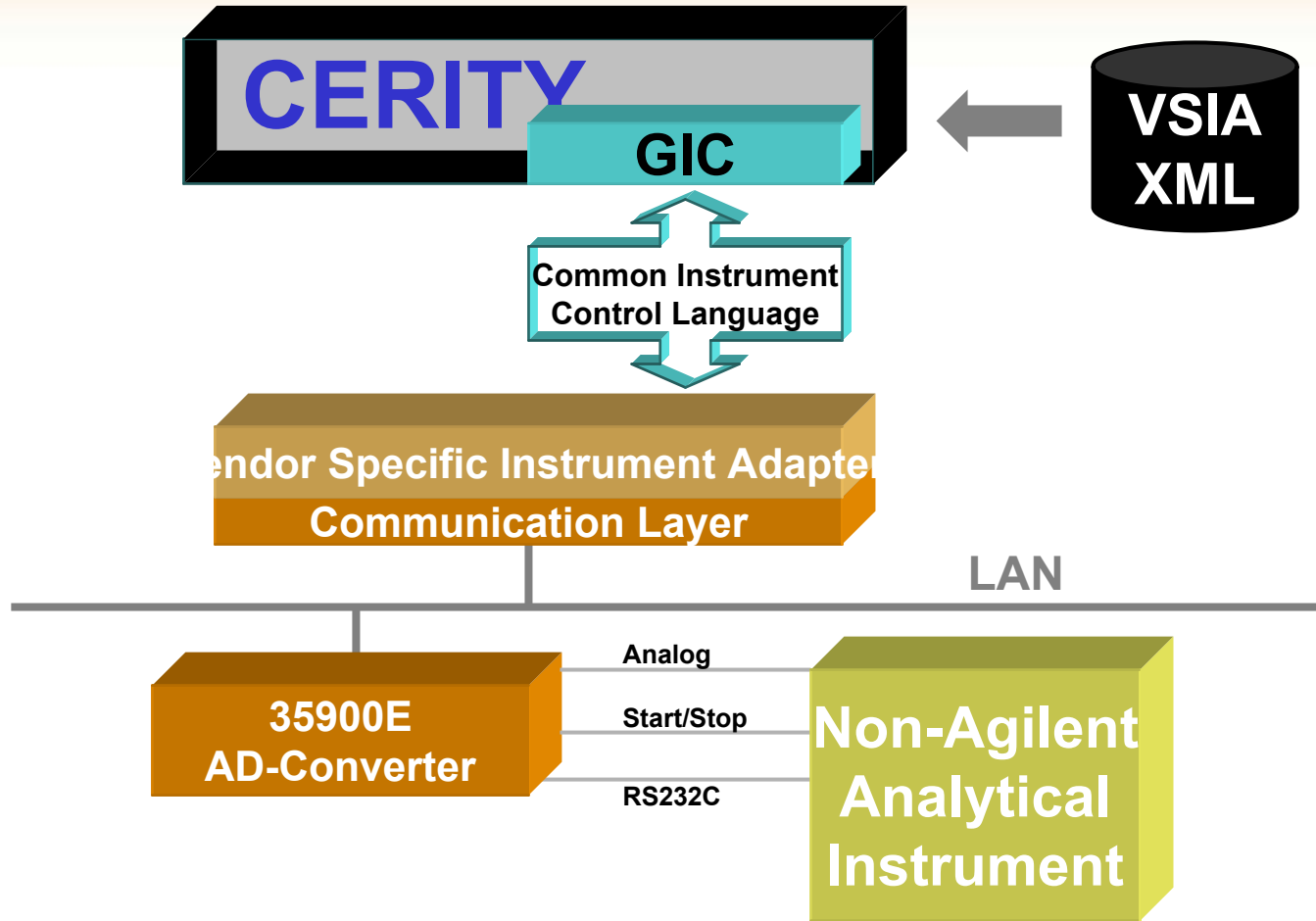
The screenshot displays a web interface for an e-seminar. On the left is a control panel with the Agilent Technologies logo at the top. Below the logo, it says "Presentation" and "AUDIO INFORMATION" with the number "+44 20 7162 0125". Further down, it indicates "e-Seminar" and "Slide 4 of 4". A section labeled "Question for Presenter:" contains a text input field and a "Submit" button, both of which are circled in green. Below this, it states "There are no questions pending." At the bottom of the control panel are buttons for "Review Slides" and "Help". The main content area on the right features the title "Question & Answer Session" in blue, followed by the text "Please type your question into the Question Box at any time during the presentation." The Agilent Technologies logo is also present in the bottom left of the main area, and the "Powered by Microsoft Office Live Meeting" logo is in the bottom right.



Common window for all printers

Specific window for each printer  
(varies with printer type)

# GIC Architecture Overview



## ***Analog/digital converters for control of non-proprietary instruments:***

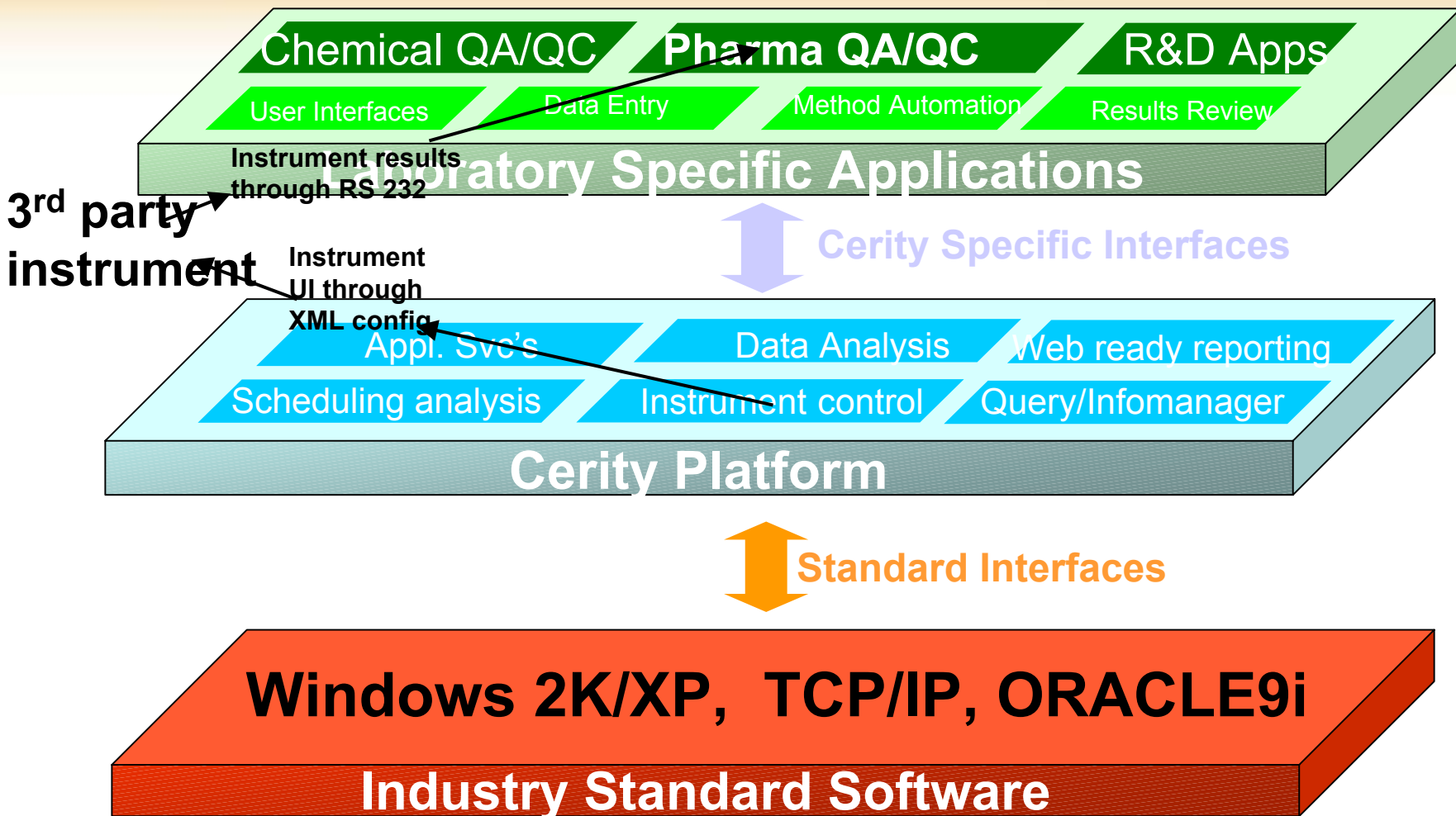
- No compliant instrument control
- No meta data or system information available
- No bi-directional communication between instrument and software

## ***Cerity GIC - generic interface for full method download and execution:***

- Fully compliant level 3 instrument control
- All instrument actions are tracked in the Cerity instrument logbook
- Bi-directional communication between instrument and software and result signal(s)

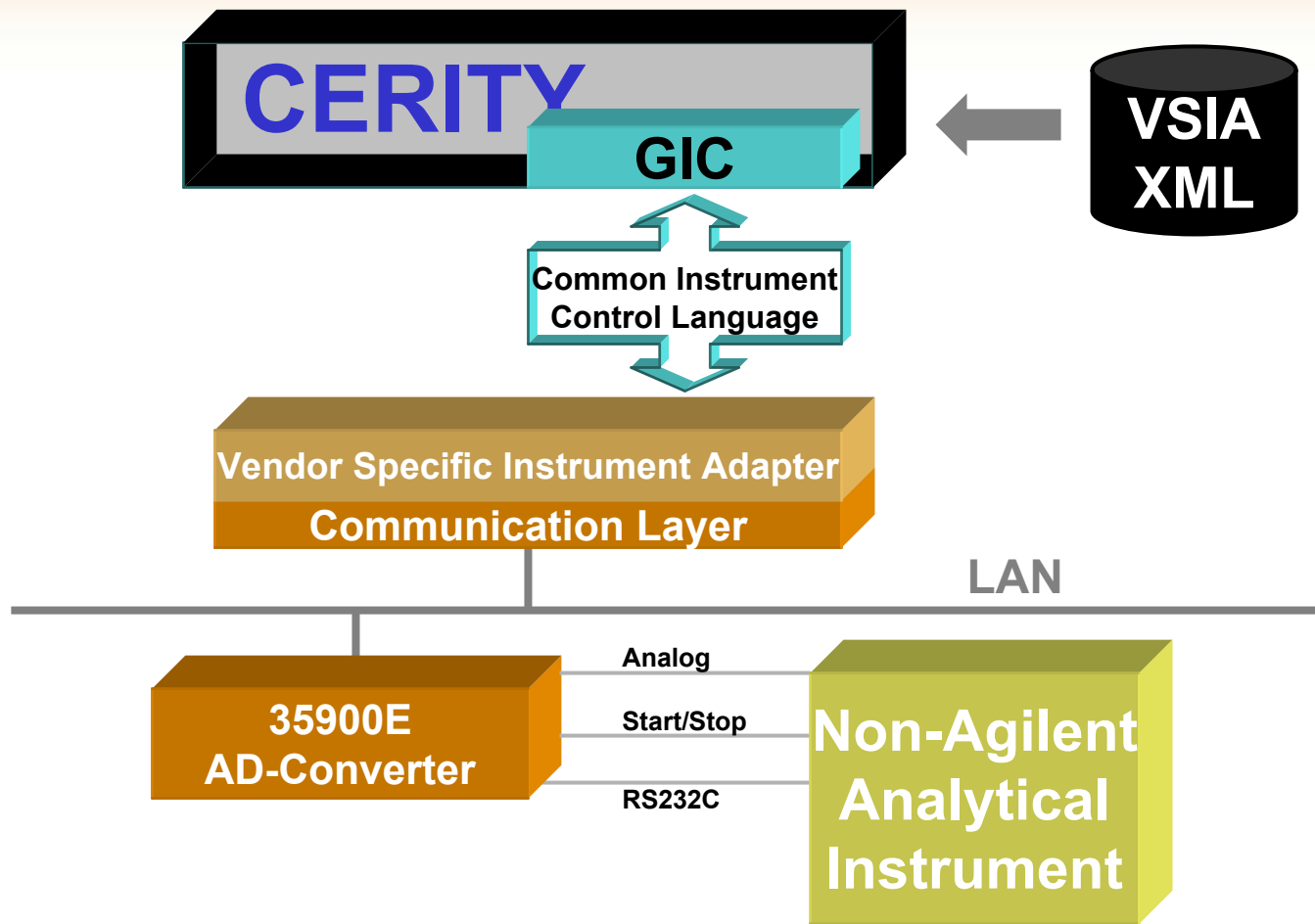


# Modular Software architecture

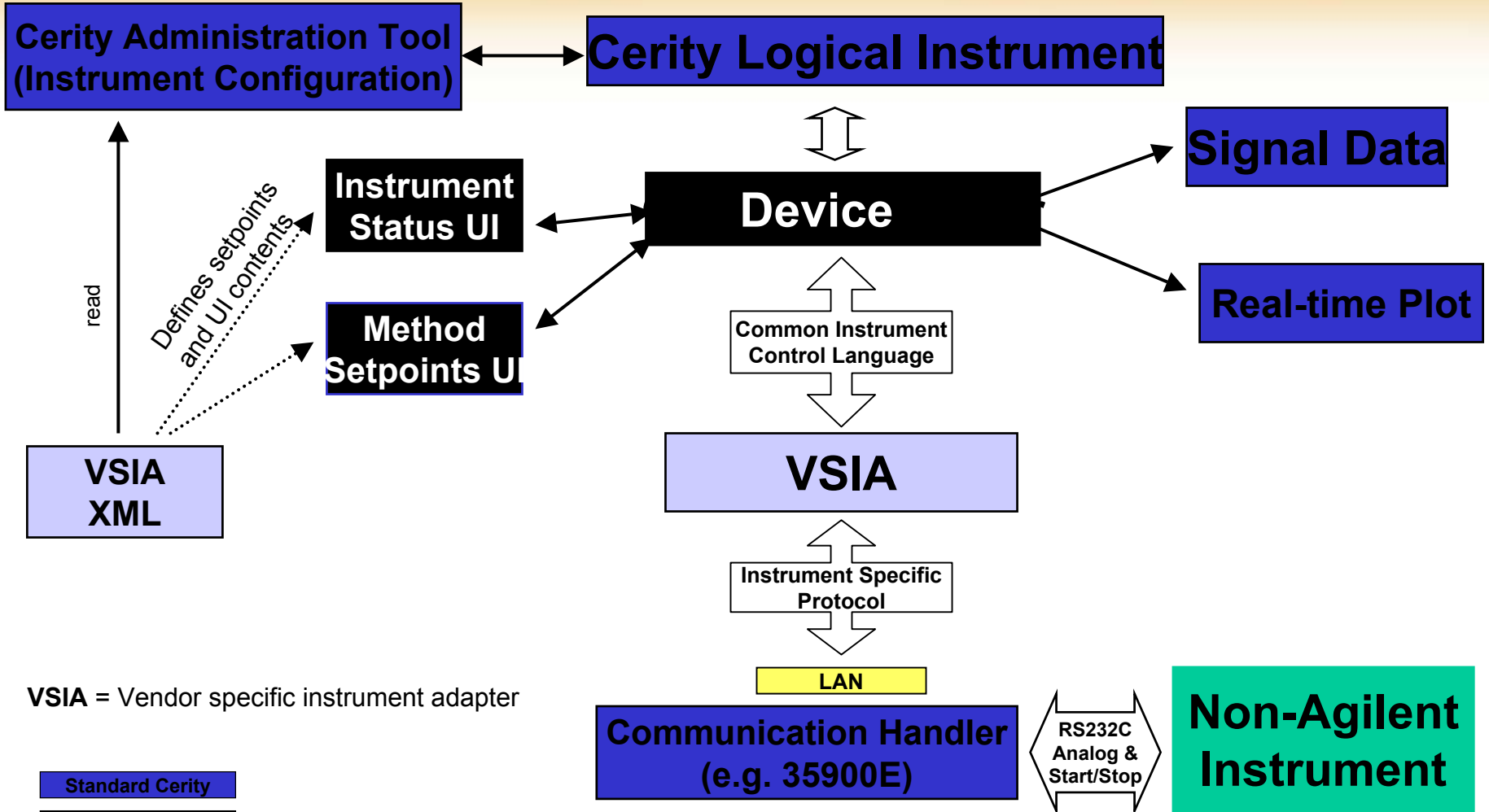




# GIC Architecture Overview



# Cerity GIC Architecture

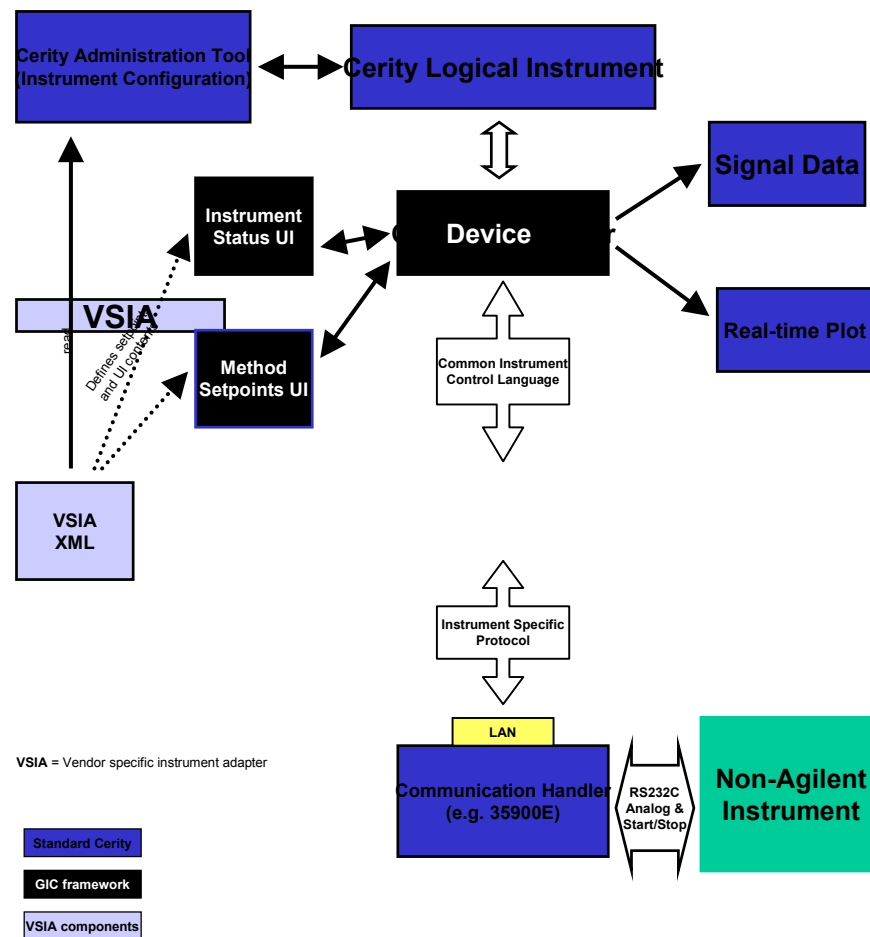


VSIA = Vendor specific instrument adapter

- Standard Cerity
- GIC framework
- VSIA components

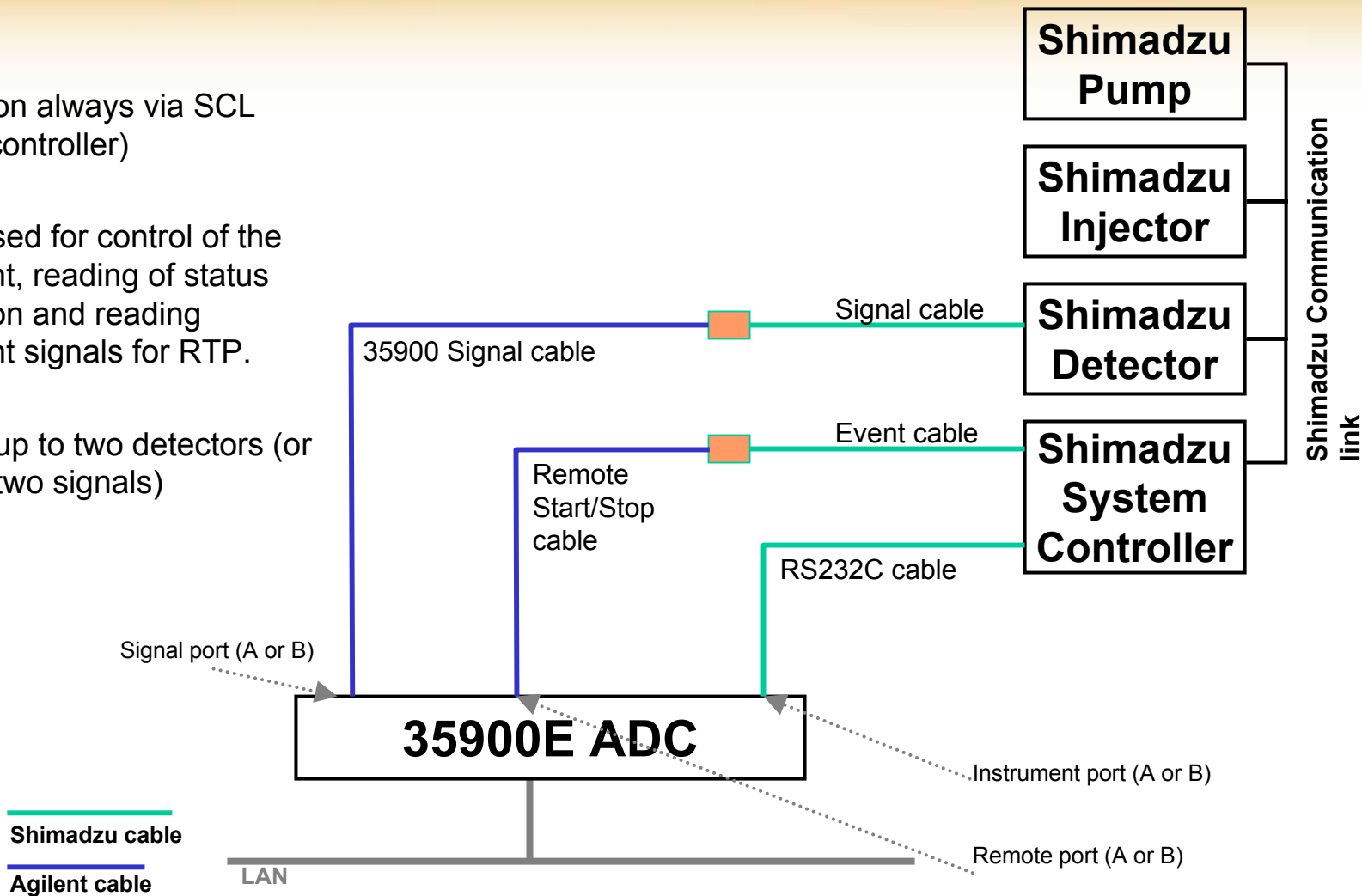
# Advantages of Cerity GIC Architecture

- Independent system modules allow combining multiple instrument modules into one “logical instrument” ( e.g. Agilent 1100 plus 3<sup>rd</sup> party detector)
- Modular approach makes VSIA independent of actual Cerity core revision
- IQ and OQ of 3<sup>rd</sup> party system only requires VSIA validation once Cerity was validated



# GIC Control of Shimadzu LC10Avp LC

- Connection always via SCL (system controller)
- RS232 used for control of the instrument, reading of status information and reading instrument signals for RTP.
- Connect up to two detectors (or one with two signals)



# Controlling Multi-Vendor Instrumentation

- Cerity Generic Instrument Control Module (GIC) is a generic framework for bi-directional control of non-Agilent instrumentation
- Method download/actuals upload through RS 232 of A/D converter, Data acquisition through analog signal channel at initial release
- Bi-directional instrument control through serial interface
- Agilent or Agilent partner provides instrument-specific driver (Vendor Specific Instrument Adapter, VSIA) upon request
- Requires control codes (communication protocol) of the relevant devices



# First Vendor Specific Instrument Adapters (VSIA)

- Agilent 5890 GC with 7673 Automated Liquid sampler
- Shimadzu 10A Class VP Series
- Future applications:
  - Non-Agilent sample introduction systems for GC and LC such as CTC, Gilson or Gerstel systems
  - Non-Agilent detection systems
  - Additional VSIA's for other vendor's instruments can be programmed through Agilent's consulting group or 3<sup>rd</sup> parties
  - ...



# Levels of Instrument control in Cerity

Instrument control with Agilent products (sold as Agilent parts):

- Level 4 for Agilent LC and GC (6890/6850) (extended to level 5 with NetQual)
- Level 3.5 for Waters Alliance systems
- Level 3 for Shimadzu LC 10A and 5890/7673

Instrument control through custom/non-Agilent VSIA products:

- Any other system through custom programming with VSIA developer kit
- or through Agilent consulting programming interfacing to Cerity through GIC



# *Benefits of Cerity compliant instrument control*

- Compliant Level 3 Instrument control through GIC:
  - One shop solution for compliant instrument control of ~75% of worldwide HPLC market (Agilent 1100/1090, Waters 2690/2695 and Shimadzu LC 10A VP series (2D))
  - In addition GIC can bring a complete (analytical) instrumentation into compliance with one software application (If RS 232 communication ports are available) if instrument control codes are available to instrument owner)
  - Free combination of multi-vendor modules to one logical system
  - System designed for full IQ and OQ of all components



- Step 1
  - Enhance communication protocol to generic RS 232 Com port (August 2004)
  - Change the program to speed up programming of the VSIA
  - Provide a “Device Driver Development Kit” to allow easy development and integration of instrument device drivers into Cerity by Agilent or 3<sup>rd</sup> party companies.
- Step 2:
  - Deliver further instrument drivers ( ongoing)
  - Monitor instrument control language standardization efforts (LECIS)
- Step 3:
  - Expand the capabilities to 3D control