Section 1. Identification

This product is considered an article. This Material Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : 13C S/N ASTM doped  
Part No. : 96812091, 96812391, 190350691, 190887091, 192129791  
Validation date : 12/19/2013.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Analytical chemistry.  
860 µl (96812091)  
3500 µl (96812391)  
250 µl (190350691)  
42 µl (190636191, 190887091)  
1400 µl (192129791)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/Manufacturer : Agilent Technologies, Inc.  
Logistics Center - Americas  
500 Ships Landing Way  
New Castle, Delaware  19720  
800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product’s directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H225</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H315</td>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H340</td>
<td>GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H350</td>
<td>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H335 and H336</td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H372</td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H304</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 GHS label elements

Date of issue : 12/19/2013
# Section 2. Hazards identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Danger" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Exclamation" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Signal word**: Danger  
**Hazard statements**:
- H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
- H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
- H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
- H340 - May cause genetic defects.  
- H350 - May cause cancer.  
- H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
- H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
- H336 - May cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
- H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**:
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
- P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
- P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.  
- P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.  
- P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.  
- P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
- P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
- P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
- P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
- P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
- P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
- P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  

**Response**:
- P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.  
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.  
- P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
- P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
- P302 + P352 + P362-2 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing.  
- P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.  
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  

**Storage**:
- P405 - Store locked up.  
- P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
- P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal**:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**:
- Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**2.3 Other hazards**

**Hazards not otherwise classified**: Defatting to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**Date of issue**: 12/19/2013
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product’s directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Substance/mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(2H6)Benzene</td>
<td>30-60</td>
<td>1076-43-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>30-60</td>
<td>123-91-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Date of issue : 12/19/2013
Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - dryness
  - cracking

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician**
- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**5.1 Extinguishing media**
- **Suitable extinguishing media**
  - Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**
  - Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
- **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
  - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
  - Decomposition products may include the following materials:
    - carbon dioxide
    - carbon monoxide

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**
- **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
  - Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Date of issue: 12/19/2013
Section 7. Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not applicable.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(²H₆)Benzene</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1.6 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 8 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 25 ppm AMP: 50 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 90 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). CEIL: 1 ppm 30 minutes. CEIL: 3.6 mg/m³ 30 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid.
Color: Not available.
Odor: Not available.
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: Not available.
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: 90°C (194°F)
Flash point: Closed cup: 21.1°C (70°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
Vapor pressure: Not available.
Vapor density: Not available.
Relative density: 0.98
Solubility: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water: Not available.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
                        oxidizing materials
                        Other: moisture.
                        Moisture-sensitive material.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>('H₆)Benzene</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>930 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4200 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>('H₆)Benzene</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>88 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 2</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8 hours 60</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 15</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>515 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization
Not available.

Mutagenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**
Not available.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^2H_6))Benzene</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Known to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not available.

**Teratogenicity**
Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^2H_6))Benzene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^2H_6))Benzene</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Oral Ingestion Oral</td>
<td>blood system kidneys and liver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>blood system kidneys and liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^2H_6))Benzene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation**
Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**
Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion**
Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eye contact**
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
  - dryness
  - cracking

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**
- Not available.

**General**
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity**
- May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity**
- May cause genetic defects.

**Teratogenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1360.7 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

**12.1 Toxicity**
Section 12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^6\text{H}_6)\text{Benzene})</td>
<td>Acute EC50 29000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 1360000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Scenedesmus abundans</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 9230 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neoneate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 21000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 5.28 ul/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1.5 to 5.4 ul/L Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>4 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Acute LC50 6700000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Menidia beryllina</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability
Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((^6\text{H}_6)\text{Benzene})</td>
<td>2.13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>-0.42</td>
<td>0.3 to 0.7</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

This Material Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

Regulatory information

Additional information

: Remarks
De minimis quantities

DOT / IMDG / IATA
: Not regulated.

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Chromium(III) 4-oxopent-2-ene-2-olate

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 302/313

Classification

: Fire hazard
Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Immediate (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(H₆)Benzene 1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>30 - 60</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313

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Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form R - Reporting requirements</td>
<td>((2)H(_6))Benzene 1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>1076-43-3 123-91-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier notification</td>
<td>((2)H(_6))Benzene 1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>1076-43-3 123-91-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: BENZENE; 1,4-DIOXANE

New York: The following components are listed: Benzene; 1,4-Dioxane

New Jersey: The following components are listed: BENZENE; 1,4-DIOXANE; 1,4-DIETHYLENE DIOXIDE

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: BENZENE; 1,4-DIOXANE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Cancer</th>
<th>Reproductive</th>
<th>No significant risk level</th>
<th>Maximum acceptable dosage level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>((2)H(_6))Benzene</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>6.4 µg/day (ingestion) 13 µg/day (inhalation)</td>
<td>24 µg/day (ingestion) 49 µg/day (inhalation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada inventory: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

International regulations


Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals: Not listed

Date of issue: 12/19/2013
Section 16. Other information

History
- Date of issue: 12/19/2013.
- Date of previous issue: No previous validation.
- Version: 2

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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